Appendix C – Wetland Delineation Report



Waters of the US and Wetlands Delineation Report MARINA WAY EXTENTION PROJECT

Prince William County, Virginia

Project Identifier 23C17011 VDOT UPC 120778

Submitted to: Prince William County Department of Transportation



February 2024



Executive Summary

Johnson, Mirmiran & Thompson (JMT) has conducted a delineation of jurisdictional waters of the U.S. (WOUS), including wetlands, within a 20.8 acre study area located in Prince William County, Virginia. (Figure 1) The project involves extending Marina Way from Annapolis Way to Horner Road at Gordon Boulevard with a four-lane divided roadway and associated pedestrian facilities. This report is intended to document the findings of the delineation investigation conducted by JMT in order to obtain a preliminary jurisdictional determination (PJD) from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

There are approximately 0.14 acres of palustrine forested wetland within the study area.





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Site Description

The proposed project is located within Prince William County between the Annapolis Way and Horner Road at Route 123 (Gordon Boulevard) and lies within the Coastal Plain physiographic province. The study area is approximately 20.8 acres. To gain access to the site from I-95 northbound, take exit 160A and continue on Route 123 (Gordon Boulevard) east, then turn north onto Horner Road.

The southern portion of the study area is completely paved. This area is used for customer parking that serves the stores located in the center of the study area (Figure 1). The northern portion of the study area is forest land consisting of mostly mixed, broad-leaf, deciduous forested communities that transition to old field/disturbed communities closer to Annapolis Way. Elevation ranges from approximately 70 to 100 feet above mean sea level (amsl) within an area that is predominantly developed (Figure 2). The study area watershed flows to Popes Head Creek which is part of the Middle Potomac – Anacostia – Occoquan River (Hydrologic Unit Code [HUC] 02070010). Elevations on the site range from approximately 71 to 91 feet above mean sea level (amsl). The latitude and longitude of the approximate center of the site are N 38.665503°, W -77.246582°. Mapping from the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panel 51153C0236E (Dated 8/3/215) is shown in Figure 3 and documents that the study area is not located within a FEMA 100-year floodplain (FEMA, 2015).

Field Investigation Methodology

A field investigation was conducted to delineate potentially jurisdictional Waters of the U.S. (WOUS), including wetlands within the study area. A wetland delineation was performed according to the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Regional Supplement, Version 2.0, (USACE, 2010). The Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual states three criteria (wetland vegetation, wetland soils, and wetland hydrology) must be present for an area to qualify as a wetland, unless the area is significantly disturbed (atypical situation) or is considered a problem area (e.g., seasonally ponded soils). If the area is significantly disturbed or a problem area, then only two parameters must be evident to classify an area as a wetland. All delineated wetlands are classified into system, subsystem, class, and subclass according to the Classification of Wetlands and Deep Water Habitats of the United States (Cowardin et al., 1979).

In order to delineate wetland boundaries, samples were taken periodically using a dutch auger. Soil samples were collected at each wetland and upland sample point, and soil colors were recorded in the field using a Munsell soil color chart (Munsell Color, 2010). NRCS digital soils data and mapping were obtained from the NRCS website and were compared for consistency to the observed conditions encountered during the field investigations. These data were augmented by review of soils data for the property. Site photographs are included in Appendix A; a photo location key is included to orient photographic location within the site. All figures associated with desktop review and field delineation are located in Appendix B.





Samples of vegetation, soils, and hydrology were taken at representative locations that were possible wetlands and adjacent non-wetland areas to determine the potential wetland boundaries. Wetland Determination Data Forms describing representative plant communities, hydrology indicators, and soil characteristics are included in Appendix C. WOUS boundaries were flagged in the field and documented using a Trimble® global positioning system (GPS) capable of sub-meter accuracy.

Findings

PUBLISHED INFORMATION

Prior to conducting the fieldwork, a desktop review of published information was performed to identify known site conditions and to determine the presence of known jurisdictional wetlands and/or WOUS in the study area. The bullets below provide a list of the references utilized and their effective dates.

- Fort Belvoir, Virginia 7.5' x 7.5' Topographic Quadrangle (USGS, 2019) (Figure 2);
- FEMA FIRM Panel. Prince William County, Virginia. Map #51153C0236E (FEMA, 2010) (Figure 3)
- National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) (USFWS, 2017) (Figure 4);
- Web Soil Survey. Prince William County, Virginia (USDA/NRCS, 2021) (Figure 5); and

All figures are presented in Appendix B.

