Prince William CountyPre-Construction Package



Site Development Inspection Requirements

Rev. 7/2025

Please be advised that while every effort has been made to include the most recent information in this package, forms, fees, and specifications are subject to revision at any time. It is solely the responsibility of the permittee to ensure that the forms and fees tendered are current and correct. The current fee schedule is available on the Development Services website.

https://www.pwcva.gov/department/land-development-division/ldd-documents

Pre-Construction Package Table of Contents:

Page(s)

A.	Ge	neral Site Inspection Overview/Requirements:	
	1.	Pre-Construction Meeting Requirements & Invitation Letter	6
	2.	Project Inspection Overview	7-8
	3.	Minimum Inspection Program Requirements	9-11
В.	<u>Te</u>	sting:	
	1.	Policy for Stone and/or Asphalt Placement Acknowledgement	12
	2.	Acknowledgement of Stone/Asphalt Placement Signature Form	13
	3.	Minimum Testing Requirements for Comprehensive Street Inspections	14-20
	4.	Geotechnical Certification for Undercuts and/or Soil Modification	21
	5.	Policy/Procedure Use of Lime for Drying and Stabilization of Soil	22-24
C.	Ge	neral:	
	1.	Noise Ordinance Excerpts	25
	2.	Noise Ordinance Exemption Request Application	26
	3.	Noise Ordinance Signage Requirement	27
	4.	Cut Sheet Requirements for Installation of Drainage Appurtenances	28
	5.	Policy for Concrete Re-Inspection Fees and Roadway Open Cut Trenching Fees	29
	6.	Fee Form Concrete Re-Inspection and Roadway Open Cut Trenching	30
	7.	Asphalt Pavement Restoration Detail for Open Cut Utility Installations	31
	8.	Asphalt Pavement Widening exhibit DCSM 650.63	32
	9.	TSS-1Through Street Sign Standard Exhibit DCSM 650.54	33
	10	. Snow Removal Policy	34
	11	. Bond and Escrow Extension and/or Reduction Requests	35-37
	12	. Fire Marshall's Office Requirements	38
D.	<u>Oc</u>	<u>cupancy:</u>	
	1.	General Requirements for Occupancy	39-41
	2.	Occupancy Phasing Guidelines	42
	3.	Fee Verification for Occupancy Phasing Plans – Phasing Plan Request	43
	4.	Occupancy Site Inspection Request	44
	5.	Impervious Area Calculation Form	45
	6.	Requirements for Opening a New Road to the General Public	46
	7.	General Street Lighting Notes	47-50
	8.	Street Lighting Agreement (Developer/Owner)	51
	9.	Acknowledgement of Streetlight Installations (Homeowner)	52
E.	<u>Ph</u>	ased Construction:	
	1.	Phased Construction of Subdivision and Secondary Streets	53
	2.	Clarification of Staged Surfacing of Subdivision and Secondary Streets	54
		DCSM 602.11 H-I	

F. <u>VDOT Acceptance:</u>	
For LUP documents and info. please visit: Land use permits Virginia Department of Transpor	
1. VDOT Flowchart for Street Acceptance Part 1 – Draft Resolution and Paper Package	55
2. VDOT Flowchart for Street Acceptance Part 2 – Site Inspection/BOCS/Final Acceptance	56
3. Checklist for Street Acceptance Paper Review in Prince William County (Draft	57-58
Resolution and Paper Package)	
4. Assembly Requirements for VDOT Street Acceptance Paperwork Review	59
5. Project Data Sheet – Prince William County	60
6. Segment Data Sheet – Prince William County	61
7. Travel Surface Pavement Width Diagram	62
8. Clarification of VDOT eligibility for Street Acceptance (Alternatives within the SSAR	63
& SSR Regulations)	
9. Bridge Safety and Acceptance Inspections for Bridge Structures Requirements	64-66
Letter	
10. Memo VDOT Acceptance – Load Rating (Bridges & Con-Spans)	67
11. VDOT Begin/End State Maintenance Sign Exhibit	68-69
12. Obtaining a LUP for Landscaping and/or Irrigation within the Right-of-Way	70-7°
13. Flowchart for Landscaping within Right-of-Way	72
14. Landscape Maintenance Agreement – HOA Established/Ready to Assume	73-75
Maintenance Responsibility	
15. Landscape Maintenance Agreement – HOA Not Established/Does Not Assume	76-78
Responsibility	
16. Escrow Computation for Landscaping Items within the VDOT Right-of-Way	79
17. Route Number Placement Exhibit – DCSM 650.52	80-8
18. VDOT Square Tube Post Sign Detail STP-1	82-84
19. VDOT Post Installation Inspection of Storm Drain Pipe and Pipe Culverts – VTM 123	85-87
20. VDOT Memorandum Subordination of Rights Agreement	88
21. Subordination of Rights Agreement	89-9 ⁻
22. VDOT Testing Certification Requirement	92
G. Environmental Management Division:	
1. Fee Schedule – FY26	93
2. Inspection/Right of Entry Notice	94
3. Responsible Land Disturber (RLD) Form	95
VSMP/Erosion and Sediment Control Enforcement Protocol	96-97
5. Bi-Weekly RLD Report	98
6. Geotechnical Report Memorandum (Daily Fill Observation)	99
7. Daily Fill Observation Report	100
8. Temporary Stockpile Policy	101-10
Application for Construction within a Storm Drainage or Stormwater	103
Management Easement	

Page(s)

G. Environmental Management Division (continued):	
10. As-Built Submission and Approval Process	104-105
11. As-Built Plan Acceptance Confirmation and Transmittal	106
12. As-Built Submission Checklist	107-109
13. Stormwater Management (SWM) and Best Management Practices (BMP) Installation Guidelines	110-111
14. Storm Sewer CCTV Inspection Process	112-113
15. CCTV Inspection Request Application – Residential	114
16. CCTV Inspection Request Application – Commercial/Non-Residential	115
17. CCTV Inspection Request Application – Re-Inspection	116
18. Application for Erosion and Sediment Control Variance	117
19. Memorandum for Severe Weather Conditions	118-119
20. Fall Stabilization Memorandum	120
H. <u>Bond Release</u>	
1. Checklist for Final Inspection and Bond/Escrow Release	121
2. Flowchart for Bond Release	122

NOTES: References taken from the most recent publication of the Prince William County (PWC) Design and Construction Standards Manual (DCSM).

Legend:

American with Disability Act Accessibility Guidelines
American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
American Concrete Institution
Americans with Disability Act
Americans with Disability Act Accessibility Guidelines
Administrative Procedures Manual
American Society for Testing and Materials
Building Development
Best Management Practice
Board of County Supervisors
California Bearing Ratio
Closed-Circuit Television
Civil Engineer of Record
Construction General Permit
Department of Environmental Quality
Erosion and Sediment
Environmental Protection Agency
Fahrenheit

GER	Geotechnical Engineer of Record
HOA	Homeowners Association
LDD	Land Development Division
LGR	Lot Grading Plan
LND	Land Disturbance Permit
LUP	Land Use Permit
P2P	Pollution Prevention Plan
PWC	Prince William County
PWC-DOT or DOT	Prince William County Department of Transportation
PWC-EMD or EMD	Prince William County Environmental Management Division
PWC-PW or PW	Prince William County Public Works
PWW or PW Water	Prince William Water (Formerly Service Authority)
R/W	Right-of-Way
REZ	Rezoning
RLD	Responsible Land Disturber
SDR	Subdivision Plan
SLPC	Street Light Program Coordinator
SPR	Site Plan
SSAR	Secondary Street Acceptance Requirements
SSR	Subdivision Street Requirements
SUP	Special Use Permit
SWM	Stormwater Management
SWPPP	Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan
TOC	Table of Contents
VAR	Variance
VDOT	Virginia Department of Transportation
VESCH	Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Manual
VPDES	Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination
VSMP	Virginia Stormwater Management Program
VTM	Virginia Test Method
WACEL	Washington Area Council of Engineering Laboratories
·	





Pre-Construction Meeting Requirements & Invitation Letter:

As requested, you have been invited to a pre-construction meeting on the emailed date, time and location.

For said meeting please have the following:

Personnel Required:

- Owner or Representative
- Developer or Representative
- Contractor or Representative
- Responsible Land Disturber (**RLD**, Virginia Certified, Certification Number)
- 24 Hour Emergency Contact
- Civil Engineer & Geotechnical Engineer

Paperwork Required:

- Approved perforated site plan/printed electronic plan with County approval stamp
- Proof of application of submission for Construction General Permit through DEQ (e-mail from DEQ) (if applicable, 1 acre or greater of disturbance)
- Recorded plats
- VDOT Entrance Permit (Requirement must be determined by VDOT prior to work beginning)
- **SWPPP** (Stormwater Prevention Plan). (1 acre or greater)
- Army Corps of Engineers, Wetland and all other applicable permits
- Proffer Analysis e-mailed to the site inspectors in Excel format prior to the pre-construction meeting

During the meeting, we will discuss several topics including, but not limited to the specifics of the project and general state and local regulatory requirements and – permit conditions – as they relate to (E/S) and storm water control. In addition, the County's Transportation Department representative(s) will further discuss their inspection processes and applicable regulatory conditions pertaining to the proposed work.

Furthermore, it will be an ideal opportunity to raise questions regarding proposed sequence of construction, developer's needs and plan, and general regulatory enforcement topics. We will also discuss any other subjects or concerns that we may be able to assist you.

As noted above, a follow-up e-mail will be sent containing specific forms and documentation listed above that will need to be completed and reviewed by the permit holder. Also, although not likely, you may receive an updated invitation meeting request should we need to reschedule or update the date, time or location of said meeting. Should you have any questions or need to reschedule please reach out to us promptly. We look forward to assisting you and your client during this project and thank you for choosing Prince William County for your construction and development needs!

Sincerely, Site Inspections





Project Inspection Overview:

This document is intended to provide the developer/land disturber with an overview of information pertaining to the inspection requirements for projects in Prince William County and is by **NO MEANS** all inclusive. With this information, you will be more aware of the requirements for inspections, documentation, and final inspections which should help to make the land development process as smooth as possible. This document is **NOT** intended to replace any county or state requirements. A set of **APPROVED** plans and a developer's representative shall be made available to the inspector on the site at all times during normal business hours.

A. INSPECTIONS

- 1. The developer must notify the Site Inspector **at least 48 hours in advance** before commencing any new operations, i.e. storm pipe installation, placement of concrete, aggregate, asphalt, etc.
- 2. Call the Site Inspector when the project's clearing limits have been flagged and are ready to be inspected.
- 3. After the clearing limits have been approved by the Site Inspector, initial clearing may commence for installation of the Phase 1 Erosion and Sediment controls, including tree protection. The Site Inspector may add or delete controls in the field. Major deviations from the approved plan require a written, approved variance.
- 4. When the E&S controls are approved by the Site Inspector(s), he/she will sign off on the permit and the remaining site clearing can commence. Inspections are required for any stripping of topsoil, grading, excavation, fill, embankment, landscaping and buffers.
- 5. Inspections are required for construction of SWM/BMP facilities.
- 6. PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE SITE INSPECTOR IS REQUIRED FOR REMOVAL, MODIFICATION OR CONVERSION OF E&S CONTROLS, BASINS, AND TRAPS.
- 7. Installation of storm drainage systems shall conform to all applicable DCSM and VDOT specifications. Prior to installation, the Site Inspector must have in hand certified cut sheets from a licensed surveyor or P.E. The cut sheets MUST include the following statement:
 - "The professional seal and signature appearing on this document certifies that the information shown conforms to the approved plan and/or actual field conditions.
 - Minor deviation for the approved plan shall be performed in a manner comparable to the original design and shall meet all applicable standards."
 - The cut sheets are to be emailed to both the Site Inspector and EMDSubmission@pwcgov.org.
- 8. STORM SEWERS WILL BE CCTV'D BY PWC. (pages 112-113)
- 9. Storm sewers **SHOULD** be inspected and **APPROVED BEFORE** final paving.

B. OCCUPANCIES

Commercial:

1. Developer's representative must fill out a Site Inspection Request form and submit to either the EMD or DOT inspector for review. Once the review is completed and has the site inspectors signature, pay the associated fee to the EMD office. Upon receipt of a notification of payment for the Site Inspection Request, the Site Inspector will contact the developer's representative and schedule the occupancy inspection.

- 2. A certified impervious area worksheet will be required as part of the inspection. (page 45)
- 3. The approved site inspection is necessary to obtain the Certificate of Occupancy.
- 4. Landscape buffers **MUST** be in place.

C. PHASING:

Commercial and townhouse projects may be phased. Common areas MUST be included in the phasing plan. All work in a given phase must be completed in order to receive an Occupancy Permit. Frontage requirements and SWM MUST be included in the first phase. The Site Inspectors will explain aspects of phasing as needed.

D. STORM EASEMENTS

ALL obstructions MUST be removed from stormwater easements. This includes, but is not limited to, trees, shrubs, phone and cable boxes, etc. Fences may be permitted with prior approval from Zoning and Watershed Management.

E. SITE FINALS, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Most projects will require as-built drawings. One (1) set of as-built drawings and one (1) recorded plat are to be provided to the Site Inspector for a preliminary review; for commercial sites an Impervious Area calculation is also required. If the Site Inspector approves the preliminary review, a transmittal form will be issued to the developer/owner or their authorized representative. The as-built, Impervious Area Calculation form and signed transmittal form are to be taken to the Environmental Management Division office for a complete review. Upon approval by the Environmental Management Division engineers, five (5) sets of drawings and recorded plats, along with a compact disk containing an as-built plan in .TIFF format will be required. All become the property of Prince William County.

If the streets are to be accepted into the VDOT system, **VDOT acceptance must take place before the PWC final** inspection. Upon VDOT acceptance, the site will be walked by the Site Inspector one more time to note any deficiencies. If all deficiencies are corrected within ninety (90) days or less, the bond release can be recommended. If not corrected within the 90 days, the walk and inspection process must be repeated.

PW Water and VDOT, as appropriate, must sign off on all improvements and any **proffer conditions** must be met before Bond Administration will release any funds.



The Minimum Inspection Program Requirements are as Follows:

- 1. The developer/developer's representative shall be accessible to Prince William County (PWC) personnel at any time as needed.
- 2. Prior to commencement of land disturbance activity, the developer/developer's representative shall assure that appropriate erosion control devices are installed in accordance with approved plans and signed off by the site inspector. The developer is also responsible for effectively maintaining the erosion control devices in accordance with the requirements of the Virginia Erosion and Sediment Management Regulation throughout the life of the project (Virginia Administrative Code 9VAC25-875-10 through 9VAC25-875-1420, effective July 1, 2024).
- 3. Comprehensive projects (those projects with streets dedicated to public use) shall comply with the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) approved Comprehensive Inspection Program through compliance with testing requirements.
- 4. The project shall comply with Prince William County's current Design and Construction Standards Manual (DCSM) and VDOT's current standards and specifications. PWC and VDOT (comprehensive) shall review and approve any changes to the approved plans prior to construction.
- 5. The project shall comply with all applicable proffers, provisions of the developer's performance bond agreements, erosion and sediment control and landscaping escrow agreements prior to bond release. (Administrative Procedures Manual 4.07.5)
- 6. All roadway construction materials shall come from VDOT approved sources. Prior to installation, the developer will furnish the manufacturers or producer's certifications to PWC Site Inspector for verification that the materials utilized (storm sewer pipe and structures, liquid asphalt, etc.) meet VDOT's current standards and specifications. Certified cut sheets are to be presented to the PWC site inspector prior to placement of storm sewer (page 28).
- 7. All pavement designs for streets with traffic volume exceeding one thousand (I,000) vehicles per day (VPD) shall provide 21B, Type I aggregate as subbase or base material. This will also necessitate consideration of underdrains in the design. (DCSM 602.10 E)
- 8. It shall be the developer's responsibility to coordinate with all builders in his/her development to ensure that construction within the dedicated right-of-way conforms to the standards and specifications of PWC and VDOT. The developer should urge builders to contact the site inspector for inspection of driveway entrances and sidewalks prior to construction.

- 9. To facilitate and schedule integration, a minimum of 48 working hours notice to the inspector is required for CBR sample acquisition, aggregate and asphalt paving and hydraulic cement concrete placement. The developer shall also be responsible for overtime pay if the inspector is needed outside regular working hours.
- 10. Prior to the preliminary acceptance walk with VDOT personnel, a "Documentation Review" meeting is required with the PWC site inspector and VDOT. It is the developer's responsibility to provide all applicable documentation as detailed on (pages 55-58). As part of the applicable documentation, a Draft Resolution must be prepared; in order to facilitate this preparation a Recorded Plat and an overall view not to exceed 24" x 36" must be submitted to the PWC Site Inspector Supervisor. The plat must be legible, to scale, contain all line and curve data and contain an instrument number or deed book, page number, and recordation date. In addition, all streets to be considered for acceptance are to be redlined, and ties to any existing VDOT maintained street(s) clearly marked.
- 11. Prior to the issuance of Occupancy, the streetlights shall be installed as shown on the approved plans or as amended by the Street Lighting Program Coordinator. (pages 47-52)
- 12. The developer shall comply with the requirements of the attached flow chart for landscaping located within the dedicated right-of-way but not eligible for VDOT maintenance. (page 72)
- 13. The developer shall comply with the VDOT letter of March 26, 2012, concerning phased construction of subdivision and secondary streets. (page 53)
- 14. The developer shall inform the contractor(s) of the need to keep all temporary fueling tanks secured and located away from live streams, wetlands and RPA's. Fueling stations are to be constructed in such a manner that they are surrounded by an earthen berm to prevent an environmental event.
- 15. The developer shall have a copy of the applicable permits and approved site plan on site and available.
- 16. Requests made for a Performance Bond reduction or extension shall be accompanied by a current estimate for work left to be completed, along with a copy of the proffers and current proffer analysis. (Administrative Procedures Manual 4.07.4) (pages 35-37)
- 17. **TESTING:** Tests for density and/or concrete are to be submitted on PWC approved forms only. Ensure that all test reports have only one project section per page attached. Multiple project sections on the same page will not be accepted.
- 18. Environmental Management Division requires that the developer contact the inspector when the site is flagged for clearing. A joint inspection shall be made with the developer and inspector to ensure that limits are correct.

- 19. Where applicable, it is the developer's responsibility to provide and install "End (or Begin) State Maintenance" signs as directed by the VDOT inspector. (pages 68-69)
- 20. Streets that are ultimately to be extended to provide access to adjacent development shall be posted indicating possible extension of the street per DCSM 604.04. (page 33)
- 21. VDOT policy requires a Post Installation Inspection of Storm Drain Pipe and Pipe Culverts consisting of a camera inspection and documentation of any comprehensive streets. Details are located in Virginia Test Method 123. (pages 85-87)
- 22. Any utility repairs requiring open cutting of the street shall comply with VDOT's LUP-OC Open Cut Pavement Restoration Detail. (page 31)
- 23. All ties to existing asphalt pavement shall conform to DCSM 650.63. (page 32)
- 24. All testing shall be performed by technicians certified through VDOT or through a program recognized by VDOT. WACEL certification is only recognized in lieu of ACI. (page 92)
- 25. Per the Policy for Stone and/or Asphalt Placement Acknowledgement, Prince William County Department of Transportation (PWC-DOT) requires 48-hour notice be sent by email to PWC-DOT Staff: Area Inspector, Inspection Supervisor and Inspection Manager, and shall be done prior to any placement of any stone or asphalt. (page 12) The Acknowledgement of Stone/Asphalt Placement Requirements form shall be given to the developer representative and contractor at the PWC pre-construction meeting and can be requested anytime after (page 13)



Policy for Stone and/or Asphalt Placement Acknowledgment:

Prior to placement of any stone or asphalt, the Prince William County Department of Transportation (PWC-DOT) requires an electronic notice, by email, be given to the PWC-DOT area site inspector, PWC-DOT inspection supervisor and the PWC-DOT inspection manager. The email shall be responded to by a minimum of at least one staff member of the PWC-DOT with a minimum of 48-hour notice. Furthermore, prior to sending the email request, CBRs and requested pavement design shall have been submitted to PWC-DOT review staff and the pavement redesign approved. Any soil modifications required by the approved pavement design shall require the geotechnical form to state all modifications have been completed and provided to the PWC-DOT inspector at the time of the proof roll inspection. The email shall include the requested date and time of the inspection. The Agreement of Stone and Asphalt Placement form shall be given to the developer representative and contractor at the PWC pre-construction meeting and can be requested at any time after.

Furthermore, this acknowledgement is required for new projects, as well as existing projects where road construction is incomplete.

Any failure in the above requirements shall result in the stone and/or asphalt placement to <u>not</u> be approved, and any stone and/or asphalt that is placed shall be considered null and void and <u>shall</u> <u>be removed</u>. Once removed, the proper documentation listed above is to be resubmitted and inspections are required to be performed by PWC-DOT staff. A violation will be issued by PWC-DOT staff to document the failure and describe the process to move forward. The violation will stop any future reductions to the bond until corrected.

If any attempt by the developer and/or site contractor to reach PWC-DOT should go without response, please contact the PWC-DOT main office at 703-792-6825. Project information, to include the PWC-DOT inspector, inspection area, project location etc. will be required in order for PWC-DOT to act accordingly to avoid delay.



Ricardo Canizales

Director of Transportation

Effective Date 2/8/2021

Acknowledgement of Stone/Asphalt Placement Requirements:

The Prince William County Pre-Construction Package Minimum Inspection Program requires any placement of sub-base stone and/or asphalt be placed only after 48-hour notice has been electronically requested and acknowledged by Prince William County Department of Transportation (PWC-DOT) staff through email correspondence. Only after an email has been sent by the project developer's representative or site contractor, to the PWC-DOT Inspector, PWC-DOT Site Inspection Supervisor, as well as the PWC-DOT Inspection Manager, and the request has been acknowledged by an email reply, shall any stone or asphalt be placed. Furthermore, this acknowledgement is required for new projects, as well as existing projects where road construction is incomplete.

•	ddress <u>:</u>
Inspection Supervisor: Chris A	dams <u>CAdams@pwcgov.org</u> Inspection Manager: Don Margraf
	the removal of the material that has been placed and then obtaining oval prior to placement. Furthermore, no reductions will be granted
By signing below, I acknowledge m	y responsibility with the electronic request requirements listed above.
<u>Developer's Representative / Site</u>	<u>e Contractor:</u>
Project:	Plan #:
Owner's Rep (Print):	Signature:
Title:	
Title: It shall be the sole responsibility of the D	
Title:	eveloper's Representative to forward document to the Owner for review & signat
Title: It shall be the sole responsibility of the Documents Owner: Project:	eveloper's Representative to forward document to the Owner for review & signat



Minimum Testing Requirements for Comprehensive Street Inspections: All testing must comply with current VDOT and PWC DOT specifications

CBR's

Test method

All CBR values are to be determined in accordance with "The Virginia Test Method for Conducting California Bearing Ratio Tests" (Designation VTM-8). For each roadway, a sufficient number of CBR tests must be conducted to determine the average CBR value for the various soil types anticipated to be in the subgrade.

Soil Sampling

Representative soil samples for CBR tests shall be taken from the top 12 inches of the finished subgrade by a qualified soils technician or engineer.

Soil Sample Frequency

- 1) For streets less than 200 feet in length, one soil sample for conducting AASHTO soil classification and CBR test is required.
- 2) For streets 200 to 500 feet in length, at least two soil samples for conducting AASHTO soil classification and CBR tests is required, which includes one at each intersection of an existing state road.
- 3) For longer streets, one soil sample shall be taken at each intersection with an existing state road plus one test sample every 500 feet in length, or portion thereof, is required for conducting AASHTO soil classification and CBR tests.

A sample must be obtained for each soil type present in the subgrade. A representative of Prince William County must be present when samples are obtained.

EMBANKMENTS

General Requirements

Embankment shall not contain muck, frozen material, roots, sod, or other deleterious material. Embankment shall not be placed on frozen ground or areas covered with ice or snow.

When excavated material consists predominantly of soil, embankment shall be placed in successive uniform layers not more than 8 inches in thickness before compaction over the entire roadbed area. Each layer shall be compacted within a tolerance of ±20 percent of optimum moisture content to a density of at least 95 percent of the theoretical maximum density as defined in Section 101.02 (Road and Bridge Specifications).

The surface area directly beneath the pavement and shoulders on which embankments of less than 5 feet in depth are to be constructed shall be denuded of vegetation. These areas shall be scarified and compacted to a depth of 6 inches to the same degree as the material to be placed thereon. Rock not more than 4 feet in its greatest dimension may be placed in an embankment to within 10 feet of the subgrade. The remainder of the embankment to within 2 feet of the subgrade shall not contain rock more than 2 feet in its greatest dimension. Each layer shall be constructed so that rock voids are filled with rock spalls, rock fines, and earth. Rock shall be placed, manipulated, and compacted in uniform layers. However, density requirements may be waived. Rock, rock spalls, rock fines, and earth shall be distributed throughout each embankment layer and manipulated as specified herein so that the voids are filled. Rock shall not be end dumped over the edges of the layer being constructed but shall be deposited on the layer and moved ahead so as to advance the layer with a mixture of rock, rock spalls, rock fines, and earth. The 2 feet of the embankment immediately below the subgrade shall be composed of material that can be placed in layers of not more than 8 inches before compaction and compacted as specified herein for embankments. Rock more than 3 inches in its greatest dimension shall not be placed within 12 inches of the subgrade in any embankment.

Testing Frequencies

Embankment *

One test per 2,500 cubic yards or less plus:

- (a) for fills less than 500 ft. one density test per every other 6in. layer bottom to top of fill starting with the second lift.
- (b) for fills from 500-2000 ft. two tests per 6 in. layer within the top 5 ft. of fill.
- (c) for fills greater than 2000 ft., break into equal segments not to exceed 2000 ft. and use same frequency as (b) above.

Backfill for Pipes and Box Culverts *

Minimum one test per lift on alternating sides of structure for each 300 linear feet or portion thereof in structure length, starting after first 4 inch layer above bedding and continue to 1 foot above the top of the structure.

Backfill for Drop Inlets *

To include Drop Inlets, Junction Boxes, etc. Minimum one test every other lift around the perimeter of the structure after first 4-in. layer above bedding and continue to top of structure.

Backfill for Manholes *

Minimum one test (around the perimeter of the structure) every fourth compacted layer until the top five feet of the structure after first 4-in. layer above bedding and continue to the top of the structure. Top five feet shall have one test every other lift around the structure to the top of structure.

Sanitary Sewer and Water Laterals *

One test per 10 laterals.

Other Utilities (Telephone, Gas, etc.) *

One test per street crossing.

<u>Finished Subgrades</u> (Both cut and fill)

General Requirements/Density *

In the finished subgrade in both cut and fill sections, a minimum of one test shall be made for each 1000 linear feet of subgrade for each roadway (full width). The amount of rock present in the embankment that will preclude conducting the density test should remain flexible, and should be at the discretion of the Project Inspector. However, it should be understood that if it is possible to conduct a test, then the test should be conducted. If a test can not be conducted, location documentation of the rock layer shall be submitted in lieu of the test data on the appropriate density report.

The subgrade area shall be scarified to a depth of 6 inches for a distance of 2 feet beyond the proposed edges of the pavement on each side. If sandy or other soil is encountered that will not compact readily, clay or other suitable material shall be added or water applied in such quantity and within the allowable moisture content specified herein as will permit compaction of the subgrade. Subgrade material shall be compacted at optimum moisture, within ±20 percent of optimum. The density of the subgrade when compared to the theoretical maximum density as determined in accordance with the requirements of VTM-1 shall conform to the following:

% Retained on No. 4 Sieve Min.	% Density
0–50	100
51–60	95
61–70	90

If lime is to be utilized for drying or stabilization, refer to pages 22-24.

Depth

Stabilized subgrade shall be tested for proper depth at intervals not to exceed 0.5 mile per paver (mixer) application width.

NOTE: Prior to the placement of sub-base material, the geotechnical testing firm of record shall provide a signed and sealed letter to the PWC DOT inspector stating that any and all undercuts and/or soil modification required by the approved pavement design have been completed, the replacement material is suitable and the geotechnical firm is accepting the work.

AGGREGATE

General Requirements/Density

Where the required thickness is more than 6 inches, the material shall be spread and compacted in two or more layers of approximately equal thickness. The compacted thickness of any one layer shall not exceed 6 inches except when vibrating or other approved types of special compacting equipment are used. In such event, the compacted depth of a single layer of the base course may be increased to 10 inches upon the approval of the Engineer.

After mixing and shaping, each layer shall be compacted at optimum moisture within ± 2 percentage points of optimum. The density of each layer of base aggregate material, when compared to the theoretical maximum density as determined in accordance with the requirements of VTM-1, shall conform to the following:

%Material Retained on No. 4 Sieve	Min.%Density
0–50	100
51–60	95
61–70	90

Cement stabilization will not be permitted when aggregate or the surface on which the course is to be placed is frozen. Manipulation operations shall not be started until the air temperature is at least 40 degrees F in the shade and rising. When material may be exposed to freezing temperatures during the first 24 hours of curing, the Contractor shall protect the stabilized material from freezing for 7 days or shall cover the stabilized surface with the next pavement course within 4 hours after the cement stabilization has been finished as specified.

Protecting and Curing: The next course may be placed after the cement stabilization has been approved. In the event the next pavement course is not placed immediately, the cement-treated aggregate course shall be moist cured continually or covered by the application of liquid asphalt to prevent surface drying until the next pavement course is placed. The Contractor shall endeavor to place the next pavement course within 7 days after cement stabilization is finished. In the event this is not possible and a liquid asphalt cover has not been applied, the Contractor shall either seal the cement-stabilized layer with approved cover material or continually maintain the surface of the cement-stabilized course with moisture until the next pavement course can be successfully applied. The surface of the cement-treated aggregate course shall be maintained in such a manner that the entire surface of the course remains in a moistened condition.

Prior to placing the next course or applying asphalt cover material, the surface of the cement-stabilized layer shall be lightly moistened. In no case shall the cement-treated aggregate course be allowed to dry out completely or go uncovered through the winter. The stabilized course shall be tightly knit and free from loose and extraneous material.

Testing will be performed in accordance with the current Virginia Test Methods Manual and VDOT Road and Bridge Specifications.

Depth

One test per 0.5 miles of material per paver application width per layer.

BITUMINOUS CONCRETE

General Requirements

The Contractor shall perform roller pattern and control strip density testing on surface, intermediate, and base courses in accordance with the requirements of VTM-76. The Contractor shall have a certified Asphalt Field Technician perform all density testing.

Density

Density testing will be performed in accordance with the current Virginia Test Methods Manual and VDOT Road and Bridge Specifications.

Depth

Tests are to be taken at intervals not to exceed 1000 feet per street.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

General Requirements

Concrete shall not be placed against surfaces whose temperature is below 40 degrees F.

Concrete shall be protected from rain.

Concrete shall be protected from freezing by approved coverings and, when necessary, heating the surrounding air in such a manner that the concrete will not dry.

Curing Concrete:

Membrane-forming compounds: The entire surface of the pavement shall be sprayed uniformly with a white-pigmented membrane-forming compound immediately following the texturing operation.

PE film: When PE film is used for curing, it shall be white. However, from November 1 to April 1, clear or opaque PE film will be permitted.

Protection in cold weather: The Contractor shall prevent the temperature at the surface of the concrete from falling below 40 degrees F during the first 72 hours immediately following concrete placement. Protective material shall be left in place for an additional 48 hours if freezing air temperatures are expected to continue. Such protection shall be furnished in addition to the curing material required elsewhere in these specifications.

Within 3 to 7 days, the Contractor shall backfill curb, gutter, and combination curb and gutter to the required elevation with approved material. Backfill material shall be compacted with curbs and gutters remaining plumb.

Curing in hot, low-humidity, or windy weather: Care shall be taken in hot, dry, or windy weather to protect the concrete from shrinkage cracking by applying the curing medium at the earliest possible time after finishing operations and after the sheen has disappeared from the surface of the pavement.

STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

Air Content

One test per truck, and when making compressive specimens.

Slump

One test per truck, and when making compressive specimens.

Compressive Strength

Compressive strength cylinders shall be procured in accordance with ASTM C31/C31M – 19: Standard Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens

INCIDENTAL CONCRETE

Air Content

One test per day and when making compressive specimens.

Slump

One test per day and when making compressive specimens.

Compressive Strength

Compressive strength cylinders shall be procured in accordance with ASTM C31/C31M – 19: Standard Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens

^{*} Field density determinations will be performed in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO T191, modified to include material sizes used in the laboratory determination of density, with a portable nuclear field density testing device or by other approved methods. When a nuclear device is used, density determinations for embankment material will be related to the density of the same material tested in accordance with VTM-1 or VTM-12 and a control strip will not be required.

NOTE: All testing must be coordinated with the appropriate Prince William County inspector. All private testing technicians must possess VDOT materials certifications.

12/7/2017





Effective Date 1/11/2018

Geotechnical Certification for Undercuts and/or Soil Modification:

The Prince William County Pre-Construction Package Minimum Inspection Program for Finished Subgrades (Both cut and fill) note, states as follows:

Prior to the placement of sub-base material, the geotechnical testing firm of record shall provide a signed and sealed letter to the Prince William County Department of Transportation Inspector stating that all undercuts and/or soil modification required by the approved pavement design have been completed, the replacement material is suitable and the geotechnical firm is accepting the work.

In lieu of the aforementioned letter, the geotechnical engineer of record shall complete and sign the information below, certifying that the undercuts and/or soil modification are completed and suitable as per the approved pavement design for the road.

Project:	Plan #:	
Geotechnical Engineer (Pr	int):	
Signature:	Date:	
Seal:	Right-of-Way Locations:	

This certification shall be signed, sealed and given to the Site Inspector prior to placement of sub-base material.



COUNTY OF PRINCE WILLIAM

4379 Ridgewood Center Drive, Prince William, V a 22192-5308 (703) 7924820 Metro 631-1703 Fax (703) 7924828

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Thomas Bruun Acting Director

TO: Developers, Builders, Architects and Engineers

FROM: Thomas Bruun AmoRa

Acting Director of Public Works Building Official

RE: Policy and Procedure 1-01-06

Use of Lime for Drying and Stabilization of Soil (Effective March 8, 2006/Revised March 21, 2006)

This is to establish the policy for use of lime for drying and stabilization of soil used as structural fill for roads, buildings and other structures. This policy is effective immediately. All on-going construction is subject to this policy.

Eric M. Mays, P. E.

Geotechnical Engineering Report

The geotechnical engineering report submitted to the County for approval shall address the proposed use of lime for a project/subdivision. Following are the three general categories for the proposed use of lime:

- 1. <u>Drying of Non-Expansive Suitable Structural Fill Material</u> The soil meets the standards of suitable structural fill material as established by the VDOT Road and Bridge Specifications, Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, the County's Design and Construction Standards Manual, and project documents. There are no expansive soils located within the limits of the site work.
- 2. <u>Drying of Non-Expansive Suitable Structural Fill Material with Expansive Soils Present</u> The soils meet the standards of suitable structural fill material as established by the VDOT Road and Bridge Specifications, Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, the County's Design and Construction Standards Manual, and project documents. There are expansive soils located within the limits of the site work, and the report must identify how the site work will be managed to prevent the use of the expansive material.

PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY

An Equal Opportunity Employer Printed on Recycled Paper

Policy and Procedure 1-01-06 Use of Lime for Drying and Stabilization of Soil (Effective March 8, 2006/Revised March 21, 2006) Page 2 of 3

3. Stabilization of Expansive Soils

- ♦ VDOT Right-of-Way VDOT has approved the Fairfax County Stabilization of Expansive Soils with Lime for Roads, dated October 20, 1989 as an acceptable standard for the stabilization of "marine" and "blackjack" clays within the right-of-way. Prince William County hereby adopts the Fairfax County policy for road construction.
- ♦ <u>Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code (VUSBC)</u> The VUSBC, International Building Code, Section 1805.8 Design for Expansive Soils allows the stabilization of soil when approved by the Building Official. Expansive soils are defined as:
 - "Soils meeting all four of the following provisions shall be considered expansive, except that tests to show compliance with Items 1,2 and 3 shall not be required if the test prescribed in Item 4 is conducted:
 - 1. Plasticity Index (PI) of 15 or greater, determined in accordance with ASTM D 4318.
 - 2. More than 10 percent of the soil particles pass a No. 200 sieve (75 mm), determined in accordance with ASTM D 422.
 - 3. More than 10 percent of the soil particles are less than 5 micrometers in size, determined in accordance with ASTM D 422.
 - 4. Expansion Index greater than 20, determined in accordance with ASTM D4829."
- ♦ The Geotechnical Engineering Report/Specifications shall:
 - 1. Provide sufficient laboratory testing to establish the amount of lime and water required to stabilize the expansive soil.
 - 2. Specify the equipment and provide the method to ensure uniform mixing of the lime, soil and water. The lime treatment of soils is restricted to below 4 feet of final grade in landscaping and open areas. Also, specify the required mellowing period (to be confirmed during the test pad construction) prior to placement of the mixed material.
 - 3. Specify the necessary controls to protect the health of workers and neighbors and environmental controls to protect adjacent properties and water sources (i.e. ponds and streams) during construction.
 - 4. Specify the type and frequency of quality control testing to be conducted during the mixing and placement operation.
 - 5. Require the construction of a test pad with the required field testing to confirm the proposed methodology and mix design will produce results that comply with the approved Geotechnical Engineering Specifications.