NWI mapping shows a palustrine freshwater emergent wetland (PEM) within the project study area **(Figure 4).** No other NWI-mapped wetlands or WOUS were identified in the desktop review.

Mapped soils information is presented in Table 1 below and no mapped hydric soils or soils with hydric inclusions (shown as Percent Hydric Presence) were identified within the project area. One soil map unit (54B) was not classified by hydric rating or % Hydric Presence, but is urban land and other disturbed soils that are highly variable and not typically expected to have hydric features. Mapped soils are shown in Figure 5.

MAP UNIT SYMBOL	MAP UNIT NAME	MAP UNIT PROPERTIES	HYDRIC RATING	% HYDRIC PRESENCE
18D	Dumfries sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	Not hydric	0
42B	Neabsco-Quantico complex, 2 to 7 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	Not hydric	0
54B	Urban land-Udorthents complex, 0 to 7 percent slopes	Not prime farmland	Unclassified	Unclassified
Source: USDA-N	IRCS Soil Survey 2021			

TABLE 1. SOIL UNITS MAPPED WITHIN THE STUDY AREA





FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

Field investigations were conducted on June 13, 2023, by JMT environmental scientists Amy Musselman and Steven Swarr, to identify and delineate wetlands and WOUS within the study area. A pedestrian survey of the entire undeveloped limits within the property was conducted and potential jurisdictional areas identified during desktop review were investigated. Due to design constraints, the study area was expanded. A pedestrian survey of the additional area was performed on February 27, 2024. Two upland sample plots were taken to provide a representation of the study area and one wetland data point was collected, following the USACE regional supplement methods; one upland data point (DPU 1) was taken in the vicinity of the NWI-mapped wetland feature and documents absence of hydric soils, hydrology and wetland vegetation in this location. JMT delineated one forested wetland adjacent to the developed portions of the property. The location of the delineated system is shown on the Waters of the US Delineation Map in Figure 6. Photographic documentation is included in Appendix A. Wetland data sheets are in Appendix C.

Wetlands

<u>Wetland A</u> - Wetland A is an isolated palustrine forested (PFO) wetland located in the central portion of the project area along the SW edge of the undeveloped, vegetated area (Figure 6). The primary hydrology indicators throughout this wetland included standing water and water-stained leaves. The secondary hydrology indicators included a FAC-neutral test and drainage patterns. There was standing water (approximately 12 inches deep) where the wetland data point was taken. The dominant vegetation where the wetland data point was taken included willow oak (*Quercus phellos*) and common reed (*Phragmites australis*). Vegetation throughout the wetland was consistent with the wetland data point. Soils were hydric with a matrix chroma of 10 YR 4/4 from 0-4 inches and 10 YR 3/2 from 4 plus inches. Soils were a silt loam. See Appendix C – Data Sheets for additional information.

MAP ID	NAME	CLASSIFICATION	LENGTH (FT)	AREA (SQ FT)	
Wet A	N/A	PFO	N/A	5,987	

TABLE 2. WETLANDS AND WATERS OF THE US IDENTIFIED WITHIN THE STUDY AREA

Regulatory Requirements and Limitations

The limits of WOUS described in this report are based on an examination of field conditions at the time of this investigation and may differ from future observations by others. This report does not constitute a jurisdictional determination; such determinations must be verified by the USACE or VA Department of Environmental Quality (VDEQ). Given the isolated nature of the wetland identified onsite, it is unlikely the USACE will exert jurisdiction over this feature. However, VDEQ currently conducts State Surface Water Determinations and may review this delineation upon request.





Resources not jurisdictional to USACE may still be regulated by VDEQ. Section 404 of the Clean Water Act authorizes the USACE to regulate the placement of fill in jurisdictional areas. Virginia Administrative Code (9VAC25-690-100) authorizes VDEQ to regulate activities in state waters, which includes wetlands, streams and waterbodies. Any proposed impacts to WOUS may require authorization from the appropriate federal, state, and/or local regulatory agencies.

Prince William County's Chesapeake Bay Preservation Ordinance is enacted to mandate the authority of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (CBPA). The CBPA protects environmentally sensitive features which contribute to the water quality in the Chesapeake Bay. RPAs include both tidal and nontidal wetlands, as well as tidal shores, intermittent streams, water bodies with a perennial flow, and a 100-foot vegetated buffer area located adjacent to the aforementioned features. According to Section 118-5-2(a), public roads, such as this project, are exempt from the provisions of the Ordinance.