Policy and Procedure 1-01-06 Use of Lime for Drying and Stabilization of Soil (Effective March 8,2006/Revised March 21, 2006) Page 3 of 3

Construction and Inspection

The County approved geotechnical engineering report must include the specifications for the use of lime for drying or stabilization. Prior to the lime operations commencing, the contractor is to meet with the Public Works Site Inspector to review the approved procedure. If conditions change during the course of the work and the contractor proposes to use alternative equipment or methods, an addendum to the Geotechnical Specification must be submitted to and approved by Public Works prior to commencing the work.

The Professional Engineer's Certification with all test results shall be submitted to the Department of Public Works. If the structural fill work sits "dormant" after certifications have been submitted and approved by the County, Public Works reserves the right to require a recertification when the weather or other events have adversely affected the structural fill prior to the commencement of work on the road or building pads.

Attachment:

Fairfax County Stabilization of Expansive Soils with Lime for Roads, dated October 20, 1989

CODE OF ORDINANCES County of PRINCE WILLIAM, VIRGINIA

Codified through
Ordinance No. 11-71, adopted December 13, 2011.
(Supp. No. 17)

CHAPTER 14 NOISE (excerpts)

Sec. 14-2. Violations of chapter.

Any person violating any provision of this chapter shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor (Ord. No. 89-143, 10-24-89)

Sec. 14-4. Maximum permissible sound levels generally.

- (c) Any person, with lawfully obtained permits, who between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. weekdays and between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays observed by county government operates or causes to be operated any equipment used in construction, repair, alteration or demolition work on buildings, structures, alleys or appurtenances thereto in the outdoors in any residential district within 100 yards of a lawfully occupied dwelling shall not be subject to the levels enumerated above. (table omitted for this document)
- (d) Persons performing construction of public projects, repair or maintenance work for such projects or persons performing work for private or public utilities for the repair of facilities or restoration of services shall not be subject to the levels enumerated above. (Ord. No. 89-143, 10-24-89; Ord. No. 90-20, 2-6-90; Ord. No. 23-07, 2-28-23; Ord. No. 25-03, 2-4-25; Ord. No. 25-15. 2-18-25)



NOISE ORDINANCE EXEMPTION REQUEST APPLICATION

Date____

Owner's Name			Phone	
Address				
Project Name and Location	1			
I hereby request exemption of Prince William County's I justified based on the follows:	of Section(s) and Sub NOISE ORDINANC ang information which	osection(s) E for the abov ch I hereby ce	ve-referenced project. I believe this exemertify as being correct:	ption is
Reason				
with Section 14-8, paragraph	(3) of Prince Willia	m County's N	or, this exemption may be revoked in acco Noise Ordinance. Print Name	
Director's Action: Appro	ved/Denied			
Signed			Date	
Signed Name	/Title			
FOR COUNTY USE ONLY	<u>Y</u>			
Exemption Fee Required Exemption Fee Paid	Yes [] Yes []			
Amount	File #		_	
If you feel you have been agg the County Executive or his County Executive within ten	authorized agent by	delivering a w	ector, you may obtain review of such decivritten statement of appeal to the Office of sion.	ision by f the

Cc: Police Chief

Director of Public Works
Director of Transportation
Director of Development Services
Environmental Management Division Chief
Site Inspection Supervisor



Noise Ordinance Signage Requirement:

DCSM 604.01 H. All construction sites shall be provided with temporary signs acceptable by Public Works referencing the requirements of Section 14-4(c) of the Prince William County's Noise Ordinance. The signs shall be conspicuously posted in all construction sites and fully visible to all construction personnel. The signs should be bi-lingual (written in English and in Spanish). Adherence to this requirement shall be the responsibility of the developer(s) and/or contractor(s) and shall be monitored by the Department of Public Works. Violation of this sign posting requirement is a class II misdemeanor.

The temporary warning signs (one in English and one in Spanish), smaller than two square feet, shall be installed by the developer and/or contractor at each construction entrance of a project prior to the commencement of land disturbing activities. The signs shall read:

WARNING

PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY CODE PROHIBITS CONSTRUCTION WORK
MONDAY – FRIDAY: BEFORE 7:00 A.M. & AFTER 9:00 P.M.
WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS: BEFORE 9:00 A.M. & AFTER 9:00 P.M

AVISO

LA LEY DEL CONDADO DE PRINCE WILLIAM PROHIBE EL TRABAJO DE CONSTRUCCION LUNES A VIERNES: ANTES DE LAS 7:00 A.M.Y DESPUES DE LAS 9:00 P.M. SABADOS Y DOMINGOS Y DIAS FERIADOS : ANTES DE LAS 9:00 A.M. Y DESPUES DE LAS 9:00 P.M.

The developer must maintain these signs in good condition during the active life of a project. These signs shall be removed at the recommendation of the Department of Public Works prior to final site acceptance and bond release inspection.

These signs shall be exempt from zoning approval or permit requirements.





Cut Sheet Requirements for Installation of Drainage Appurtenances:

DCSM 704.03 Cut Sheets

- A. After setting grade lines and stakes, the applicant's engineer or surveyor shall prepare suitable cut sheets in a clear and legible manner, giving necessary construction data.
- B. Two (2) sets of cut sheets, certified by a professional engineer or surveyor shall be submitted to the Department of Public Works. The engineer or surveyor who certifies the cut sheets shall also provide the following statement on both sets:

"The professional seal and signature appearing on this document certifies that information shown conforms to the approved plan and/or actual field conditions. Minor deviation from the approved plan shall be performed in a manner comparable to the original design and shall meet applicable standards."

The Department of Public Works may perform a cursory review to verify conformance to the approved plans.

• If any significant deviation is contemplated in location, line, or grade of any storm drain, masonry structure, or accessory from that shown on the plans approved by the Director, details of the proposed deviation shall be submitted to the Department of Development Services for review and approval before the changes are constructed.



<u>Policy for Concrete Re-Inspection Fees and Roadway Open Cut</u> <u>Trenching Fees:</u>

• Concrete Re-Inspection Fee:

The Department of Transportation (DOT) area inspector shall require a re-inspection fee for any inspection of driveway aprons and sidewalks where the work is deemed not ready or incomplete when the contractor has requested an inspection. The DOT Inspector will issue the concrete re-inspection form requiring a re-inspection fee shown on the Concrete Re-Inspection form, to be paid prior to scheduling the re-inspection. At the time of the re-inspection, the responsible party will need to provide the DOT Inspector with the paid receipt. Failure to pay the re-inspection fee, provide the paid receipt and/or failure to notify the DOT inspector shall result in a Notice of Violation until corrected.

• Open Cut Trenching Fee:

Open Cut Trenching of any travel ways and streets to be maintained by the County, State or HOA, which are not in the State Highway System requires a fee shown on the Concrete Re-Inspection form for each open cut. This fee shall be paid prior to performing any open cut(s). The DOT area inspector shall be notified 48 hours prior to any open cutting of any paved surface. Failure to notify the DOT inspector and/or failure to pay the fee may result in a Notice of Violation until corrected and may require a warranty bond to be posted for 5 years from the time of bond release.

• Concrete Re-Inspection and Open Cut Trenching Fees are to be paid at:

Department of Development Services Land Development Division – Land Counter 5 County Complex Court, Suite 180
Prince William County, VA 22192

Notice of Violation:

If a Notice of Violation is issued - DCSM 130.03.02 - Reduction requests shall not be approved if the performance agreement is in default or if the site is in violation.





FY26 Concrete Re-Inspection and Roadway Open Cut Trenching Fees:

Fees must be paid at: Department of Development Services Land Development Division – Land Counter 5 County Complex Court, Suite 180 Prince William, VA 22192 703-792-6830

Concrete Re-Inspection Fee:

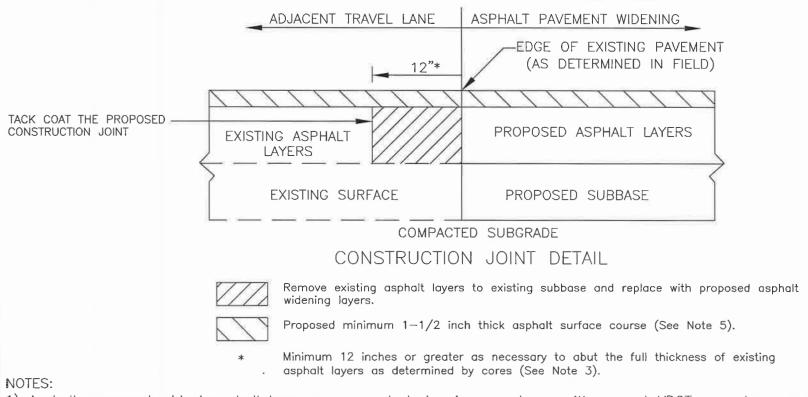
Depai of the	rtment of Transport	y aprons and sidewalks where a ation Area Inspector will require esponsible party shall provide t	e a re-inspection fee of \$19	90.06 per lot . At the time
	Re-Inspection Requi	red		
Inspe	ction Date: I	Project:	Plan #:	Lots:
<u>Open</u>	Cut Trenching Fee	<u>:</u>		
System cut(s) of any pay the for up	m requires a fee of \$ The Department of paved surface. Failure fee shall result in to 5 years from the	y paved surface, travel ways an 268.64 for each open cut . This Transportation Area Inspector ure to notify the Department of a Notice of Violation until corre time of bond release. _Inspection Area: Project:	s fee shall be paid prior to shall be notified 48 hours f Transportation Area Insp cted and may require a wa	performing any open prior to any open cutting ector and/or failure to arranty bond to be posted
1.	Utility:	Location:		
2.	Utility:	Location:		
3.	Utility:	Location:		
4.	Utility:	Location:		
5.	Utility:	Location:		
6.	Utility:	Location:		
7.	Utility:	Location:		
8.	Utility:	Location:		
9.	Utility:	Location:		
10.	Utility:	Location:		
				TOTAL FEE:
	APPLICANT	COMPANY	CONTAC	T PHONE NUMBER
	INSPECTOR (PRIN	Γ & SIGN)	AREA	A



Open-Cut Pavement Restoration Requirements

Asphalt Pavement Restoration Detail for Open Cut Utility Installations Mill & resurface Mill & resurface Saw-cut existing pavement to the full depth of asphalt 7.5" total asphalt 12" min. 12" min. concrete pavement Asphalt Concrete Surface Material* depth or equal to the depth of existing asphalt concrete, Asphalt Concrete Base, Type BM-25.0A 6" min. whichever is greater 1.5" min. Sub-base course depth Aggregate Base Material, Type I 10" min. shall be 10" or equal to Size No. 21A or 21B depth of existing sub-base, whichever is greater Horizontal and vertical surfaces 6" Bench 6" Bench shall be tacked with RC-250 liquid Min. Min. asphalt at a rate of 0.1 gallon per NOTES: SY, or as determined by the district administrator's designee Asphalt Concrete Surface Material: Select Material Type I with minimum CBR = 30 SM-9.5A for ADT < 10,000 SM-9.5D for ADT > 10,000Class I backfill material in accordance The district administrator's designee shall determine the with Section 302 of the Road and Bridge restoration requirements for other pavement types. Specifications ** Trench width and pipe bedding shall be in No. 26 or 27 aggregate pipe bedding in accordance with VDOT Std. PB-1 accordance with Sections 205 & 302 of the Road and Bridge Specifications *** 12 inches minimum beyond the edge of the trench on longitudinal open cuts, or 25 feet minimum beyond the trench centerline on perpendicular open cuts, or as determined by the district administrator's designee.

Date: August 27, 2014



- 1) Asphalt pavement widening shall have a pavement design in accordance with current VDOT procedures and be approved by the Engineer.
- 2) The pavement design for asphalt pavement widening shall meet or exceed the depths and types of the layers of existing pavement. Subsurface drainage of the existing and proposed pavement shall be addressed in the pavement design.
- 3) A minimum of three cores shall be taken along the center of the adjacent travel lane to determine the type and thickness of existing pavement layers. These cores shall be spaced no more than 500 feet apart.
- 4) The adjacent travel lane shall be milled a minimum depth of 1-1/2 inches and replaced with an asphalt surface course to match the proposed pavement widening surface course, unless waived by the Engineer.
- 5) The Engineer may required the milling depth of the existing pavement to be adjusted to achieve an acceptable pavement cross slope and effective surface drainage.
- 6) Existing pavement markings and markers within the project limits shall be restored subject to the approval of the Engineer.
- 7) Final transverse pavement tie—in shall conform to the requirements of Section 315.05 (c) of the specifications except that all joints at tie—in locations shall be tested using a 10—foot straightedge in accordance with the requirements of Section 315.07 (a) of the latest VDOT Road and Bridge Specifications Manual.

Detail No.

650.63

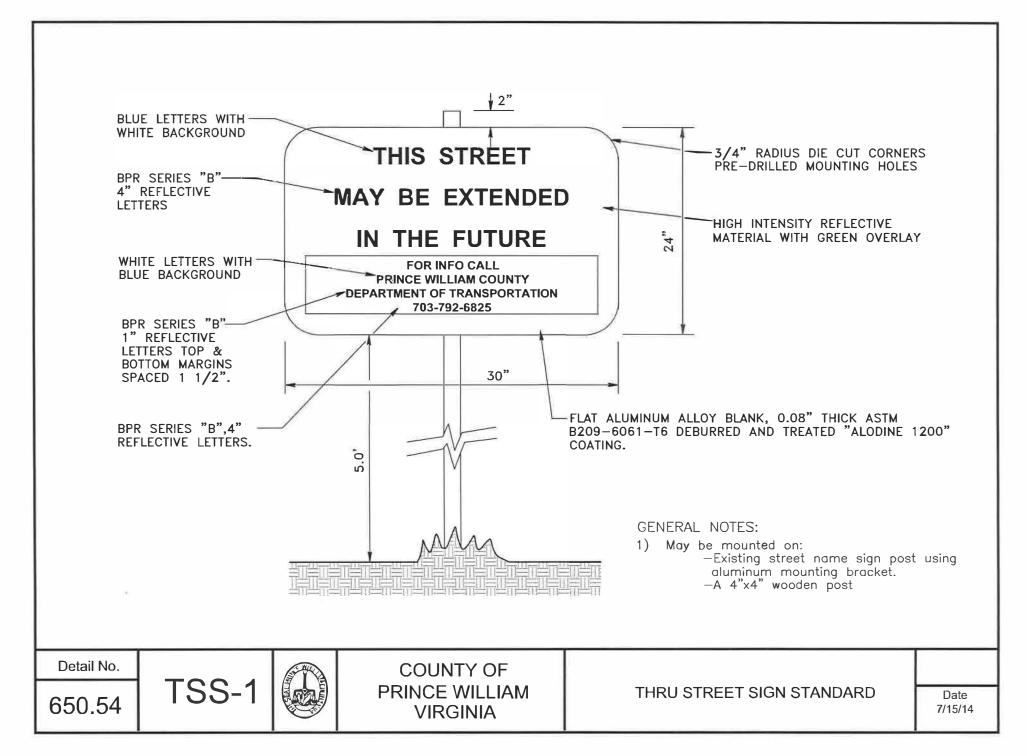


APW-1

COUNTY OF PRINCE WILLIAM VIRGINIA

ASPHALT PAVEMENT WIDENING FOR WIDENING SUBJECT TO TRAFFIC

Date 7/15/14





<u>Prince William County Government Snow Removal Policy</u> <u>For Active Site Development Projects:</u>

- The complaint is brought to the attention of the Department of Transportation (DOT) Site
 Inspector. The inspector logs in complainant's name, address, and telephone phone number.
 The inspector also provides their name and telephone number and requests the complainant
 to notify DOT immediately if the developer plows the snow.
- Site inspector tries to contact the developer using available telephone number(s). The inspector notifies the developer to take appropriate action to ensure the streets are safe for driving within 24 hours or 2:00 P.M. the following day, whichever occurs first. The inspector also informs the developer, if the work is not completed within the specified time period, the Department of Public Works (DPW) will perform the required work and the developer will be responsible for reimbursement of costs to the county within ten (10) working days.
- If attempts to contact the developer or their staff are unsuccessful, the site inspector leaves a detailed voicemail as specified in the above paragraph.
- The site inspector logs the date and time when information was conveyed to the developer over the telephone or through their voicemail.
- The site inspector contacts Environmental Management Division (EMD) and alerts them of the possibility of snow plowing or other necessary action if the developer does not respond in a timely fashion. The site inspector provides the name of the subdivision, street name(s), location, etc., to EMD, and approximate time when work may be done.
- The site inspector contacts the complainant to inform the action that occurred, and the time given to the developer for snow plowing.
- On the next day after contact with the complainant, the site inspector verifies whether the developer has plowed the snow by the specified time.
- If the developer has plowed the snow, site inspector advises EMD that no further action is necessary. If the snow has not been plowed, the site inspector gives a notice to proceed to EMD staff and requests that invoice be sent to DOT after the snow has been plowed.
- DOT sends a copy of the invoice to the developer and requests reimbursement within ten (10) working days.
- If payment is not received within the specified time period, DOT advises developer that their requests for bond reduction, extension, occupancy, street acceptance and/or release will not proceed until the reimbursement is made to the County.
- Upon receipt of reimbursement check from the developer, DOT forwards it to EMD for credit to their appropriate account.



BOND AND ESCROW EXTENSION AND/OR REDUCTION REQUEST INSTRUCTIONS

Intent and General Requirements:

The intent of these instructions is to provide the preparer of the extension and/or reduction request a better understanding of the policies and guidelines used by the County in processing, reviewing and calculating extension and reduction requests and to reduce confusion when requesting a reduction by providing the developer or their representative an opportunity to discuss with the site inspectors any discrepancies relating to the amounts and quantities used to determine a reduction of the Performance Bond, Siltation Erosion Escrow or Landscape Escrow.

Extension and/or Reduction requests must comply with Section 130.03 of the Design and Construction Standards Manual and Section 4.07 of the Administrative Procedures Section of the Design and Construction Standards Manual (DCSM).

Thirty percent (30%) of the bonded improvements must be completed before any Performance Bond reduction request will be processed [Section 4.07.4(2)]. The maximum reduction(s) for the Performance Bond cannot exceed ninety percent (90%) of the original amount. Generally, at least fifty percent (50%) of the project should be completed for the first extension request, and eighty-five percent for the second request [Section 4.07.3(D)(1)].

Siltation and Erosion Control Escrows may be permitted a reduction(s) provided work has satisfactorily progressed to the stage where sufficient escrow remains to ensure the installation, maintenance, and performance of erosion and sediment control measures. The maximum reduction(s) for the Siltation and Erosion Control Escrow cannot exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of the original amount.

Landscape Escrows may be permitted a reduction provided work has satisfactorily progressed to the stage that all required landscaping items are installed and thriving upon the determination of the County Site Inspectors. If a project is deemed eligible for a Landscape Escrow reduction; a one-time fifty percent (50%) reduction will be allowed.

The County may accept up to three (3) reduction requests in any twelve (12) month period. Requests for bond and escrow reduction will not be processed if there are unresolved site violations.

Submission Requirements:

All extension and/or reduction requests must be submitted via e-mail at <u>LDD@pwcgov.org</u> or on a compact disc. Please see <u>www.pwcva.gov/department/land-development-division/ldd-documents</u> for the latest requirements. The request must contain:

- A written explanation for the extension. The written explanation must include reasons and conditions which have precluded the completion of the required physical improvements.
- A written detailed timeline to complete the project (what needs to be completed and anticipated date of completion). The request will be rejected if the timeline fails to provide sufficient details on what needs to be completed and anticipated date of completion.
- A copy of the original Proffer Statement or Special Use Permit Conditions along with a
 current Proffer or Special Use Permit analysis must be submitted (if there is a rezoning
 or special use permit for the property). The analysis must display a current date and
 the information contained within the analysis must be up to date. The request may be
 rejected if any of the requested documents are not provided.
- Bond Extension and/or Reduction Estimate Worksheet. <u>The worksheet must be completed for all requests</u>. Bond extension and/or reduction requests do not require certification by a professional engineer. However, certified requests will be accepted for processing. Please see below for more information regarding the worksheet.
- The request must include name, address, telephone number and e-mail address for the developer and the preparer.

Extension and/or Reduction Fee

The filing fee for an extension and/or reduction request submitted prior to the agreement expiration date is \$1,853.46. The filing fee for an extension and/or reduction request submitted after the agreement expiration date is \$2,781.77

Fees are required with the request, unless the request is submitted by e-mail. Fees for e-mail requests must be received within three (3) business days. The request will be rejected, and the applicant will be required to resubmit the request if the fees are not submitted within (3) business days.

Bond Extension and/or Reduction Estimate Worksheet:

The form is in MS Excel format and must be completed electronically by the preparer and submitted via e-mail or on a compact disc. The form requires the retention of a certain percentage of the construction for specific bonded items. The notes at the end of the form specify the required retention percentages. These are guidelines and the actual percentages of monies held are determined by the inspectors and are based upon the level of quality of workmanship and materials. The preparer and/or applicant can meet with the inspectors to discuss any differences in the reduction amount.

To facilitate review of the extension and/or reduction request, an "Original Bond Quantity" column was added to the worksheet. The Original Bond Quantity column is to be used for items from the Unit Price List (UPL) of the approved plan, approved plan revisions and pavement redesigns (as noted on page 1 of the worksheet).

The current version of the Bond Extension and/or Reduction Estimate Worksheet must be submitted in MS Excel format. The worksheet can be downloaded from www.pwcva.gov/department/land-development-division/ldd-documents

Review Process:

Reduction requests are processed in accordance with the Bond Reduction Procedure. Once the extension and/or reduction request is reviewed and processed, the developer will receive a letter from the Department of Development Services. Projects that are considered for an extension and/or reduction will require proper documentation from the Surety Company or Financial Institution to officially extend and/or reduce the bond or escrow. Documentation from the Surety Company or Financial Institution must be submitted within thirty (30) days from the date of the Department of Development Services letter.

Documents from the Surety Company or Financial Institution cannot be accepted until the Department of Development Services has notified the developer that the extension and/or reduction request is under consideration. Documents received prior to this notification will be returned to the applicant.

DCSM 303.02 Fire Department Emergency Access in General:

D. All weather Fire Apparatus access roads to construction and demolition sites shall be provided during the time of construction or demolition of a building. These requirements are not applicable to driveways serving single family dwellings. The access road need not be paved or graveled, but must be able to meet the following criteria:

- 1. Such roadways shall be readily accessible to emergency and inspection staff vehicles.
- 2. Complies with Section 303.02B which states: Fire apparatus access roads shall be capable of supporting a minimum of eighty thousand (80,000) pounds vehicular load, have a minimum width of twenty (20) feet, a minimum vertical clearance of at least thirteen feet six inches (13'6"), a maximum vertical projection of eight (8) inches, and be able to accommodate the turn characteristics of a forty-five (45) foot long truck.
- 3. Such roadways shall not be blocked or obstructed by vehicles, construction equipment, or construction materials, or similar items associated with the construction site.

E. Such roadways in excess of one hundred fifty (150) feet with a dead end must be provided with an approved emergency apparatus turn-a-round.

Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code Chapter 33: Fire Safety During Construction and Demolition, Section 3313 Water Supply for Fire Protection:

3313.1 When required. An *approved* water supply for fire protection, either temporary or permanent, shall be made available as soon as combustible building materials arrive on site, on commencement of vertical combustible installation of a standpipe system in buildings under construction, in accordance with Sections 3312.2 through 3313.5.

Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code, Chapter 5: Fire Service Features, Section 505 Premises Identification:

505.1 Address identification. New and existing buildings shall be provided with *approved* address identification. The address identification shall be legible and placed in a position that is visible from the street or road fronting the property. Address identification characters shall contrast with their background. Address numbers shall be Arabic numbers or alphabetical letters. Numbers shall not be spelled out. Each character shall not be less than 4 inches (102 mm) high with a minimum stroke width of ½ inch (12.7 mm). Where required by the *fire code official*, address identification shall be provided in additional approved locations to facilitate emergency response. Where access is by means of a private road and the building cannot be viewed from the *public* way, a monument, pole or other sign or means shall be used to identify the structure. Address identification shall be maintained.

505.2 Street or road signs. Streets and roads shall be identified with *approved* signs. Temporary signs shall be installed at each street intersection when construction of new roadways allows passage by vehicles. Signs shall be on an *approved* size, weather resistant and be maintained until replaced by permanent signs.

Failure to provide appropriate address identification and/or street signs will be a violation of the DCSM and SFPC.





<u>Design and Construction Standards Manual General Requirements for</u> <u>Occupancy:</u>

- **601.09 E.** Prior to the issuance of occupancy permits for lots in the vicinity of the roadway luminaires, the developer shall be required to submit a street lighting packet for the roadway lighting associated with the developer to the Transportation Department. If the roadway lighting installations are delayed prior to occupancy, then a County-approved form, "Acknowledgement of Street Lights Installation" must be completed by the contractor purchasers or property owners. The completed form and a paid receipt from the servicing power company shall be submitted to the site inspector before any bond reduction or bond release.
- **602.07 R.** Pedestrian accessible ramps in accordance with IIM-LD-55 shall be provided at all curbed intersections, even when sidewalks and paths are not present and shall be constructed in accordance with VDOT standards, or ADAAG (American with Disability Act Accessibility Guidelines) whichever is more restrictive.
- **602.11 H.** For staged construction, two and one-half (2-1/2) inches shall be the maximum thickness of the bituminous concrete surface (SM-9.5A or SM-9.5D). The thickness of each lift shall be of one and one quarter (1-1/4 inches).
- **602.11 I.** If staged construction is performed, a four (4) foot radius area, measured from the center of the manhole cover around protruding utility manholes, shall be paved with leveling asphalt concrete surface mix (SM-9.5A) to provide a relatively smooth riding surface. In addition, the asphalt concrete paved peripheries shall be painted with twelve (12) inch wide white colored paint acceptable to County inspectors. The maximum exposure limit for staged construction shall be two (2) years, unless it is extended by the Director of Transportation.
- **602.12 G.** Guardrails shown on the approved plan shall be installed after the asphalt base course of the roadways is in place and/or prior to the issuance of occupancy permit for uses within the development.
- **602.18 E.** No occupancy permit shall be issued until all sidewalks and/or shared use paths in the general area of the units scheduled for occupancy, have been constructed, inspected, and approved.
- **603.15 B.** The plans shall provide the following note: "A joint inspection will be held with the developer and representatives of the County and VDOT to determine if and where guardrails will be needed. The developer shall be responsible for providing guardrails as determined by this joint inspection." The guardrails shall be installed per VDOT standards prior to granting the first occupancy in each section, in which streets are constructed and the guardrails are determined necessary.
- **604.01 F.** No occupancy permit will be issued to structures unless the frontage improvements and all roadways within the specific phase including the main entrance are paved. Full pavement depth, with the exception of the final top coat, is acceptable provided it is agreed to by Transportation.
- **604.04 E.** Street name signs and stop signs shall be posted at all street intersections, and at all entrances to parking bays for residential development. Temporary street signs must be posted before the use of vehicular traffic, inclusive of construction vehicles. Permanent street signs and stop signs must be posted prior to the occupancy of any house or unit being served by the street.

- **604.06 A**. Street name signs shall be installed at all street intersections in accordance with Details 650.52 and 650.53 of this manual.
- **610.06 D.** Before occupancy of any single-family attached unit, the parking spaces assigned to the particular unit should be demarcated or marked (labeled) on the curb.
- **610.06 H.** The cost of luminaires shall be bonded with the County during the site plan approval. The luminaires shall be installed prior to occupancy of any unit in which the luminaires service. Deviation from this requirement, due to utility company policies, will be reviewed and approved on a case-by-case basis by the director of Transportation.

610.08 Accessible Parking:

- **A.** Accessible parking and building or sidewalk accessibility shall be provided in accordance with the current edition of the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code (VUSBC).
- **B.** Accessible parking spaces shall be identified by above grade signs and demarcated in accordance with Details 650.57 and 650.58 of this manual and ADAAG (Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines) standards.
- **C.** Accessible parking spaces shall be located as close as possible to a main building entrance ramp or walkway. However, the Director of Transportation may require some spaces at alternate locations to provide greater accessibility for the entire development. A combination of ramps, walkways, crosswalks or curb ramps shall be required in conjunction with those spaces.
- **D.** Where curb exists between the parking lot and sidewalk, an inclined approach shall be provided to allow convenient access for wheelchairs. Built-up curb ramps shall be located so that they do not project into vehicular traffic lanes. This approach shall have a slope of not more than one (1) foot in twelve (12) feet and be three (3) feet wide, exclusive of flare sides. Inclined approaches shall be provided and arranged to allow convenient access to a building entrance and from one (1) curb area to another. Such approaches shall be provided at intervals not exceeding one hundred (100) feet.
- **E.** A request for modification of any of the requirements of this section must be submitted in writing to the Director of Transportation.
- **710.05 A.** All approved plan(s) and permit shall be required to be on the job site during construction. The approved grading plan is used to check the final grading prior to the issuance of the occupancy permit. The occupancy permit may be denied if the grading plan and the actual grading of the site do not substantially agree.
- **710.06 F.** No occupancy permit shall be issued until all retaining walls in the general area of the units scheduled for occupancy have been constructed, inspected and approved.

711.04 A. Subdivision Lighting: On each single-family detached residential building lot within a subdivision, where the minimum required lot area is twenty thousand (20,000) square feet or less including lots with no minimum area requirements, the subdivider shall install a yard light on each lot which conforms to the design standards of this manual (See Exhibit 21-DCSM Section 700). All required yard lights shall be installed prior to occupancy.





Commercial Phasing Guidelines:

The following guidelines are for phasing of townhome/condominium developments or commercial/industrial site for occupancy purposes.

- 1. Unless a multi-family residential or multi-tenant commercial/industrial project can be built and occupied as a complete, contiguous unit, an occupancy phasing plan must be completed by the developer and approved by the site inspector; there is an associated cost per approved phase. Please see most current fee schedule.
- 2. If an occupancy phasing plan is required, no occupancy inspections will be scheduled without an approved occupancy phasing plan. There is an occupancy inspection fee per phase.
- 3. A minimum of five (5) occupancy plans must be submitted for approval, such plans will be stamped as approved, and signed and dated by the site inspector. One copy must be available on site for any occupancy inspection. In lieu of paper copies, an electronic review and approval will be acceptable. Contact the PWC-EMD or PWC-DOT site inspector for further information.
- 4. A residential phase may not have less than one townhouse row or building unit.
- 5. The first phase must include all required frontage improvements including street lights, sidewalks, traffic control signs, functioning stormwater management, etc. All subsequent phases must include safe ingress and egress of emergency vehicles, landscaping, signage, ADA, striping, etc.
- 6. Grading around each building shall be in accordance with the building code, 6% fall within the first 10 feet. All other grading shall be in general conformance with the approved grading plan. There should be no trees planted, utility boxes installed, or any other structure placed within Prince William County's easements
- 7. The last phase should contain approximately 25% of the total number of units.
- 8. If, after approval, it is necessary for a builder to split a phase which has at least two rows or blocks of residential units, or two commercial/industrial units, the phasing plan should be revised. At the inspectors discretion new phasing fees may be required for adjusted phases.
- 9. During the final phase inspection, the entire site should be inspected to ensure completion of all non-bonded items. If any of the non-bonded items are not complete at this time, the site inspector will prepare a punch list of deficiencies. A cash escrow of an acceptable amount to be determined by Environmental Management and Transportation, must be posted with the Bond Administrator prior to issuance of the final occupancy as a guarantee that this work will be done diligently.
- 10. The site work for the entire phase will be inspected for compliance with the approved site plans, Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Laws & Regs, and PWCs Design and Construction Standards Manual.





FY26 Occupancy Phasing Plan Fee Verification:

PART A: APPLICANT					
ND NUMBER:	Number of Phases Requested:				
PROJECT NAME/SECTION PHASE:					
CONTACT PERSON:	EMAIL:				
ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE:				
PART B: DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS/DEPT. OF TR	RANSPORTATION USE ONLY				
have reviewed the occupancy plans for the ref	erenced project. These plans will be approved upon				
verification that the appropriate fees have been	paid as follows:				
The number of phases approved/revised is:	@ \$130.15/per phase.				
Site Inspector Name/Signature	Date				
St	taff Use Only				
ILP#	Amount Received (@ \$130.15 per phase): \$				
D : 1D	RCPT #				
Received By:					





FY26 OCCUPANCY SITE INSPECTION REQUEST

LND NUMBER:	One form per building inspection				
PROJECT NAME*:					
*Note: Use formal project name as shown on County-ap	วprovea	plan.			
Check all that apply (One must be selected): Final Occupancy		Extenstion (# of Days):			
Temporary Occupancy		Partial Occupancy			
Site or Subdivision Plan Number:		SECTION / PHASE:			
Site Address (es):					
Building Permit Number(s):					
Lot or Building Number(s):					
THE FOLLOWING MUST BE PROVIDED TO SCHEDUI	LE A SIT	'E INSPECTION:			
Completed Impervious Area Certification Form	if requ	estion Final Occupancy			
COMPANY NAME:					
CONTACT PERSON:					
EMAIL:					
ADDRESS:					
TELEPHONE NUMBER:					
It is understood that the requested site inspection	will be s	scheduled within three (3) working days and conducted			
within five (5) working days, weather permitting. It is	further	understood that a Certificate of Use and Occupancy will			
be issued only when either all outstanding items have	e been c	completed or the developer has provided assurance (cash			
escrow or irrevocable letter of credit) in an amount	sufficie	nt to complete the unfinished work as described on the			
site inspection report punch list items.					
APPLI	CANT SI	IGNATURE:			
SITE IN	NSPECT(OR SIGNATURE:			
Si	taff Use	? Only			
ILP #	_ A	Amount received (@ \$185.03 / per bldg.):			
Received By:	F	RCPT:			
Received/Emailed Date:	_ S	Site Inspection Area			





Impervious Area Calculation:

PWC Site Plan Name:	Marketing Name:
Site Address:	Parcel Address:
Site GPIN:	Is this a Phased Project? Yes No
Land Permit Number: LND	PWC Plan Number:
The total impervious area (footprint) with feet.	in the site (outside of any public right-of-way) is square
This includes all new paved areas such as areas with dirt or gravel surfaces.	s driveways, parking areas, roofs, sidewalks etc. This does not include
CERTIFIED BY:	
Printed Name of P.E. or L.S.	Date
Signature	VA. License #
RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO ENV SUITE 170, PRINCE WILLIAM, VA 22192.	IRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT DIVISION, 5 COUNTY COMPLEX COURT,
	For Office Use
Account Number:	Occupancy Inspection Date:
Information Verified:	Recorded By:
Storm Billing Notes:	



Requirements for Opening a New Road to the General Public:

Correction of any violation items
Approval by PWC-DOT Site Inspector
Density testing records up-to-date
VDOT approval of large (>36 sf) storm drainage structures
Base pavement
Guardrail (if necessary)
Installation of signage and striping per approved signage and striping plan
Snow caps around manholes (if not topped)
Removal of all dumpsters, portable toilets and construction material from the right-of-way
Street Lights (when required)
Traffic Control Signals (when required)
Other (Concerns relevant to a specific project)

General Street Lighting Notes:

The following pages contain miscellaneous requirements and general notes which are pertinent to the County's street lighting process. Please see the "Street Lighting Guide for Developers" for a full summary of the street lighting process.

The developer shall contact the Street Lighting Program Coordinator (SLPC) within 10 days of the pre-construction meeting to initiate the installation process. The street lighting process can be extensive and may take longer than six months to complete. Therefore, developers shall submit their project's Street Lighting Packet to the SLPC within 30 days of the pre-construction meeting. If revisions are made to the projects street lighting design the developer shall be responsible for submitting a revised Street Lighting Packet to the SLPC.

An approved County site plan does not constitute an approved street lighting plan. The approved County plan will be checked by the SLPC for deficiencies pertaining to the DCSM street lighting requirements by the SLPC. The applicant will be notified if corrections to the submitted plans are necessary. All site plans will have a final review for street lighting requirements by the SLPC. If revisions are necessary, it is the responsibility of the developer/applicant to make the necessary changes to meet the County or VDOT's street lighting requirements. It is also the responsibility of the developer/applicant to contact the SLPC for corrections concerning street lighting requirements.

Developers are required by the County to install street lighting in all new developments. Section 602.13 now requires that in single-family detached residential developments and single-family attached and multi-family developments a minimum of two (2) luminaires shall be provided at all entrances. A minimum of two (2) luminaires shall be provided at all internal intersections within the development where the minor street carries greater than four hundred (400) vehicles per day. One luminaire shall also be provided at all public and private cul-de-sacs, stub-outs, and dead ends, including temporary cul-de-sacs. In addition, two (2) roadway luminaires shall be provided at all entrances of commercial industrial developments that carry greater than 400 (400) vehicles per day (vpd). One (1) roadway luminaire shall be provided at all primary and secondary entrances of commercial and industrial developments that carry greater than two hundred (200) vehicles per day (vpd).

The developer shall submit to the SLPC a Street Lighting Packet to include a clear and legible copy of the most recent and up to date set of approved County site plan sheets pertinent to the street lighting for their project; with a plan cover sheet, plan pages that have been highlighted showing the proposed streetlight types and their locations as well as the unit price list/quantities sheet. Together with the plan sheets shall be a cover letter outlining the proposed number of streetlights, fixture type, wattage, project name, project address, Prince William County approved plan/file number, contact information for the developer (and or party responsible for billing), magisterial district and the name of the servicing power company. A PDF file of the complete approved plan set shall also be submitted for the County's electronic filing system. Incomplete packets shall be returned for correction and submittal.