APPENDIX A PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION





Sources: Hybrid Reference Layer: Esri Community Maps Contributors, County of Prince William, Fairfax County, VA, VGIN, © OpenStreetMap, Microsoft, Esri, HERE, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METIVASA, USGS, EPA, INS, US Census Bureau, USDA Aerial Photography Most Recent (VGIN): Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN)

Prince William County, VA



Photo 1: View of DPU1 facing west.



Photo 2: View of DPU1 facing south.



Photo 3: View of DPU1 facing east.



Photo 4: View of DPWA facing northwest.

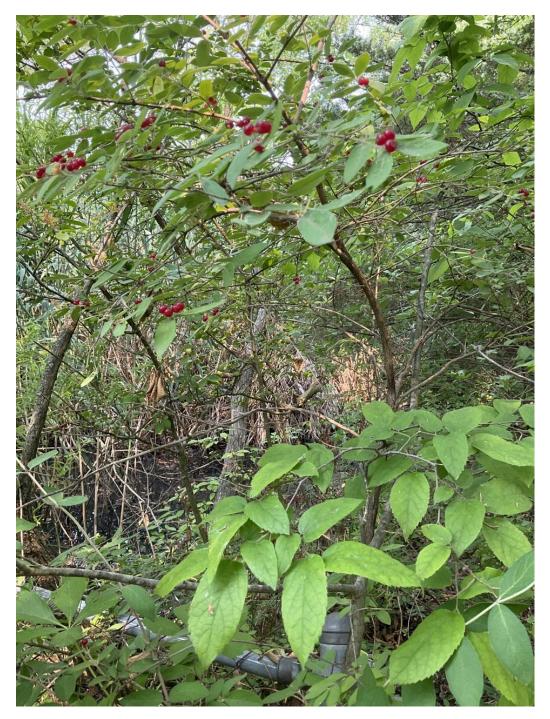


Photo 5: View of DPWA facing northwest.



Photo 6: View of DPUA facing east.



Photo 7: View of Wetland A (PFO) facing southwest.



Photo 8: View of Wetland A (PFO) facing northeast.

Waters of the US and Wetlands Delineation Report Marina Way Extension VDOT UPC 120778



APPENDIX B FIGURES







Sources: Hybrid Reference Layer: Esri Community Maps Contributors, County of Prince William, Fairfax County, VA, VGIN, @ OpenStreetMap, Microsoft, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METIVASA, USGS, EPA, IPS, US Consus Bureau, USDA, USFWS Aerial Photography Most Recent (VGIN): Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) FIGURE 1 PROJECT LOCATION MARINA WAY EXTENSION (UPC 120778)