If applicable, the developer will be responsible for providing copies of all Special Use Permit Conditions as well as all Proffers which pertain to street lighting for their proposed development.

It shall be the sole responsibility of the developer to make sure that the proposed streetlight designs are in accordance with the most current Prince William County Design and Construction Standards Manual (DCSM), the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) specifications and standards as well as any additional requirements set forth by the servicing power companies. If discrepancies are found within the street lighting submittal, the SLPC will issue a letter to the developer outlining the deficiencies which will need to be corrected before final approval is given. Once the appropriate corrections have been made, the developer shall submit a revised set of site plans to the SLPC for review and final approval. If the specifications and standards are met, then the SLPC will issue an authorization letter and preliminary design sketch to the servicing power company to obtain a cost estimate for the developments proposed street lighting.

The Developer will work directly with the servicing power company to accurately stake and install the proposed street lighting locations. It shall be the sole responsibility of the developer to confirm that the pole placements are correct and per Prince William County and VDOT specifications and standards. If relocation of the lights within the project is required to meet set standards subsequent to installation, the developer shall be responsible for all expenses incurred by the

servicing power company. The developer shall also be responsible for the cost of any required easements if relocation is necessary.

Waivers to the DCSM criteria for street lighting are reviewed on a case-by-case basis. Whenever feasible a field adjustment to the approved site plan will be made to correct the deficiency in lieu of a waiver. If the waiver is still necessary, it shall be the responsibility of the applicant to fill out and submit the DCSM Waiver form. The applicant shall also be responsible for all costs associated with the processing of the waiver and or required plan revisions.

The developer is responsible for granting utility easements and financing the cost of all construction related to the installation of streetlights for their development. Upon final inspection and approval by the County the servicing electric company will then be authorized to add the projects streetlights monthly service and yearly maintenance costs to the County's street lighting account.

The developer shall have the "Acknowledgement of Streetlight Installations Form" signed by the prospective property owners and notarized if the required streetlights have not been installed by the servicing power company prior to the request for occupancy. If the proposed streetlights are on the property line, then the developer shall be responsible for obtaining the signatures of both property owners. This form will be required for final lot grading inspection. Per section 601.09 of the DCSM occupancy will not be granted and developers will not be released from bond unless the "Acknowledgement of Streetlight Installations Form" is signed, notarized, and the developer possesses a paid receipt for the developments streetlights from the servicing power company.

The developer will be responsible for all costs of streetlight construction, including easement acquisitions if necessary. The servicing power company will inform the developer of any modifications or field adjustments that are needed to the streetlights shown on the approved plans that may be required to comply with current Virginia Department of Transportation specifications and standards.

Street lighting cost estimates from the servicing power company are good for 90 days. If the cost is not paid within that timeframe, then the project will have to be recalculated. Should conditions exist beyond levels included in the cost estimate (Such as the need for rock excavation and/or blasting or the presence of hazardous materials, etc.) which may substantially change the magnitude of the project, the servicing power company reserves the right to halt construction and submit a revised cost estimate. Also, the project cannot be released to their construction department until full payment has been made by the developer.

If the developer decides not to move forward with their lighting project or there is a significant lag in development time, then the servicing power company reserves the right to collect associated design fees. This amount is typically between \$400 and \$600 depending on the complexity of the associated work. In addition, if any type of redesign is needed during the design phase, the servicing power company reserves the right to charge additional fees. These fees shall be paid by the developer and may need to be collected before they continue their design process.

Section 601.09 of the DCSM no longer allows the use of decorative streetlight fixtures at the entrances to residential communities or commercial/industrial properties. The amended standard requires the use of either the cobra head or expressway/interstate style fixtures. In addition, the fixtures shall have full cut-off lenses and provide Type III light distribution. Waivers for this requirement will not be granted. Decorative, area, or security lighting fixtures are acceptable as internal roadway lighting if the fixtures have full cut-off lenses and provide Type III light distribution.

When a developer is requesting a change and or pole relocation on a plan after it has been approved by the Department of Development Services, a field revision may be granted by the Street Lighting Program Coordinator (SLPC) without the developer having to resubmit a revised site plan through the Department of Development Services. This shall be done only if all specifications and standards are met. The developer will submit in writing a revised plan showing the proposed changes. Once the letter and plans have been reviewed and approved by the SLPC then a field revision approval letter will be issued to the developer by the SLPC. However, if the proposed revisions will require an easement, then the developer will have to submit a revised plan through the Department of Development Services for approval (This is required due to the fact that all easements are recorded within the Department of Development Services).

From receipt of the developer's Street Lighting Packet the SLPC shall have 45 days to review the developers Street Lighting Packet and confirm that the proposed street lighting is acceptable per the County's DCSM, Special Use Permit Conditions and Proffers as well as VDOT's standards. If discrepancies are found within the site plan, the developer shall be responsible for making the appropriate changes and resubmitting a revised Street Lighting Packet. From receipt of the revised packet the SLPC shall have an additional 14 days to complete the review process. If a DCSM Waiver is requested, upon receipt of the processed waiver the SLPC shall have 14 days to complete the review.

Developers which have not met the required lighting standards per their developments approved plan shall not receive priority status for reviews. i.e. developers who are within the Occupancy of Bond Release process, shall not receive preferential treatment over applicants already within the review process. In these situations, they will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

If a DSCM Waiver is requested and either Special Use Permit Conditions or Proffers exist pertaining to street lighting for the proposed development, it may be denied. Special Use Permit Conditions and Proffers would preside over Waivers. In these situations, they will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

The servicing power company will not release jobs for construction until the developer/applicant has made full payment for their bonded streetlights. In addition, the developer must have finalized all of the cable runs, grading within the area or lot where the lighting is proposed to within six inches of final grade and all sidewalks, shared use trail and guardrail have been installed.

Special Notes:

It shall be the sole responsibility of the developer to confirm that the pole placements are correct and meet all current Prince William County, Virginia Department of Transportation's specifications and standards. If relocation of the lights within the project is required to meet current standards subsequent to installation, the developer will be responsible for all expenses incurred by the servicing power company. The developer shall also be responsible for the cost of any required easements or permits if relocation is necessary.

Poles which are set within utility strips, VDOT clear zone, VDOT right-of-way or any other easements (without County & VDOT permits) whether they are shown in those locations on the approved site plan or not shall be the responsibility of the developer to have relocated and pay any associated fees for their relocation.

It shall be the sole responsibility of the developer to have all private utilities marked. These may include but are not limited to the following: sprinkler systems, invisible fencing or phone and water lines. It is the developer's responsibility to mark any private facilities that may be damaged during streetlight construction. The servicing power company will not be responsible for damage to private facilities if their location is not clearly marked in the field.

The developer shall be responsible for all costs associated with the relocation of any poles which do not meet current County and State specifications and standard. This includes any easement costs and or permit costs which may be associated with the relocation.

The developer's bond money will be used to correct any deficiencies pertaining to the projects street lighting plan. Occupancy permits will not be granted, and the bond money will not be released until all current standards and specifications have been met.

Occupancy Inspections for Street Lighting:

Prior to the issuance of occupancy permits, the streetlights should be installed as per approved plans at project entrances, street intersections, cul-de-sacs, etc. and in the general vicinity of the homes to be occupied. However, if street lights have not been installed due to servicing Power Company's scheduling procedures, the following two documents must be submitted to the County inspector conducting the occupancy inspections:

- 1. A paid receipt from the servicing power company, at least 30 days prior to the occupancy request. This will indicate that the developer has paid the necessary fees allowing the servicing power company sufficient time to install the required streetlights.
- 2. A fully executed Statement of "Acknowledgement of Streetlight Installations Form" signed by the future property owners at closing.

Whenever possible, the site inspectors should remind the developers/ superintendents that in order to avoid delays, the streetlights should be installed well ahead of the planned occupancy inspection requests to the County.

Memo:

The Street Lighting Branch requires that an "Acknowledgement of Streetlight Installations Form" be signed and submitted by the builder or developer from the homeowner(s) in the immediate vicinity of the proposed streetlight location requesting occupancy. This requirement will remain in effect until the servicing power company completes all the streetlight installations included with the performance bond.

If the required streetlights have not been installed prior to the request for occupancy, then the developer is responsible to provide temporary lighting at locations shown on the approved plan or streetlight sketch and complete the "Temporary Street Lighting Request for Occupancy" form. If the temporary lighting is not provided or maintained, then a fee of \$1,000 dollars is required to be paid for each month the streetlight(s) are not installed. Furthermore, after 3 months if the streetlight(s) are not installed, then the fee will increase by \$1,000 and remain until such time as the streetlights have been installed. The temporary streetlights shall be solar, or gas powered.

You may contact the Prince William County Street Lighting Program Coordinator at the following address if you have any questions or comments. Also, please submit all Street Lighting Packet's to the address below.

Richard "Ricky" Hagstrom
Street Lighting Program Coordinator
Prince William County
Department of Transportation
5 County Complex Court, Suite 290
Prince William, Virginia 22192

Phone: 703-792-6823 Email: rhagstrom@pwcgov.org

These notes do not preclude any authority of the Design and Constructions Standards Manual, Zoning Ordinance, Uniform Building Code, Special Use Permit Conditions, Proffers or VDOT specifications and standards. Should there be any questions, please contact the Planning Department at (703) 792-6830 or the Street Lighting Program Coordinator at (703) 792-6823.



Ricardo Canizales

Director of Transportation

Effective Date 2/4/2019

Street Lighting Agreement:

The Prince William County Pre-Construction Package Minimum Inspection Program states streetlights shall be installed as shown on the approved plans or as amended by the Street Lighting Program Coordinator (SLPC) to meet County and State standards prior to the issuance of occupancy.

The developer shall contact the SLPC within ten (10) business days after the pre-construction meeting to initiate the installation process. This process is extensive and may cause delay in obtaining occupancy.

By signing below, I agree that I am fully cognizant of all street lighting requirements associated with the Pre-Construction Package.

Project:		Plan:
Owner's Rep (Print):		Signature:
O Nickeyine)		presentative to forward document to the Owner for review, signature
Owner:		
Project:		Plan:
Owner (Print):		Signature:
Title:		Date:
		Date:
Notary: This agreement shall be sig meeting.	gned by the owner, and given to t	Date: the Site Inspector within (10) business days after the pre-construction
Notary: This agreement shall be sig meeting. STATE OF	gned by the owner, and given to t	
Notary: This agreement shall be sig meeting.	gned by the owner, and given to t	
Notary: This agreement shall be sigmeeting. STATE OF COUNTY OF I, the undersigned, a Notar	gned by the owner, and given to t, to with: y Public in and for the jurisdiction	
Notary: This agreement shall be sigmeeting. STATE OF COUNTY OF I, the undersigned, a Notar	gned by the owner, and given to t, to with: y Public in and for the jurisdiction	the Site Inspector within (10) business days after the pre-construction n aforesaid, do hereby certify that signed to the foregoing Street Lighting Agreement, has personally
Notary: This agreement shall be sigmeeting. STATE OF COUNTY OF I, the undersigned, a Notar	gned by the owner, and given to t , to with: y Public in and for the jurisdiction , whose name is s	the Site Inspector within (10) business days after the pre-construction on aforesaid, do hereby certify that signed to the foregoing Street Lighting Agreement, has personally ction.
Notary: This agreement shall be sigmeeting. STATE OF COUNTY OF I, the undersigned, a Notar	gned by the owner, and given to	the Site Inspector within (10) business days after the pre-construction on aforesaid, do hereby certify that signed to the foregoing Street Lighting Agreement, has personally ction.

Per Section 601.09 – Street Lights, Paragraph E of the PWC DCSM, prior to issuance of occupancy permits for lots in the vicinity of the roadway luminaries, the luminaries shall be installed, as per the approved plans.

PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF STREETLIGHT INSTALLATIONS



Prince William County requires streetlight installations prior to occupancy in residential subdivisions. Sometimes the electric utility companies' schedules preclude this from happening. Therefore, in certain situations, the County will allow occupancy of residential units upon receipt of an acknowledged statement from the affected property owner(s).

A streetlight shall be installed in this vicinity in the near future by direction of the Prince William County Department of Transportation in accordance with the Design and Construction Standards Manual. [ADDRESS] on Lot Number _____in ____Phase ____Section ____.

[SUBDIVISION NAME] I (we) am (are) the prospective property owner(s) at the above location and acknowledge that the servicing electric utility company shall be installing the streetlight(s) per the County's approved site plan and in accordance with the Design and Construction Standards Manual as their schedule permits but not later than the release of the developer's performance bond. This notarized acknowledgement letter shall be signed only by the prospective property owner(s). Any other signature(s) shall not be accepted. The signed letter shall be kept on file with the developer and a copy delivered to the Prince William County Street Lighting Program Coordinator. [Signature] [Date] State of _____ City/County of _____ Sworn to and subscribed before me this [Signature] [Date] _Day of $_$

[Signature of Notary Public]

My commission expires _____ AFFIX SEAL



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 4975 Alliance Drive Fairfax, VA 22030

GREGORY A WHIRLEY COMMISSIONER

March 26, 2012

Mr. Tom Blaser
Director of Transportation
County of Prince William
5 County Complex Court Suite 290
Prince William, Va. 22192

Subject: Phased Construction of Subdivision and Secondary Streets

Dear Mr. Blaser,

We have recently reviewed the Department's policy on phased construction of subdivision and secondary streets in the Northern Virginia District. As before, phased construction is acceptable provided no more than 10 percent of the intermediate/base course required patching prior to placement of the final surface course. Streets which require more than 10 percent of the intermediate/base course to be patched must be completely replaced to adequately repair the deficient pavement layer, if necessary to subgrade elevation.

While current practice is to place the intermediate/base course early on in the construction process and then allow construction traffic over the partially constructed pavement, adequate attention must be paid to these heavy loadings during design to prevent premature failure of pavements which are exposed to construction traffic over extended periods of time. Although the intent of this phased construction is to prevent damage to the final surface during construction, the Northern Virginia District recommends that a maximum exposure limits of 2 years should be placed on phased construction to prevent premature deterioration of the partially constructed pavements.

As always we are striving to achieve a high quality and long lasting pavement structure without imposing an undue financial burden on the development community and we appreciate your support. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me at (703) 259-1998.

//Original signed//

David P Shiells, P.E. District Materials Engineer

cc: Art Klos

Maria Sinner, P.E.

Alexandra Tuliszka, P.E.

VirginiaDOT.org
WE KEEP VIRGINIA MOVING

Clarification of staged surfacing of subdivision and secondary streets:

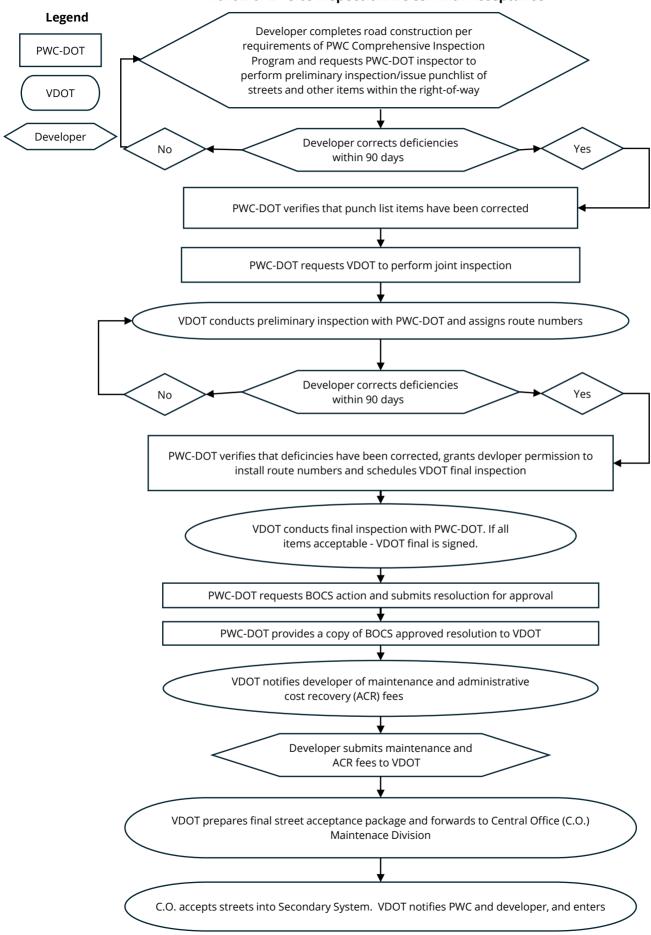
DCSM 602.11

- **H.** For staged construction, two and one-half (2-1/2) inches shall be the maximum thickness of the bituminous concrete surface (SM-9.5A or SM-9.5D). The thickness of each lift shall be of one and one quarter (1-1/4 inches).
- If staged construction is performed, a four (4) foot radius area, measured from the center of the manhole cover around protruding utility manholes, shall be paved with leveling asphalt concrete surface mix (SM-9.5A) to provide a relatively smooth riding surface. In addition, the asphalt concrete paved peripheries shall be painted with twelve (12) inch wide white colored paint acceptable to County inspectors. The maximum exposure limit for staged construction shall be two (2) years, unless it is extended by the Director of Transportation.

Virginia Department of Transportation Prince William Residency Street Acceptance Process Part 1 of 2 - Draft Resolution and Paper Package Legend Developer completes road construction per requirements of PWC **PWC Comprehensive Inspection** Program. VDOT Developer submits recorded plats, approved plan and composite (if required) to PWC-DOT Developer Site Inspection Supervisor PWC-DOT reviews plats, plan and complosite plat to identifies streets eligiblity for acceptance, and prepares street data for BOCS resolution Developer Deficiencies? No Yes corrects deficiencies VDOT reviews plan, plats and composite identifies streets eligible for acceptence and confirms street data for BOCS resolution Developer Deficiencies? No corrects deficiencies PWC-DOT genererates electronic draft resolution, once VDOT verifies, electronic draft resolution is sent to the developer Draft allows developer to obtain LUP's, and prepares paper package PWCDOT inspector meets with developer to review paper package Developer No Deficiencies? Yes corrects deficiencies Inspector schedules meeting with VDOT and developer to review package Meeting at VDOT office with inspector and developer to paper package Developer Deficiencies? No corrects deficiencies Checklist signed and distrubuted indicating paper package approval

Proceed to Inspection Process for Street Acceptance flowchart

Virginia Department of Transportation Prince William Residency Street Acceptance Process Part 2 of 2 - Site Inspection/BOCS/Final Acceptance



Paper Review Date:	
--------------------	--

Check List for Street Acceptance Paper Review in Prince William County:

PROJ	ECT:
Secti	on 1: For preparation of the draft resolution
	(The documents listed in this section will be kept by VDOT)
1.	Construction Plan – (1) full size copy of the approved construction plan.
2.	Record Plats – (1) full-scale copy for VDOT Permits. All plats must be recorded and show the deed book, page number and date, or the instrument number. Include an electronic copy of all recorded plats by USB Flash Drive or Zip File emailed to VDOT.
3.	Composite Sketch – ONLY NECESSARY when overall street layout for current section cannot be easily understood from record plat. TBD by VDOT and/or the County, (2) copies will be required.
<u>Secti</u>	on 2: For paper package review (A copy of the plans, record plats and composite sketch will need to be
	provided for review purposes only.)
_4.	Legal Instruments – subdivision deed, quitclaim deeds and/or Subordination of Rights Agreement, vacated easements, turn-around easements, etc. All documents must be recorded and show the deed book, page number and date, or the instrument number.
5.	As-built Plans – Provide a USB Flash Drive or Zip File emailed to VDOT containing as-built plans in PDF format with each plan sheet in a separate file with the subdivision name, page number in the file name.
6.	Final Approval Letter from Prince William County Service Authority or Virginia American Water.
_7.	Storm Sewer TV – All punch list items have been satisfied and verified by PWC DOT inspector prior to VDOT preliminary walk. Valid for one and a half (1.5) years. Date of TV:
_ 8.	Project Data Sheet - Prince William County – complete Subdivision Name, Developer Name, Design Engineer, and Contractor Information.
9.	Segment Data Sheet - Prince William County - A separate form needs to be completed for each line item on the draft resolution.
10.	Approved Pavement Design – provide a copy of the Pavement Re-Design Approval letter from Prince William County indicating the approved pavement design for each street.
11.	Draft Resolution – (1) copy of the Board of Supervisors' draft resolution. Include approved resolution if available. Include approved resolution prior to street acceptance.
12.	Approval letter from Bridge Section for Drainage Structures with an opening > 36 SF.