> 0 210 420 Feet

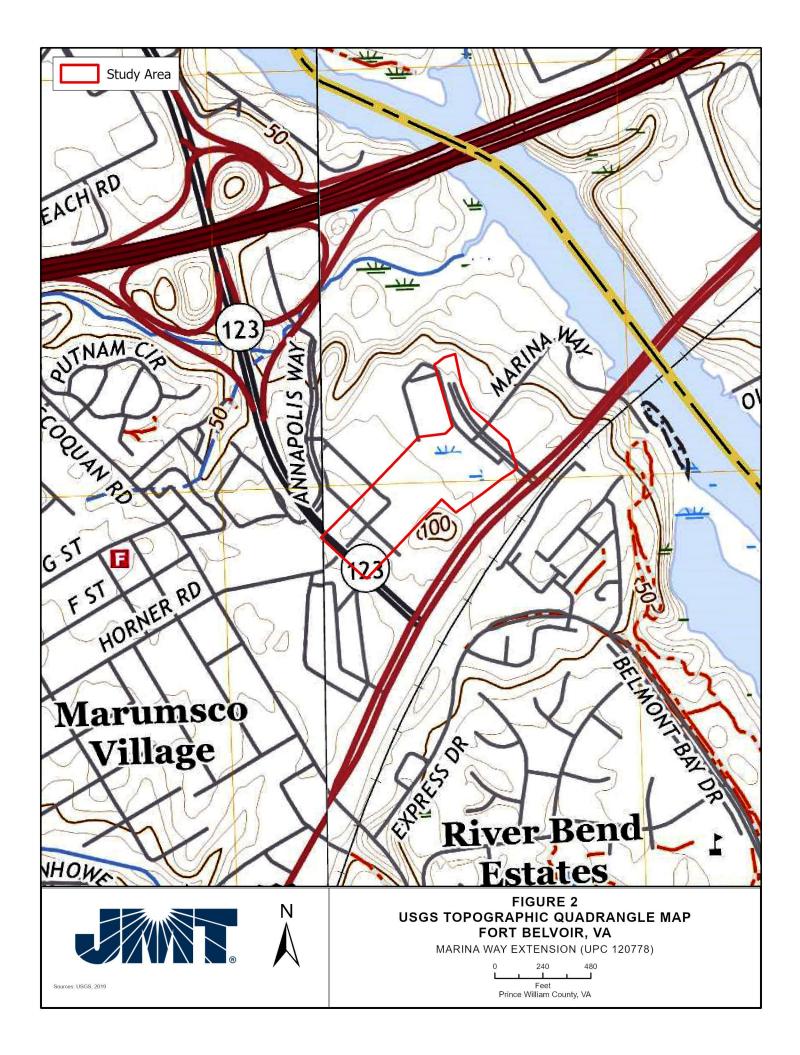






FIGURE 3 FEMA FLOOD HAZARD MAP #51153C0236E MARINA WAY EXTENSION (UPC 120778)

420

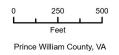
Sources: Hybrid Reference Layer: Esri Community Maps Contributors, County of Prince William, Fairfax County, VA, VGIN, @ OpenStreetMap, Microsoft, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METIVIASA, USGS, EPA, INPS, US Census Bureau, USDA, USFVS Aerial Photography Most Recent (VGIN): Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN)

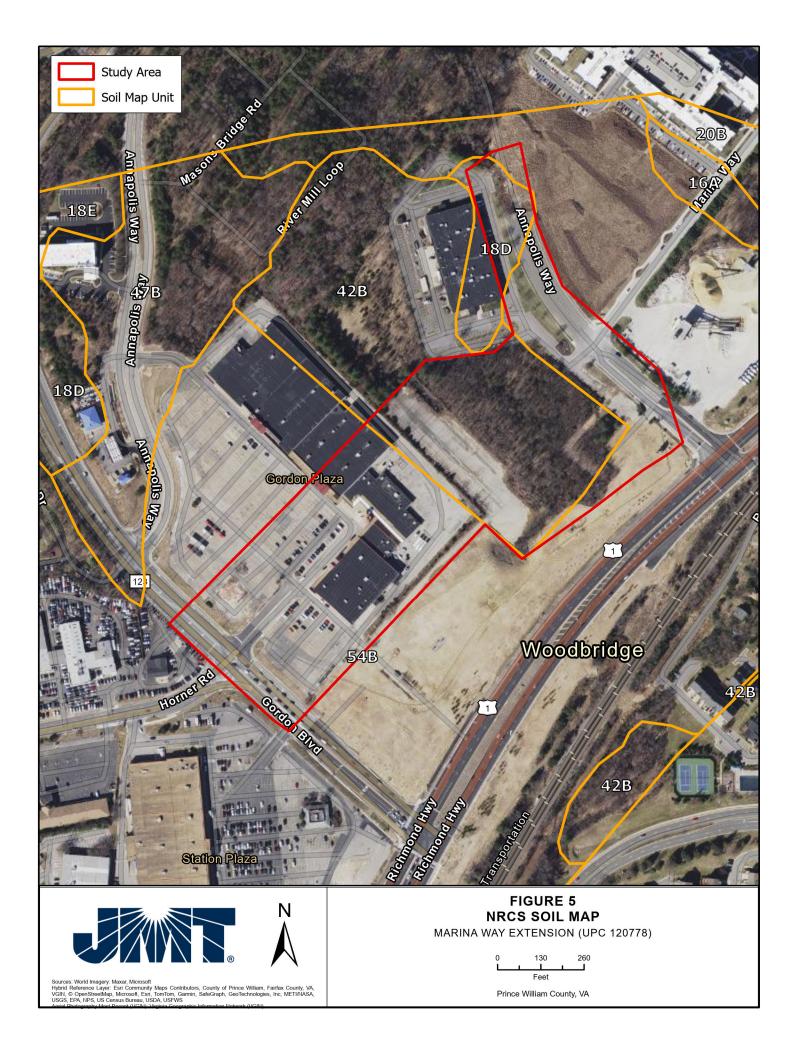
210 Feet Prince William County, VA





FIGURE 4 NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY MAP MARINA WAY EXTENSION (UPC 120778)