13.	In Place Permit application nee	s/Utilities (LUP-IPP) – Provide a copy of the signed Land Use Permit – eds to be submitted for each utility company with facilities in the right-sketch/plan showing the location of the facilities with each application.
14.		ns / P.W.C. – Applications submitted from P.W.C. for landscaping, /DOT, etc. Applications must include (2) copies of plans. Landscaping y V.D.O.T.
15.	irrigation systems. Applications	is / H.O.A. – Applications submitted from the developer or H.O.A. for s must include (1) copy of the plans that have been pre-approved by nd permit are required at the time of final inspection and paperwork
16.		rtified by professional engineer shall be submitted for VDOT approval for any road to be posted other than the statutory speed limit.
17.		for extrinsic structures (dams, tunnels, etc.), VDOT snow removal s, speed studies, school signs. Pavement marking plans, SSAR waivers,
Note:	•	ate <u>N/A</u> in the appropriate check box. PLEMENT for further explanation of paperwork.
PWC Ir	nspector: D	Developer Rep:

Rev. 7/2024 Prince William Permits, VDOT Paper Review Date: _____

Rev. 11/2022 Prince William Permits, VDOT

Assembly Requirements for VDOT Street Acceptance Paperwork Review

(SUPPLEMENT to Check List for Street Acceptance Paper Review in Prince William County)

PLEASE ARRANGE PAPERWORK IN ENVELOPES AS FOLLOWS:

ENVELOPE #1 (*Please write project name and contents on envelope*):

- **Legal Instruments** (subdivision deed, quit claim deeds and/or Subordination of Rights Agreement, turn-around easements, etc.).
- **As-built** plan on Flash Drive shall be placed in envelope or a Zip File can be emailed to VDOT. An as-built hardcopy is sometimes helpful but is not required.
- **Final Approval Letter** from Prince William County Service Authority or Virginia American Water.
- **Storm Sewer TV -** report showing no deficiencies found
- Project Data Sheet Prince William County needs to be filled out with the subdivision information, and developer, design engineer and contractor name and address information. Segment Data Sheets - Prince William County need to be provided for each line item on the draft resolution.
- **Approved Pavement Design** letter(s) from Prince William County indicating the pavement design for each street within the package.
- Draft Resolution
- **Inspection Report from VDOT Bridge Section** for drainage structures or tunnels with an opening greater than 36 ft².

ENVELOPE #2 (*Please write project name and contents on envelope*):

- Submit the current version (see link below) * of the **LUP-IPP** (in place permit application for subdivision street utility) for Land Use Permits. EACH utility company shall be written on envelope. Termini must match those listed on the Draft Resolution. Plan/sketch needs to be attached to LUP-IPP's showing the location of the facilities.
- Submit the current version (see link below) * of the **LUP-A** (landscaping, irrigation permits, etc.) for all Land Use Permits that require a fee and/or a bond to the Prince William Permits Office Manager. Plans are to be included.
- Submit **maintenance agreement** (agreements for extrinsic structures, golf cart tunnels, concrete driveways in ditch sections, VDOT snow removal access, ornamental signs, etc.) shall be placed in envelope and labeled.

* NOTE: Current version of permit applications may be found on VDOT website:

<u>Land use permits | Virginia Department of Transportation</u>

Project Data Sheet - Prince William County

One copy of this form is to be filled out for each subdivision, and will be submitted with the items listed on the Check List for Street Acceptance Paper Review in Prince William County.

Subdivision Name:				
Plan approval date:				
Subdivision Manual use	ed for plan approval:	2005 SSR	2009 SSAR	2011 SSAR
SSAR Waiver		Yes		No
Proposed or actual Res		,		
Developer Name:				
Address:				
Phone #:				
Contact Person:				
Email address:				
Design Engineer:				
Address:				
Phone #:				
Contact Person:				
Email address:				
Contractor:				
Address:				
Phone #:				
Contact Person:				
Email address:				

^{***} Complete a separate Segment Data Sheet - Prince William County form (attached) for each line item on the draft resolution.

Rev. 08/2022 Prince William Permits, VDOT

Segment Data Sheet - Prince William County

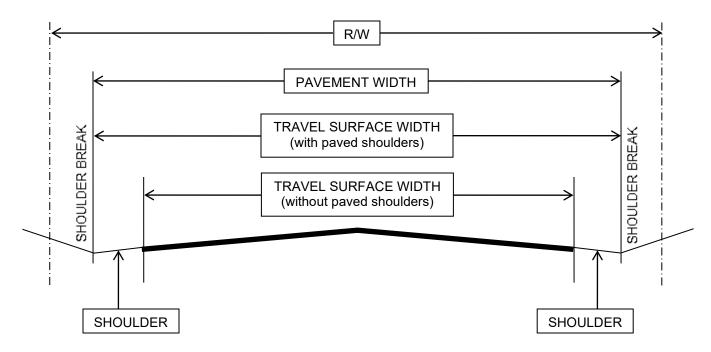
One Segment Data Sheet needs to be completed for each line item on the draft resolution, and all of the Segment Data Sheet(s) will be combined with one Project Data Sheet.

Subdivision Name:								
Street Name:								
Route Number:								
From:								
To:								
Mileage Length:								
Public Service:	3+ Occu	pied Dwellin	ngs / Co	nnecti	ng Link / Ot	her		
Pavement Design:	Surface:		Interme	ediate:		Base	e:	
Right-of-Way Width:	Min. wi	dth:			Max. width	1:		
Instrument Number(s):					Record Da	te:		
Travel Surface Width in	feet:				*			
					·			
Pavement Width in feet:					*			
Roadway Shoulder Widt	th in feet:	Left:			Right:			
Initial Number of Throu	gh Lanes:							
Ultimate Number of Thr	ough Lan	es:						
Curb & Gutter:		Left:	Yes	No	Right:		Yes	No
Sidewalk:		Left:	Yes	No	Right:		Yes	No
Shared Use Path/Trail:		Left:	Yes	No	Right:		Yes	No
Median Shoulder Width	in feet:	Left:			Right:			
Median Width in feet:		Minimum			Maximu	ım		
Median Type:			**					
Drainage Structure > 36	SF: Y	es No	Numl	er:				

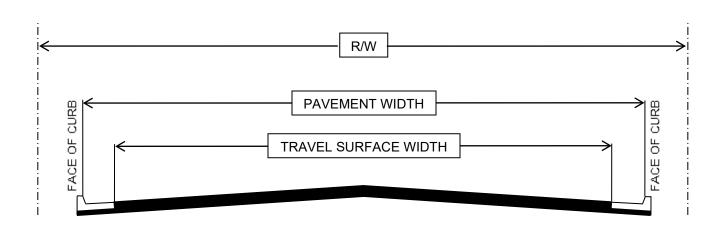
For VDOT Use Only: RIMS Entry

^{*} See attached Travel Surface and Pavement Widths Diagram to determine widths.

^{**} For example: curbed grass, concrete, depressed, etc.



RURAL TYPICAL SECTION, (SHOULDER & DITCH LINE)



URBAN TYPICAL SECTION

Travel Surface and Pavement Width Diagram

"Public Service Requirement" Alternatives Within the SSAR & SSR Regulations November 2018

- 1. Three or more occupied dwelling units: SSAR & SSR
- 2. Three or more owner occupied apartments: SSAR & SSR
- 3. Three or more owner occupied manufactured homes in a manufactured home park: SSAR & SSR
- 4. Three or more occupied stand-alone businesses: SSAR & SSR
- 5. Three or more occupied single business entities occupying an individual building: SSAR & SSR
- 6. Manufactured home parks in fee simple ownership by the residents: SSAR & SSR
- 7. Connecting segment between VDOT qualified streets: SSAR & SSR
- 8. SSAR stub out: SSAR only
- 9. SSR street extension of a road segment to subdivision boundary to facilitate continuity: SSR only
- 10.SSR cul-de-sac less than 0.25 mile if acceptance will complete acceptance of all streets within the subject section of subdivision: SSR only
- 11. Street to access to schools, churches, public sanitary landfills, transfer stations, public recreational facilities or similar facilities open to public use: SSAR & SSR
- 12. Use serves at least 100 vehicles per day generated by an office building, industrial site, or nonresidential: SSAR & SSR
- 13. Network of streets in a locality's Transportation or Comprehensive Plan serving at least 100 vehicles per day: SSAR & SSR
- 14. Multifamily, townhouse, and retail shopping complex through street deemed to provide public service by VDOT: SSAR & SSR
- 15. Individual streets serving state or local economic development projects: SSAR & SSR
- 16. VDOT funded construction project: SSAR & SSR
- 17. Other (please specify):



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PHILIP A. SHUCET COMMISIONER

14686 Avion Parkway Chantilly, VA 20151 (703) 383-VDOT (8368)

THOMAS F. FARLEY
DISTRICT ADMINISTRATOR

July 31, 2002

MEMORANDUM

To: NOVA District Residencies NOVA District Permit Section

Re: Bridge Safety and Acceptance Inspections for Bridge Structures Constructed by Developers or Local Municipal and Government Agencies

As you are all aware, NOVA District Structure and Bridge is regularly requested to accept Bridges and culverts, constructed and inspected by developers or local municipal and government agencies, into the state maintenance system. Acceptance of a bridge, culvert, or related structure will require two (2) different inspections by the NOVA District Structure and Bridge Section.

- A **Bridge Safety/Inventory Inspection** is required **prior** to opening the structure to Public traffic
- A **Final Construction Inspection** is required **prior** to accepting the structure for VDOT maintenance. While it is suggested that these two (2) inspections be held simultaneously, that is not a requirement since on some projects this may not be practical.

A brief description of each inspection, and the documentation required from the developer or agency, is provided in the following paragraphs. To ensure consistent standards are maintained throughout the NOVA District, these requirements must be satisfied before structures are inspected and accepted by NOVA District Structure and Bridge.

Bridge Safety/Inventory Inspection

This inspection serves as the initial inspection of the structure. It is required by federal law to insure that the structure meets current design and safety criteria. Data gathered includes location, date completed/open to traffic, alignment, description, horizontal/vertical clearances, stream data, bridge element description and condition data, and traffic safety features. The information is entered into Virginia's Bridge Management System and a unique number is assigned to the structure for future in-service inspections or other actions.

7/1/2010

For the inspection, the developers or government agency shall ensure that all *structural elements are accessible*. This requirement may dictate that the developer or agency provide:

- Man-lifts, bucket trucks, under bridge inspection vehicles, boats, or other equipment necessary to inspect the bridge.
 - Plans, personnel, and equipment to implement traffic control measures.

The inspection shall be requested through the Permits Section or the appropriate VDOT Residency. The following information must be submitted along with the request.

- A copy of the approved design plans and shop drawings ("AS BUILT" changes should be included for work completed to date)
- Certified test reports of materials used to date.
- Certified test reports of foundations in place to date.
- Drainage information, i.e. drainage area, HEC II, etc.

In most cases, the structure must be substantially complete (i.e., roadway, curbs, and slopes on the approaches and underneath the structures are already in place) before the inspection will be performed.

Final Construction/Acceptance Inspection

Final Acceptance inspections will be conducted, in accordance with Section 105.15b of the VDOT Road and Bridge Specifications, to insure that the completed structure was constructed in accordance with the approved plans, standards, and specifications. The project field inspection staff, contractor, and representatives of the developer or government agency shall be in attendance during the inspection. As described for **Safety Inspections**, the developer or agency is responsible for providing traffic control measures and access to all bridge elements necessary for performing the inspection.

This inspection shall be requested through the Permits Section or the appropriate VDOT Residency. The following information must be submitted along with the request:

- A full size copy of "AS BUILT" plans and shop drawings, stamped by a Professional Engineer, and suitable for microfilming.
- Original approved working drawings, stamped by a Professional Engineer, of the support excavation design, mechanically stabilized wall systems, overhead sign support structures, welding details, product descriptions, catalog cuts, and other structural details required for the completion of the work.
- A compilation of certifications attesting to satisfactory results of tests of materials, workmanship, and adherence to the following quality control standards:
- o VDOT, <u>Road and Bridge Standards</u>, current version and Supplemental Instructional and Informational Memoranda.
 - o VDOT, Road and Bridge Specifications, current version including Special Provisions.
 - o VDOT, Manual of Instructions and Virginia Test Method Manual.

• A letter, signed and stamped by a Professional Engineer on behalf of the developer or agency, certifying that: "The bridges, culverts, retaining walls, signs, and other structures defined herein were, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, constructed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications for this project."

Upon completion of this inspection a letter will be prepared, from the District Structure and Bridge Engineer to the Permit Section or Residency, recommending acceptance or specifying any deficiencies, including incomplete work, that must be resolved before the structure is accepted by VDOT. If a structure was <u>not</u> accepted, the developer or agency shall fix the deficiencies and notify the District Structure and Bridge Engineer by submitting a letter, signed and stamped by a Professional Engineer, certifying that the deficiencies have been corrected. Depending on the severity of the deficiencies, as judged by the District Structure and Bridge Engineer, another inspection may be performed or acceptance may be immediately recommended. If a bridge structure that is open to traffic is not accepted into the VDOT System prior to the next required Safety Inspection (normally two (2) years), the developer or local municipal and government agency is responsible for performing a Safety Inspection that confirms to the Code of Federal Regulations 23, Highways Part 650. Subpart C – National Bridge Inspection Standards.

This Memorandum clarifies, but does not change, the procedures and requirements specified in a previous memorandum dated April 28, 1999. Please provide a copy of this updated Memorandum to developers, contractors, and local municipal and government agencies in Your area of geographic responsibility. It is suggested it also be attached to the approved permit for the construction of any applicable structures.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact the District Structure and Bridge Engineer at (703) 383-2117.

Sincerely,

//Original signed//
Nicholas J. Roper, P.E.
District Structure and Bridge Engineer

cc: John Depasquale Morteza Salehi Subject: Request for inspection - Load ratings

Importance: High

AII,

Please pass this on.

In the future when a developer / designer makes a request for the safety/inventory inspection for (**Bridges including con-spans**) a load rating needs to be included with the request.

Once the structure is open, then DMV may need to issue a permit to carry a large load across the structure. The load rating is very important; in case we get a call and asked for the load limitations on a structure. Waiting to request the load rating when a Final is completed takes too long.

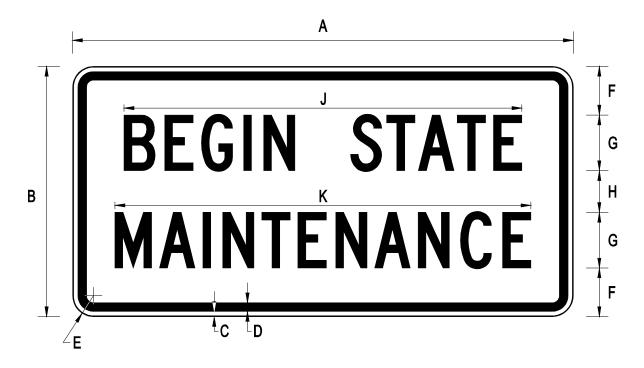
Thank you for you attention to this matter.

Nova Structure/Bridge

Ray Tudge

Safety Inspection Team Leader

7/1/2010



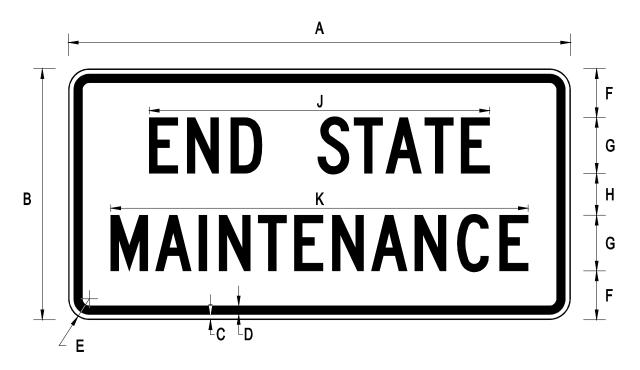
These signs shall be constructed at the beginning and end of those sections of routes maintained by the State.

I-V3a
BEGIN STATE MAINTENANCE

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K
36	18	0.375	0.625	1.5	3.5	4 C	3	28.6	29.9

COLORS: LEGEND — BLACK

BACKGROUND — WHITE (RETROREFLECTIVE)



These signs shall be constructed at the beginning and end of those sections of routes maintained by the State.