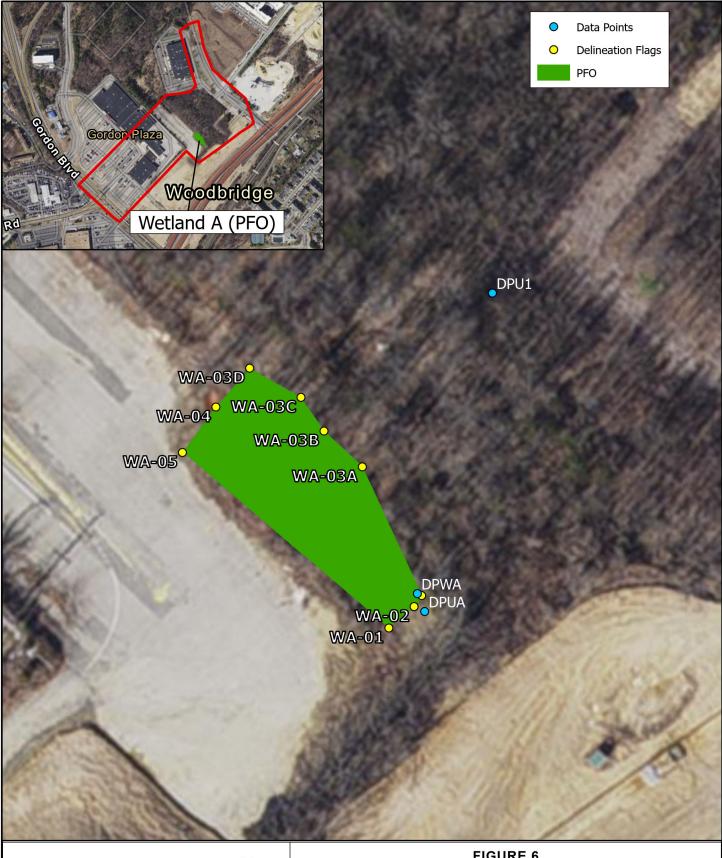
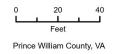




FIGURE 6 DELINEATED RESOURCE MAP MARINA WAY EXTENSION (UPC 120778)



Waters of the US and Wetlands Delineation Report Marina Way Extension VDOT UPC 120778



APPENDIX C SITE DATA SHEETS



WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Marina Way Extension	City/County:		Sampling Date: 2023-06-07
Applicant/Owner:			
	Section, Towns		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):			
Subregion (LRR or MLRA):			
Soil Map Unit Name:			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site ty			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrolog			present? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrolog		(If needed, explain any answ	
			,
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach	site map snowing sampling p	oint locations, transects	s, Important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	No / Is the S	ampled Area	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	No within a	•	No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No		NO
Remarks:			
Area was in a drought leading up to	delineation which is atypical for	r the area. According to N	OAA, the area received
0.47 inches of precipitation in the 2 v			
and was not typical of that area (cata			show land disturbance
and old field conditions within the las	st 20 years, particularly on the I	NE end of the site.	
HYDROLOGY			
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indic	ators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required	d; check all that apply)	Surface Soi	
Surface Water (A1)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		egetated Concave Surface (B8)
	Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U)	Drainage Pa	
	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Moss Trim I	
	Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living		Water Table (C2)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Crayfish Bu	
	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soi	ls (C6) Saturation \	/isible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Geomorphic	c Position (D2)

Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present?	Yes	No 🔽	_ Depth (inches):		
Water Table Present?	Yes	No 🗹	Depth (inches):		
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)			_ Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Presen	t? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (st	ream gauge	, monitoring	well, aerial photos, prev	ious inspections), if available:	
Remarks:					

____ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Iron Deposits (B5)

____ Inundation Vis ble on Aerial Imagery (B7)

Water-Stained Leaves (B9)

____ Shallow Aquitard (D3)

____ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)

VEGETATION (Five Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: DPU1

20.4		Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)		Species?		Number of Dominant Species
1. Acer rubrum	30	<u> </u>	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A)
2. Pyrus calleryana	20	 ✓ 		Total Number of Dominant
3. Quercus rubra	10		FACU	Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)
4				· · /
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL_EACW_or EAC: 75 (A/B)
				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: $\frac{75}{(A/B)}$
6	60%			Prevalence Index worksheet:
		= Total Cov		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
50% of total cover: <u>30.0</u>	20% of	f total cover	12.0	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \hline \\ OBL species \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ x \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ x \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ x \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \end{array} \qquad \end{array}$
Sapling Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
1. Pyrus calleryana	15	~		FACW species 10 x 2 = 20
2				FAC species 50 x 3 = 150
3				FACU species 20 x 4 = 80
				UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
4				Column Totals: <u>80</u> (A) <u>250</u> (B)
5				()
6		= Total Cov		Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.1</u>
75				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
50% of total cover: <u>7.5</u>	20% of	r total cover	3.0	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	10		FAOL	✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
_{1.} Morus alba	10	 ✓ 	FACU	3 - Prevalence Index is $≤3.0^1$
2				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3				
4				
				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				
6	10%			Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
5.0		= Total Cov		Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
50% of total cover: 5.0	20% of	f total cover	2.0	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in.
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				(7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
1. Toxicodendron radicans	20	 ✓ 	FAC	Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
2. Leersia virginica	10	~	FACW	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less
3				than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
4				Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
5.				approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
6			<u> </u>	Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody
7			<u> </u>	plants, except woody vines, less than approximately
8				3 ft (1 m) in height.
9				Mandaudan Allumatic data an U. C. 111
10				Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
11				
		= Total Cov	er	
50% of total cover: 15.0				
	20% 0	r total cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				Liver a postio
		= Total Cov		Hydrophytic Vegetation
50% of total cover:				Present? Yes No
			·	
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations belo	w).			

SOIL

Profile Desc	ription: (Describ	e to the dept	h needed to docun	nent the i	ndicator	or confirm	the absence	of indicato	ors.)	
Depth	Matrix		Redo	K Features	3					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture		Remarks	
0 - 4	10YR 3/4	100					Clay Loam			
4 - 12	10YR 4/6	100					Clay Loam			
_										
							·			
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·				
-										
_										
-										
¹ Type: C=Co	ncentration D=De	epletion RM=	Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked	Sand Gra	ains	² Location:	PI =Pore I	ining, M=Matri	x
			RRs, unless other						matic Hydric	
Histosol	(A1)		Polyvalue Be	low Surfac	ce (S8) (L	RR S. T. U	J) 1 cm N	/luck (A9) (L	LRR O)	
	pipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Su		. , .		·	/uck (A10)		
Black Hi	stic (A3)		Loamy Muck	/ Mineral ((F1) (LRR	0)	Reduc	ed Vertic (F	18) (outside l	MLRA 150A,B)
	n Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Gleye		F2)					(LRR P, S, T)
	l Layers (A5)		Depleted Mat	. ,				-	Loamy Soils (F20)
	Bodies (A6) (LRR		Redox Dark S				•	RA 153B)		
	cky Mineral (A7) (Depleted Dar		. ,			arent Mater		a `
	esence (A8) (LRR	•	Redox Depre	•	3)				k Surface (TF1	2)
	ick (A9) (LRR P, T d Below Dark Surfa		Marl (F10) (L Depleted Och		/MI DA 1/	54)	Other	(Explain in I	Remarks)	
-	ark Surface (A12)		Iron-Mangan				T) ³ India	ators of hvo	drophytic vege	tation and
	rairie Redox (A12)	(MI RA 150A			• • •		•	•	ogy must be p	
	lucky Mineral (S1)		Delta Ochric			, •,			ed or problema	
	leyed Matrix (S4)	- , - ,	Reduced Ver			0A, 150B)				
-	edox (S5)		Piedmont Flo							
Stripped	Matrix (S6)						A 149A, 153C	, 153D)		
	rface (S7) (LRR P ,									
Restrictive I	_ayer (if observed	ł):								
Туре:										
Depth (ind	ches):						Hydric Soil	Present?	Yes	No
Remarks:										

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Marina Way Extension	City/County:		Samp	ling Date: 2023-06-07		
11/22	Section, Towns					
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):						
Subregion (LRR or MLRA):						
Soil Map Unit Name:			NWI classification:			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for	this time of year? Yes					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	-			? Yes No		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology			ain any answers in R			
		· · ·		,		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site ma	ap snowing sampling i	point locations	, transects, imp	ortant features, etc.		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes Hydric Soil Present? Yes Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No <u>v</u> within a	ampled Area a Wetland?	Yes 1	No		
HYDROLOGY						
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:				ninimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check			Surface Soil Cracks			
	atic Fauna (B13)			Concave Surface (B8)		
	Deposits (B15) (LRR U) rogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Drainage Patterns (
	lized Rhizospheres along Livir		Moss Trim Lines (B16) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)			
	ence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Crayfish Burrows (C			
	ent Iron Reduction in Tilled Sc			n Aerial Imagery (C9)		
	Muck Surface (C7)		Geomorphic Positio			
Iron Deposits (B5) Othe	er (Explain in Remarks)		Shallow Aquitard (D)3)		
Inundation Vis ble on Aerial Imagery (B7)			FAC-Neutral Test (I	D5)		
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)			Sphagnum moss (D	08) (LRR T, U)		
Field Observations:						
	Depth (inches):					
	Depth (inches):					
Saturation Present? Yes No	Depth (inches):	_ Wetland Hydr	ology Present? Y	es No		