I-V3b END STATE MAINTENANCE

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K
36	18	0.375	0.625	1.5	3.5	4 C	3	24.4	29.9

COLORS: LEGEND — BLACK

 ${\sf BACKGROUND} \qquad - \ {\sf WHITE} \qquad \qquad ({\sf RETROREFLECTIVE})$

<u>Procedures for Obtaining a Land Use Permit for Landscaping and/or Irrigation</u> <u>within the Dedicated Right-of-Way of VDOT Maintained Roads:</u>

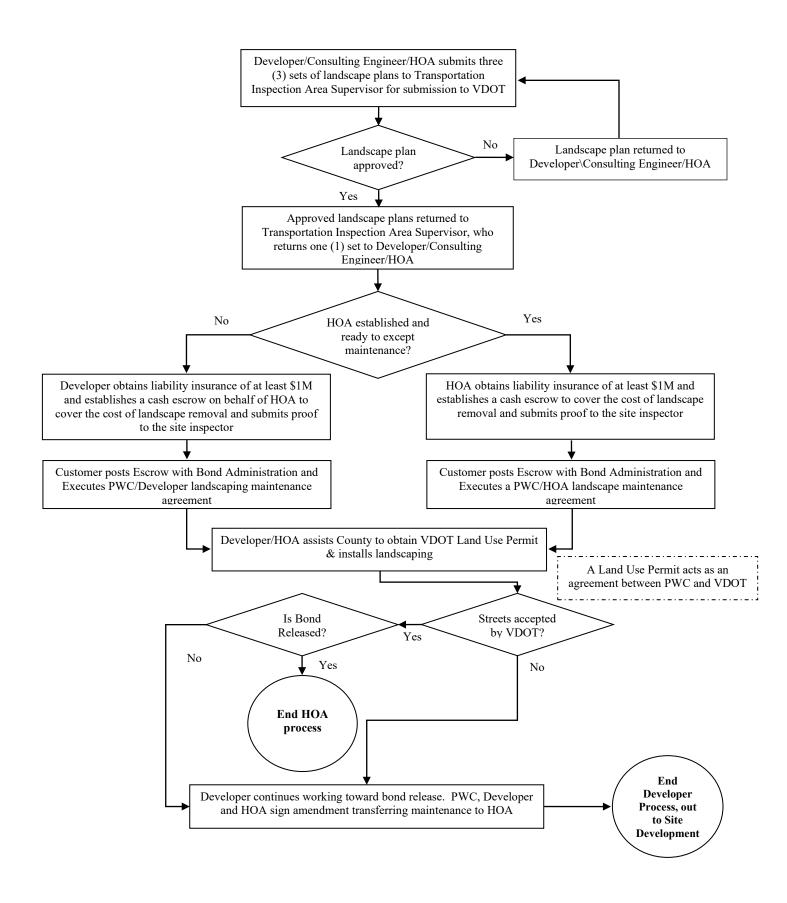
- 1. The developer/consulting engineer/HOA will submit three (3) sets of landscaping plans to the Prince William County Department of Transportation (PWC-DOT) Site Inspector Area Supervisor.
- 2. The Site Inspector Area Supervisor will forward these plans, along with a cover sheet, to the Prince William (PW) Residency Permit Manager for review and approval by the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT).
- 3. The PW Residency Permit Manager will then forward these plans to the NOVA District Land Development Section for coordination with the District Landscape Architect.
- 4. Once the landscaping plans are approved by the District Landscape Architect, the NOVA District Land Development Section will return two (2) sets of the approved landscaping plans to the VDOT Residency Permit Manager.
- 5. The VDOT PW Residency Permit Manager will return the two (2) sets of plans to the PWC DOT Site Inspector Area Supervisor. One (1) set will be returned to the developer/consulting engineer/HOA and the remaining one (1) set will be used for submission of the Land Use Permit application.
- 6. The PWC-DOT Site Inspector Area Supervisor will notify the developer/consulting engineer/HOA that he/she must take the following steps to assist the county in obtaining the Land Use Permit from the VDOT PW Residency Office:
 - Submit proof of a minimum \$1 million liability insurance policy.
 - Coordinate with the PWC-DOT Site Inspector to determine the cash escrow amount for the possible removal of landscaping. The Site Inspector will notify the Bonds and Permit Administrator in writing (or email) of the required cash escrow amount.
 - Post the cash escrow with Bonds and Permits Administrator of the PWC Land Development Division.
 - Execute Prince William County's Standard Landscaping Agreement assuming the landscaping maintenance responsibility.

- 7. Upon receipt of the documents identified in Step 6 (above), the PWC-DOT Site Inspector Area Supervisor will complete VDOT's Land Use Permit application. A copy of the Land Use Permit application will become a part of the VDOT street acceptance package.
- 8. At the time of VDOT street acceptance, the Residency Permits Manager will issue an approved Land Use Permit issued to Prince William County and return the approved permit along with one (1) set of plans to the PWC-DOT Site Inspector Area Supervisor for placement in the project file.
- 9. The Land Use Permit is then activated.
- 10. The Applicant plants landscaping.

Note:

If an irrigation system is to be installed within the dedicated right-of-way, it should be shown on the same set of plans for landscaping within the right-of-way. These plans must be approved by the Northern Virginia District Office prior to the installation of the irrigation system. If a decision to install the irrigation system is made after the landscaping plans are approved by VDOT, then it will be necessary to revise the landscaping plans to incorporate irrigation system for review and approval by the Northern Virginia District Office. Contact the Manassas Residency Permit Manager for additional information to obtain the Land Use Permit for the installation of irrigation system.

Flowchart for Landscaping in ROW







County	Bond #:	
--------	---------	--

LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

HOA ESTABLISHED AND READY TO ASSUME LANDSCAPING MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY

This Agreement between the Board of County Supervisors of Prince William County, Virginia (the "Board"), a body corporate and politic, party of the first part, and (the "Association"), and _____(the "Developer") parties of the second part, is entered into this _____ day of _____, ___, for the purpose of relieving the Board of maintenance responsibility for certain landscaping which is assumed under a Land Use Permit issued by the Virginia Department of Transportation "VDOT" for the project known as ______, plan number ______. The parties of the second part shall assist Prince William County in applying for and obtaining a Land Use Permit issued by the Virginia Department of Transportation for certain landscaping within the right-of-way. The parties of the second part shall bear all costs associated with the preparation and processing of the Land Use Permit Application and attachment hereto, including review and permit fees, bonds, and costs to produce engineering drawings and plans. The Association agrees to assume all of the maintenance responsibility set forth in the Land Use Permit issued for the location of this landscaping, which maintenance responsibility had previously been assumed by the Board in order to obtain the Land Use Permit. The Association agrees that in the execution of this responsibility, they will perform the beautification work and the other requirements of Land Use Permit, to the standards required by VDOT, and will also maintain insurance of at least \$1,000,000 to cover any liability which might occur. The Association will also be responsible for all future maintenance of the landscaping approved under the Land Use Permit, to the standards required by VDOT. To secure their obligation and protect the Board from any violation of the Land Use Permit, the parties of the second part agree to post the amount of \$_____, in cash with the Board, which represents the estimated cost of removal of the landscaping. This cash will be held in escrow, administered by Prince William County as other construction accounts are administered. In the event that VDOT notifies the Board that the Land Use Permit has been violated, or the Land Use Permit has been revoked, then the Board is authorized to remove the landscaping, and to withdraw the funds deposited pursuant to this agreement for this purpose.

Plan Name:	Plan No:
In witness hereof, the parties have authorized officers.	caused this Agreement to be executed by their duly
DEVELOPER – This document shall developer.	be signed by an authorized representative of the
Dv.	Dv.
By: Developer/Dev's Rep (Print)	By: Developer/Dev's Rep (Sign)
Ву:	Phone:
Title	
Address:	
Email Address:	
<u>ACKNOWI</u>	LEDGEMENT OF DEVELOPER
STATE OF	:
COUNTY OF	: to wit:
The foregoing instrument was	s acknowledged before me thisday of,
20, by	
(Name	of Person Signing Above)
Notary Public	My Commission expires:
Notary I.D. Number:	_

Plan Name:	Plan No:
HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION (HOA) – This Homeowners Association Representative.	s document shall be signed by an authorized
Ву:	Ву:
H.O.A. Representative (Print)	H.O.A. Representative (Sign)
By:	Phone:
Title	
Address:	
Email Address:	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF	HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION
STATE OF:	
COUNTY OF:	to wit:
The foregoing instrument was acknowledge.	owledged before me thisday of,
20, by	
(Name of Per	son Signing Above)
Notary Public	My Commission expires:
Notary I.D. Number:	
BOARD OF COUNTY SUPERVISO	RS OF PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY, VA
By:	
Director of Transportation (Print)	Director of Transportation (Sign)



Ricardo Canizales
Director of Transportation

County Bond #:	
----------------	--

LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

HOA NOT ESTABLISHED/ HOA DOES NOT ASSUME LANDSCAPING MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY

This Agreement between the Board of County	Supervi	sors of Prir	nce William Co	ounty, Virg	inia
(the "Board"), a body corporate and politic, party	of the	first part, a	nd		
<i></i>	a \	/irginia	Corporation	(or	a
corporation, l	icensed	to do busir	ness in the Co	mmonwea	alth
of Virginia) (the "Developer") party of the seco	nd part	t, is entere	d into this _	day	y of
,, for the purpose of relieving	g the Bo	oard of mai	ntenance res _l	ponsibility	for
certain landscaping which is assumed under	a Lanc	l Use Perr	nit issued by	the Virg	inia
Department of Transportation "VDO"	Γ" fo	r the	project	known	as
, plan numb	oer				
The Developer shall assist Prince William Cou Permit issued by the Virginia Department of Tran right-of-way.	-			•	
The Developer shall bear all costs associated Land Use Permit Application and attachment her and costs to produce engineering drawings and	reto, inc		•	•	

The Developer agrees to assume all of the maintenance responsibility set forth in the Land Use Permit issued for the location of this landscaping, which maintenance responsibility had previously been assumed by the Board in order to obtain the Land Use Permit.

The Developer agrees that in the execution of this responsibility, they will perform the beautification work and the other requirements of Land Use Permit, to the standards required by VDOT, and will also maintain insurance of at least \$1,000,000 to cover any liability which might occur. The Developer will also be responsible for all future maintenance of the landscaping approved under the Land Use Permit, to the standards required by VDOT.

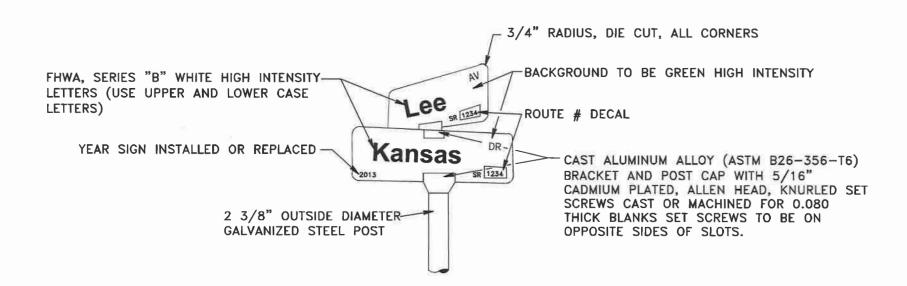
The Developer shall maintain the landscaping until such time as the maintenance responsibility is transferred by the Developer to the Homeowners' Association by a written amendment to this agreement signed by all parties.

Plan Name:	Plan No:
Use Permit, the Developer agrees to post to the Board, which represents the estimated will be held in escrow account, admin construction accounts are administered. the Land Use Permit has been violated, o	protect the Board for any violation of the Land the amount of \$, in cash with d cost of removal of the landscaping. This cash istered by Prince William County, as other In the event that VDOT notified the Board that r the Land Use Permit has been revoked, then dscaping, and to withdraw the funds deposited se.
In witness hereof, the parties have caus authorized officers.	ed this Agreement to be executed by their duly
DEVELOPER – This document shall be si developer.	gned by an authorized representative of the
By: Developer/Dev's Rep (Print)	By: Developer/Dev's Rep (Sign)
By: Title	Phone:
Address:	
Email Address:	
<u>ACKNOWLEDGE</u>	MENT OF DEVELOPER
STATE OF	:
COUNTY OF	: to wit:
The foregoing instrument was acknowledge	ged before me thisday of,
20, by	
(Name of Pers	son Signing Above)
Notary Public	My Commission expires:
Notary I.D. Number:	<u></u>

Plan Name:	Plan No:		
BOARD OF COUNTY SUPERVISORS	OF PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY, VA		
Ву:			
Director of Transportation (Print)	Director of Transportation (Sign)		

Escrow Computation for Landscaping Items Within the VDOT Right-of-Way:

Development
Please use the following guidelines based on the current Unit Price List to determine the escrow amount for the removal of landscape items from the right-of-way.
Example:
\$165.00 each for the first twenty (20) trees up to 2" tree calipers
\$115.00 for each tree over the first twenty (20) trees up to 2" caliper
\$500.00 for each large existing tree
Escrow Amount:
First 20 trees \$165.00 x = \$
Remaining trees \$115.00 x = \$
Large existing trees \$500.00 x = \$
Total Escrow \$
*There is no escrow required for shrubs



1. POST MAY BE SET IN TAMPED EARTH OR CONCRETE CLASS A3 IN ACCORDANCE WITH VDOT'S STP-1 DETAIL.

2. BREAK-AWAY POSTS ARE OPTIONAL.

SNS-1

Detail No.

650.52



COUNTY OF PRINCE WILLIAM VIRGINIA

STREET NAME SIGN STANDARD SHEET 1 OF 2

Date 7/15/14

GENERAL NOTES:

1. Street name signs shall conform to the standards in the table below for sizes as follows:

Size A: Subdivision streets

Size B: Arterials, parkways and collector streets

Shape

Horizontal Rectangle

Color

Message: White (Reflectorized) Field: Green (Reflectorized)

Size *

Size A

Size B

Street Name Sign

Horizontal Horizontal 24 in. min.

30 in. min. 48 in. max.

Vertical

48 in. max. 6 in. min.

9 in. min.

Route Decal

Horizontal (Field)

4 in.

6 in.

Vertical

1.25 in.

2.50 in.

Message

* Street Name Sign — Use Upper and Lower Case Letters

Street Name

4 in. C

6 in. C

Suffix Capitals

3 in. C

4 in. C

Route Decal

Capitals/Numerals

1 in. C

2 in. C

* Dimensions may be modified as approved by the Director of Transportation.

Detail No.

650.52

SNS-1



COUNTY OF PRINCE WILLIAM VIRGINIA

STREET NAME SIGN STANDARD SHEET 2 OF 2

Date 7/15/14

STP-1

TABLE 2 FOR BRISTOL, SALEM, LYNCHBURG, RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG, CULPEPER, STAUNTON, AND NORTHERN VIRGINIA DISTRICTS (SEE NOTE 5)

SIZE OF POST	CENTROID (FT)	MAXIMUM AREA SINGLE-POST	(TOTAL OF SIGN	THREE-POST	COMMENTS
	8	10.7	21,4		
	9	9.5	19.0		TYPE A,
	10	8.5	17.0		TYPE D, OR TYPE F
2 INCH	11	7.7	15.4		FOUNDATION
14 GA.	12	7.1	14.2		AS SPECIFIED IN THE CONTRACT
	13	6.5	13.0		DOCUMENTS.
	14	6.1	12.2		
	8	21.5			
	9	19.1			
	10	17.2			TYPE A OR
21/2 INCH	11	15.6			TYPE E
12 GA.	12	14.3			FOUNDATION.
	13	13.2	1		
	14	12.3			
	8	24.8	49.6	74.4	
	9	22.0	44.0	66.0	TV05 8 08
	10	19.8	39.6	59.4	TYPE B OR TYPE C
21/2 INCH	11	18.0	36.0	54.0	FOUNDATION AS SPECIFIED IN
10 GA.	12	16.5	33.0	49.5	THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
	13	15.2	30.4	45.6	DOCUMENTS.
	14	14.1	28.2	42.3	
	8	43.4	86.8	130.2	
21/2 INCH	9	38.6	77.2	115.8	******
10 GA. WITH	10	34.7	69.4	104.1	TYPE B OR TYPE C
2¾6 INCH	11	31.6	63.2	94.8	FOUNDATION AS SPECIFIED IN
10 GA. INNER POST	12	28.9	57.8	86.7	THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
(SEE NOTE 1)	13	26.7	53.4	80.1	COCOMENTS.
1322 11912 11	14	24.8	49.6	74.4	

NOTES:

- 1. THE INNER POST SHALL BE 6 FEET IN LENGTH.
- 2. CENTROID SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PCS-1.
- 3. MINIMUM COLD FORMED YIELD STRENGTH SHALL BE: 14 GA. AND 12 GA. - 60 KSI 10 GA. - 55 KSI
- 4. FOLLOW SIGN BRACING DETAILS (SEE SHEET 11 OF 12)
 FOR MAXIMUM SIGN PANEL WIDTHS AND SIGN BRACING
 SPACING.
- TABLE 2 SHALL ALSO BE USED FOR THE CITY OF EMPORIA AND COUNTIES OF GREENSVILLE, SUSSEX, AND SOUTHAMPTON IN HAMPTON ROADS DISTRICT.

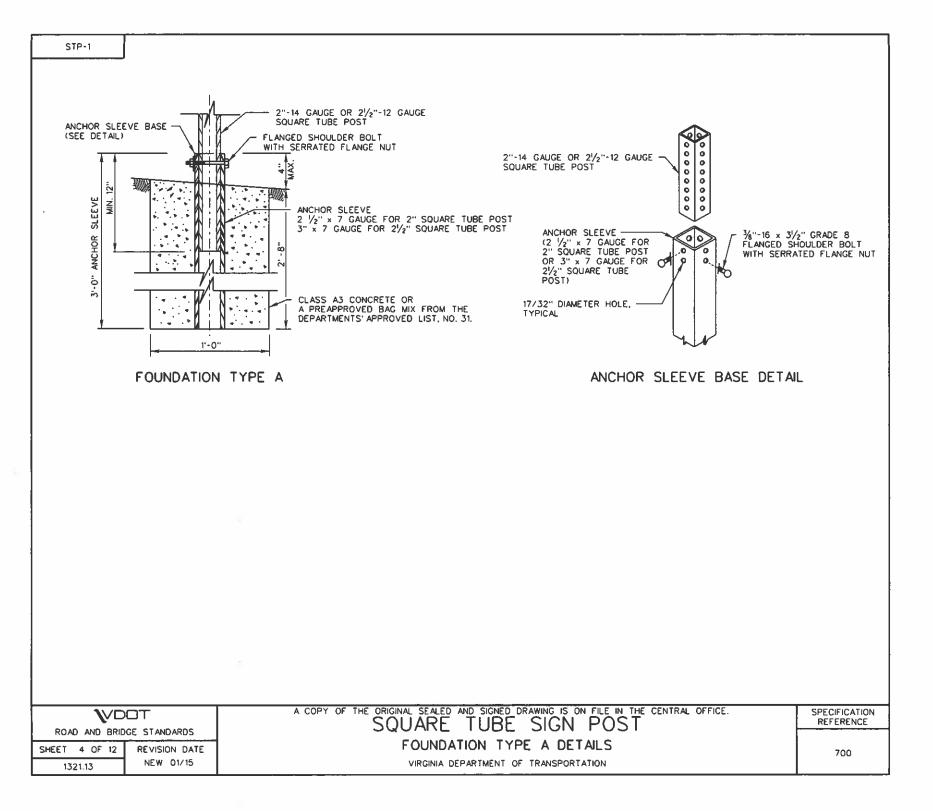
SPECIFICATION REFERENCE A COPY OF THE ORIGINAL SEALED AND SIGNED DRAWING IS ON FILE IN THE CENTRAL OFFICE.