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

VEGETATION (Five Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point Prov	Sampling	Point [.]	DPUA
---------------------	----------	--------------------	------

		Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)	<u>% Cover</u> 20	Species?		Number of Dominant Species
1. Catalpa speciosa			FACU	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
2				Total Number of Dominant
3				Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>67</u> (A/B)
6	20%			Prevalence Index worksheet:
10.0		= Total Cov		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
50% of total cover: <u>10.0</u>	20% of	total cover	<u>4.0</u>	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
Sapling Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				FACW species 0 $x 2 = 0$
1				FAC species 25 $x_3 = 75$
2				FACU species 20 $x = 80$
3				UPL species 0 $x = 0$
4				Column Totals: 45 A0 155 (B)
5				
6				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.4</u>
		= Total Cov		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover	:	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)				✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1				3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3				
4				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
5				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
6				Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
		= Total Cov		Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover	:	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)	15		F AO	
1. Toxicodendron radicans	15	<u>~</u>	FAC	Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
2. Baccharis halimifolia	<u>10</u> 5		FAC	approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
3. Panicum sp.				
4				Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
5				
6				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including
7				herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately
8				3 ft (1 m) in height.
9				Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
10				The state of the s
11				
		= Total Cov		
50% of total cover: <u>15.0</u>	20% of	total cover	<u> 6.0 </u>	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				Hydrophytic
		= Total Cov	/er	Vegetation
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover	-	Present? Yes No
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations belo				I
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,			

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the dept	h needed to docu	ment the i	ndicator	or confirm	n the absence o	of indicato	rs.)		
Depth	Matrix			ox Features							
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture		Remar	ks	
0 - 12	10YR 3/4	100					Clay Loam				
-											
-											
-											
-											
1 <u>т о о</u>							2,				
	oncentration, D=Dep Indicators: (Applic					ains.	² Location: I Indicators f	PL=Pore Li	ning, M=N	latrix.	3.
-									-	ric Solis	•
Histosol	()		Polyvalue Be					uck (A9) (L			
Black Hi	oipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Si Loamy Muck					uck (A10) (d Vertic (F			150A D)
	n Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Gley	-		0)		nt Floodpla			
	d Layers (A5)		Depleted Ma		(2)			ous Bright			(1, 3, 1)
	Bodies (A6) (LRR P	T U)	Redox Dark	· ,	6)			A 153B)		10 (1 20)	
	icky Mineral (A7) (Lf		Depleted Da	•	,		•	rent Materia	al (TF2)		
	esence (A8) (LRR U		Redox Depr		. ,			allow Dark	. ,	TF12)	
	ick (A9) (LRR P, T)	,	Marl (F10) (I	•	- /		-	Explain in F		,	
	d Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)	Depleted Oc		(MLRA 1	51)	、	•	,		
-	ark Surface (A12)		Iron-Mangar				T) ³ Indica	ators of hyd	rophytic v	egetation	and
Coast P	rairie Redox (A16) (I	MLRA 150A) Umbric Surfa	ace (F13) (LRR P, T	, U)	wetla	and hydrold	gy must b	e presen	ıt,
Sandy M	lucky Mineral (S1) (I	LRR O, S)	Delta Ochric	(F17) (ML	RA 151)		unle	ss disturbe	d or proble	ematic.	
Sandy G	Bleyed Matrix (S4)		Reduced Ve	rtic (F18) (I	MLRA 15	0A, 150B)	1				
Sandy R	ledox (S5)		Piedmont Fl	•	• • •	•	,				
	Matrix (S6)		Anomalous I	Bright Loan	ny Soils (I	F20) (MLR	A 149A, 153C,	153D)			
	rface (S7) (LRR P, S										
Restrictive	_ayer (if observed)										
Туре:											
Depth (in	ches):						Hydric Soil F	Present?	Yes	No	·
Remarks:											

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Marina Way Extension	City/County:		Sampling Date: 2023-06-07
Applicant/Owner:		State:	Sampling Point: DPWA
	Section, Townshi		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Local relief (conca	ave, convex, none):	Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR or MLRA):			
Soil Map Unit Name:		-	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site ty			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrolo			present? Yes No _
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrolo		(If needed, explain any answe	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	No Is the San	npled Area	
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	No within a W	/etland? Yes	No 🖌
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes Remarks:	No₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩		
Area was in a drought leading up to deli precipitation in the 2 weeks prior to the s			
HYDROLOGY			
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			ators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required		Surface Soil	
	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		getated Concave Surface (B8)
	Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Drainage Pa Moss Trim L	
	Rydrogen Sunde Odor (CT) Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living I		Water Table (C2)
	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Crayfish Bur	
	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	-	isible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Shallow Aqu	itard (D3)
Inundation Vis ble on Aerial Imagery (B7)		FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		Sphagnum r	noss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations:			
	Depth (inches): 0		
	Depth (inches):		
Saturation Present? Yes No (includes capillary fringe)	Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Preser	nt? Yes 🔽 No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, moni	toring well, aerial photos, previous inspec	tions), if available:	
Remarks:			
Ponded water observed in portion of	wetland near DPWA		

VEGETATION (Five Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft r</u>)		Species?		Number of Dominant Species
1. Quercus phellos	15	 ✓ 	FACW	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
2				Total Number of Dominant
3	·			Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
4				
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)
6	·			(A/B)
0	15%	= Total Cov		Prevalence Index worksheet:
50% of total cover: 7.5				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	20% 01			OBL species 0 x 1 = 0
Sapling Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				FACW species 100 x 2 = 200
1				FAC species 0 x 3 = 0
2				FACU species 0 $x 4 = 0$
3				UPL species 0 $x = 0$
4	·			
5				Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>200</u> (B)
6				Prevalence Index = $B/A = 2.0$
		= Total Cov	rer	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
50% of total cover:	20% of	total cover	·	✓ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Phragmites australis	85	~	FACW	
2	·			3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3				
4				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
5				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
6				Definitions of Five Vegetation Strata:
	85%	= Total Cov	er	Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
50% of total cover: <u>42.5</u> 20% of total cover: <u>17.0</u>		approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in.		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				(7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
1				Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
2				approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less
				than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
3				Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
4	·			approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
5	·			
6	·			Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including
7				herbaceous vines, regardless of size, and woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately
8	. <u> </u>			3 ft (1 m) in height.
9				
10				Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
11				
· · ·		= Total Cov	er	
50% of total cover:				
	20% 01		·	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft r)				
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				Hydrophytic
		= Total Cov		Vegetation
50% of total cover:				Present? Yes No
			·	
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations belo	<i>.</i>			

SOIL

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the dept	n needed to documen	t the indicator	or confirm	the absence	of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix	-	Redox Fe	eatures			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	% Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0 - 4	10 YR 4/4	100				Clay loam	
4 +	10 YR 3/2	100				Clay loam	
-							
-							
-							
-							
-		·					
¹ Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Depl	letion, RM=I	Reduced Matrix, MS=M	lasked Sand Gra	ins.	² Location:	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil	Indicators: (Application	able to all L	RRs, unless otherwis	se noted.)			for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	(A1)		Polyvalue Below	Surface (S8) (I		D 1 cm M	/luck (A9) (LRR O)
	oipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Surfac				Auck (A10) (LRR S)
	istic (A3)		Loamy Mucky M				ed Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
	en Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Gleyed N	. , .	0)		ont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
, 0	()			· ,			
	d Layers (A5)	T 11)	✓ Depleted Matrix	()			alous Bright Loamy Soils (F20)
v	Bodies (A6) (LRR P,		Redox Dark Surf	· · ·		•	RA 153B)
	ucky Mineral (A7) (LR		Depleted Dark S				arent Material (TF2)
	esence (A8) (LRR U)	Redox Depression	. ,		·	shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	uck (A9) (LRR P, T)		Marl (F10) (LRR			Other ((Explain in Remarks)
-	d Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Depleted Ochric				
Thick Da	ark Surface (A12)		Iron-Manganese	· / ·		T) ³ Indic	ators of hydrophytic vegetation and
Coast P	rairie Redox (A16) (N	ILRA 150A)	Umbric Surface	(F13) (LRR P, T ,	U)	wet	land hydrology must be present,
Sandy M	/lucky Mineral (S1) (L	.RR O, S)	Delta Ochric (F1	7) (MLRA 151)		unle	ess disturbed or problematic.
Sandy G	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 15	0A, 150B)		
-	Redox (S5)		Piedmont Flood				
-	Stripped Matrix (S6) Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)						. 153D)
	rface (S7) (LRR P, S	T. U)				,	,,
	Laver (if observed):	-					
Type:							
Depth (in	ches):					Hydric Soil	Present? Yes 🖌 No
Remarks:						,	
Remarks.							