SQUARE TUBE SIGN POST

VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

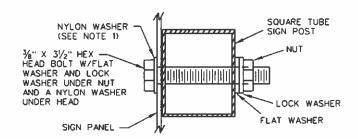
ROAD AND BRIDGE STANDARDS

REVISION DATE 01/15 SHEET 3 OF 12

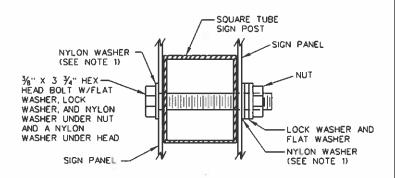


STP-1

SIGN POSTS NOT REQUIRING BRACING



SINGLE SIGN PANEL DETAIL

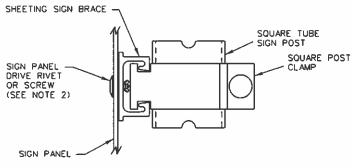


BACK-TO-BACK SIGN PANEL DETAIL

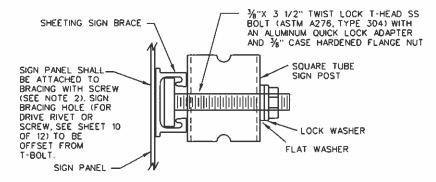
NOTES:

- 1. NYLON WASHER SHALL BE 1/6" THICK MINIMUM WITH AN OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF 1" AND AN INSIDE DIAMETER OF 16".
- 2. DRIVE RIVET SHALL BE 16" OR 18" ALUMINUM FLAT HEAD RIVET WITH STEEL PINS AND NYLON OR RUBBER WASHER.
- 3. THE HEADS OF ALL DRIVE RIVETS AND HEX HEAD BOLTS SHALL BE POWDER COATED TO MATCH THE COLOR OF THE SIGN SHEETING.
- 4. DRIVE RIVET SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SIGNS WITHOUT BRACING.

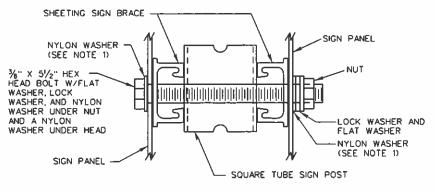
SIGN POSTS REQUIRING BRACING



SINGLE SIGN PANEL DETAIL



SINGLE SIGN PANEL ALTERNATE METHOD DETAIL



BACK-TO-BACK SIGN PANEL DETAIL

****VDOT ROAD AND BRIDGE STANDARDS REVISION DATE SHEET 12 OF 12 08/17 1321.21

A COPY OF THE ORIGINAL SEALED AND SIGNED DRAWING IS ON FILE IN THE CENTRAL OFFICE.

SQUARE TUBE SIGN POST

SIGN PANEL ATTACHMENT DETAILS

VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIFICATION REFERENCE

700

Virginia Test Method – 123

Post Installation Inspection of Buried Storm Drain Pipe and Pipe Culverts

June 25, 2010

SCOPE

For all roadway projects that are constructed by private contractors for VDOT and for all roadway projects constructed by others that are or will be proposed to be accepted into the VDOT highway system, a visual/video camera post installation inspection is required on all storm sewer pipes and for a selected number of pipe culverts in accordance with the instructions contained in this VTM and Section 302.03 of the VDOT Road and Bridge Specifications. The video camera inspection is to be conducted with a VDOT representative present.

The inspection can be conducted manually if adequate crawl/walking space and ventilation is available to safely conduct the inspection and the individual(s) conducting the inspection have undergone training on working in confined spaces in accordance with VDOT's current Safety Policy and Procedure #8 Confined Space Entry Policy and Procedure - General, or the inspection can be conducted with a video camera. If the inspection is to be conducted with a video camera, the video camera shall have fully articulating lenses that will provide a 360 degree inspection of the pipe/culvert, including each joint and any deficient areas of the pipe/culvert, as well as a means to measure deformations/deflections of the pipe (items such as a laser range finder or other appropriate device for taking such measurements as specified herein and approved by the Engineer).

If the inspection is conducted manually, the person performing the inspection may use a standard video camera or a digital camera to document any observed deficiencies. If the mandrel test is to be performed to mechanically measure deformations/deflections of the pipe/culvert, the mandrel used shall be a nine (or greater odd number) arm mandrel, and shall be sized and inspected by the Engineer prior to testing. The diameter of the mandrel at any point shall not be less than the allowable percent deflection of the certified actual mean diameter of the pipe or culvert being tested. The mandrel shall be fabricated of metal, fitted with pulling rings at each end, stamped or engraved on some segment other than a runner with the nominal pipe/culvert size and mandrel outside diameter. The mandrel shall be pulled through the pipe or culvert by hand with a rope or cable. Where applicable, pulleys may be incorporated into the system to change the direction of pull so that inspection personnel need not physically enter the pipe, culvert or manhole.

A copy of the Storm Sewer/Culvert Inspection Report (inspection report)including any video tape/Digital Video Recording (DVD)/digital photographs shall be provided to the VDOT Inspector within two business days of the completion of the inspection and made part of the project records. Additionally, a copy shall be furnished to local VDOT Asset Management personnel to document the pipe/culvert condition at that point in time. The video tape/DVD/digital photographs should be of such clarity, detail and resolution as to clearly show the conditions of the interior of the pipe/culvert and detect any defects within the pipe or culvert as specified herein. Post installation inspections shall be conducted no sooner than 30 days after completion of installation and placement of final cover (except for pavement structure).

PROCEDURES

The post installation inspection shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of Section 302.03(d) of the Road and Bridge Specifications and the instructions included herein. The inspection

report shall identify the location of the pipe/culvert being inspected with respect to the project site. The inspection report shall identify the location of the inspection access point of the pipe/culvert being inspected with respect to the plans (e.g., north/south/east/west end of the pipe/culvert, manhole/drop inlet/junction box structure number, etc.). The location of any deficiencies within the pipe/culvert shall be noted in the inspection report by identifying the distance from the inspection access point. If no deficiencies are noted, an "OK" entry shall be made in the report under the remarks column for each section of pipe/culvert inspected.

Where deficiencies are found, a video recording is to be used to identify the deficiency in addition to it being noted on the report form. The video camera system shall be capable of capturing clear images. The camera system shall have a titler/keyboard for data entry and an audio microphone for verbal descriptions; both a textual note on the video/images and a verbal description shall be used to note deficiencies. The camera system shall have a locator system for locating the position of the camera, and a footage counter on the cable reel. The location and description of the deficiency should be added to the recording by the use of an audio microphone. When deficiencies are noted that require remedial actions, the contractor's proposed remediation measures shall be noted in the report form.

The Department shall review the post construction inspection report including any proposed remediation measures and communicate its findings to the Contractor within 10 days of receiving the report. Where the Department agrees with the proposed remediation measures, the contractor shall be notified of such approval and authorized to begin such work. Where the Department disagrees with the proposed remediation measures or where the Department identifies additional deficiencies that require remedial action, the contractor shall be notified of such findings and requested to submit a supplemental remediation plan. Pipes or culverts that required coating should have the coating inspected. Cracks (longitudinal and circumferential) shall be noted in the inspection report and photographed (if not videoed) and digitally scanned to allow for accurate measurement. Spalls and slabbing locations shall be photographed (or videoed) and noted in the report.

Upon completion of the corrective measures, the remedial locations are to be re-inspected prior to final acceptance of the project by the same test methods noted herein. Re-inspection shall be made within 10 days of correction except where sections of pipe/culvert have been replaced re-inspection shall not occur sooner than 30 days after replacement of pipe/culvert and final cover (except for pavement structure).

DEFICIENCIES

Deficiencies may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Crushed, collapsed or deformed pipe/culvert or joints.
- 2. Alignment defects would include sags in the longitudinal profile and invert heaving.
- 3. Improper joints that can allow leaking of water or infiltration of backfill or surrounding soils.
- 4. Misaligned joints that can cause debris accumulation.
- 5. Pipe/culvert that has been penetrated by guardrail or other posts or improper backfill materials or methods.
- 6. Debris, construction or other materials in the pipe/culvert or structures.
- 7. Coating material shall be free of cracks, scratches and peeling.
- 8. Cracks (longitudinal and circumferential).
- 9. Spalls and slabbing.
- 10. For metallic and plastic pipes/culverts, localized buckling, bulging, cracking at bolt holes (metallic only), flattening, or racking, as well as the applicable points noted above.

REPORTS

The attached form is to be used to report the inspection findings. Proposed remedial actions, if required, can be attached on separate pages.



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

GREGORY A WHIRLEY
COMMISSIONER

4975 Alliance Drive Fairfax, VA 22030 (800) 367-ROAD (7623)

March 22, 2012

MEMORANDUM

TO: Prince William County Staff

FROM: Art Klos

Permit Manager

SUBJECT: Subordination of Rights Agreement

The attached Subordination of Rights Agreement has been in effect since 2009. This document is to be used in place of quitclaim deeds in all situations where a <u>new street</u> crosses a gas or petrochemical product transmission line or distribution line.

When this document is executed and accepted, it satisfies the quitclaim requirements of the 2005 Subdivision Street Requirements, 2009 Secondary Street Acceptance Requirements, and 2011 Secondary Street Acceptance Requirements.

Please direct any questions concerning this document to the Prince William Permit office.

Attachment

VirginiaDOT.org
WE KEEP VIRGINIA MOVING



Subordination of Rights Agreement

(For new public roads intended for maintenance by the Virginia Department of Transportation)

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered by and between, a Virginia corporation (hereinafter "GRANTOR"), and the local government of the county or town named herein, and the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Transportation (each hereinafter a "GRANTEE" and collectively "GRANTEES");
WITNESSETH:
WHEREAS, the GRANTOR has permitted a motor vehicle road and road right of way, inclusive of other ancillary public use facilities (sidewalks, etc.), all hereinafter called "roadway," to cross and coexist with a right of way easement GRANTOR holds for constructing, maintaining, operating, altering, repairing, inspecting, protecting, removing, and replacing certain natural gas or petrochemical transmission line(s) or distribution line(s), or both, that it operates; and
WHEREAS, the GRANTOR and GRANTEES mutually recognize the needs of the other, their respective roles, and find it desirable to cooperate in the shared use of the land in a manner that ensures the rights of the GRANTOR and the travelling public are adequately protected and public safety is assured;
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the sum of one dollar (\$1.00), cash in hand paid, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, and subject to the terms, conditions and reservations set forth hereinafter, the GRANTOR, hereby agrees that it's rights shall be subordinate to the surface transportation rights of the citizens of the Commonwealth to use the roadway, represented by the GRANTEE or such other public road officials as may have jurisdictional authority over the public roadway to the extent the public roadway co-exists with the GRANTOR's easement, defined as that part of its easement crossing or encroaching within the right of way of (street name), located approximately miles from its intersection with the nearest existing State Route (#), and situated in (name of subdivision), in (name of County or Town)
Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, the GRANTOR reserves unto itself, its successors, and assigns all of the rights and privileges established under its easement, granted theday of, and filed in the clerk's office of the Circuit Court ofCounty, Virginia; indexed as instrument or recorded in Deed Book at page (the "Easement").
THE RESIDENCE OF A STATE OF A STA

The subordination herein granted shall become effective at such time as GRANTEES have accepted this document and the Virginia Department of Transportation has issued a remain In Place Land Use Permit to the GRANTOR for its facilities, it being mutually agreed that the issuance thereof shall be subject to the following provisions and conditions which shall be deemed incorporated therein and which shall be covenants running with the land under the terms of this instrument:

The GRANTOR'S facilities within the area defined above may continue to occupy the roadway in their existing condition and location, free of charge.

1. The GRANTOR hereby agrees:

- a. To notify the Department or entity having jurisdiction over the roadway of its work events prior to their initiation, except as may be required under emergency situations, and to obtain appropriate prior authorization addressing the work to be performed within the public transportation right of way authorized by a VDOT issued Land Use Permit or such other permission or document required by an entity other than the Department having jurisdiction over said roadway and, in the event of emergency situations, to obtain said authorization as soon as possible.
- b. That GRANTOR shall at all times indemnify and save harmless the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Transportation, its employees, agents, and officers (or the same representing such other entity having jurisdiction over the roadway) from any responsibility, damage or liability whatsoever arising from GRANTOR'S maintenance and construction of its facilities within the roadway.
- 3. In the event that either GRANTEE requests relocation, alteration or modification of GRANTOR's facilities within the roadway, such GRANTEE shall bear the total nonbetterment cost of such relocation, alteration or modification; and each GRANTEE specifically waives any right or provision to the contrary contained in the standard form utility permit or otherwise. For purposes of this agreement, "total nonbetterment costs" is defined as the total cost of relocating, altering or modifying facilities with capacity and maximum pressure design characteristics comparable to those design characteristics of the facilities existing at the time of this agreement. In the event a GRANTEE requires such relocation, alteration and/or modification and GRANTOR wishes to replace the facilities at that time with upgraded facilities of greater design characteristics, GRANTOR shall pay such incremental costs as are attributable to the upgrade of facilities.
- 4. The GRANTEE, or a subsequent governmental entity having jurisdiction over the roadway, is to have and hold the roadway property described herein with the benefit of the subordination herein granted for so long as said property is maintained and used as a public street or highway open to the travelling public, but upon abandonment of said roadway, all rights, privileges, interests and easements of GRANTOR in and to the roadway property established under the aforesaid Easement filed in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court shall revert and restore to the GRANTOR, its successors and assigns, free from such subordination of GRANTOR's rights and the subordination herein granted shall automatically terminate and become null and void without the necessity of any further action or writing; and, in such event, GRANTEES shall, upon being requested in writing to do so by GRANTOR, its successors and assigns, promptly execute and deliver to GRANTOR, free of charge, an appropriate document, in suitable form for recording in the aforesaid Clerk's office, which confirms the termination, surrender and release of the subordination herein granted.
- 5. In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the terms and conditions of this instrument and those contained in any permit, authorization or other document issued or executed by the parties hereto, their successors and assigns, with respect to GRANTOR's facilities located in the roadway or work thereon, the terms and conditions of this instrument shall govern.

6. This instrument shall be binding upon and accrue to the benefit of the GRANTOR and the GRANTEES, and each of their respective successors and assigns.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the GRANTOR causes its name to be assigned hereto by its appropriate office, all after due authorization, to become effective as of the date accepted and signed by duly authorized officers of the local government and the Department.

GRANTOR:			
By:			
(Name	e and Title)		Date
COMMONWI	EALTH OF VIR	GINIA, CITY/COUNTY OF	, to wit:
(Name)			, acknowledged the foregoing
instrument bef	fore me this	day of	,
		NOTARY PUBLIC	Notary registration number
		My commission expires:	
GRANTEES:			(Name of Local Government)
ACCEPTED	(Name and Tit	tle of Authorized Local Government	Date
ACCEPTED	(VDOT Commor Authorized	nissioner, Maintenance Division Adn Official)	Date
COMMONWI	EALTH OF VIR	GINIA, CITY/COUNTY OF	, to wit:
(Name)	Fore me this	day of	, acknowledged the foregoing
		NOTARY PUBLIC	Notary registration number
		My commission expires: _	
COMMONWI	EALTH OF VIR	GINIA, CITY/COUNTY OF	, to wit:
(Name)instrument bef	fore me this	day of	, acknowledged the foregoing
		NOTARY PUBLIC	Notary registration number
		My commission expires:	

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MANUAL OF INSTRUCTIONS - MATERIALS DIVISION <u>SECTION 115 MATERIALS TESTING REQUIREMENTS</u>

Sec. 115.01 Personnel Qualifications

Materials testing will be performed by trained and qualified technicians/inspectors. A trained and qualified technician/inspector is defined as a person that holds a current valid certification through the respective Materials Certification Program. Technicians/inspectors and other Department personnel conducting acceptance tests not covered by a Materials Certification Program will perform testing in accordance with general guidance from the appropriate responsible District or Central Office Program Manager.





FY26 FEE SCHEDULE

Effective July 1, 2025

PLAN REVIEW
Lot Grading - New Submission or Major Revision\$599.09/LOT
Lot Grading - Minor Revision\$77.09/LOT
Geotechnical Study Review /Lot\$216.40/LOT
As-Built - First Submission (After Meeting with Site Inspector)
As-Built - Second Submission Fee (One-Time Fee)\$393.50
SITE INSPECTION
Camera Van Inspection (Minimum Fee \$365.50)\$3.04/L.F.
ROW Underdrain UD4 - 10% per VDOT Standard \$3.04/L.F.
25% Bonded Rigid Pipe System > 250LF (Minimum Fee \$560.00) \$3.04/L.F.
Flexible Storm Sewer Pipe - 100%
Camera Van Re-inspection/Not Ready Fee\$365.50
Camera Van Re-inspection for Punchlist Deficiencies (First Time) \$365.50
Camera Van Subsequent Re-inspection Fee (Minimum Fee \$560.00) \$3.04/L.F.
*CCTV Punchlists expire within 18 months from initial inspection
Erosion & Sediment Control Variance\$464.16
Lot Grading Inspection (Paid with Building Permit)\$298.74
Lot Grading Re-Inspection Fee (Must be Paid Prior to Rescheduling) \$125.28
Occupancy Phasing Plans\$130.15/PHASE
Occupancy Site Inspection Request (Commercial / Multi-family) \$185.03/BLDG
RPA & WETLANDS
Administrative Exception (Primary structure) \$216.40
Administrative Exception (Accessory structure) \$109.77
Public Hearing Exception (thru ChesBay Pres. Area Review Board) \$1024.71
Appeal to Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Review Board \$1000.43
Wetlands Permit Application\$787.85
WATERSHED RELATED FEES - PAID AT LAND DEVELOPMENT OFFICE
Flood Hazard Use Permit\$123.68
Land Disturbance Permit\$163.82

ADMINISTRATIVE

Returned Check Fee	\$ 50.00
Site Plan Photocopies 24" x 36" \$ 5.0	00/PG + Tax

Effective 07/01/2025 FY26 Fee Schedule





Inspections / Right-Of-Entry Notice:

PROJECT NAME:			
PROJECT ADDRESS:			
State Laws, State Regulations, a on various projects.	nd Prince William Co	ounty Codes require that insp	ections be conducted
Inspections are required by the staff.	owner/permittee/th	neir authorized agents AND b	y Prince William County
Application for, and acceptance codes, provides right of entry to	-		•
Inspections by Prince William Co that an activity is occurring at th	_		ness hours. Any time
In the event of an emergency, ir may be conducted at any time.	nminent or actual th	nreat to safety, health, or envi	ronment, inspections
This document is notice that Pr your project. No further notice	•	Staff will conduct inspection	ns for the duration of
Owner Name (Pri	int)	Permit Hold	er (Print)
Owner Signature	Date	Permittee Signature	Date
Phon	e		Phone
Addres	GS .	-	Address
Effective 07/01/2025 Inspections Right of Way			





Responsible Land Disturber (RLD) Form:

DATE:	PROJECT NAME:	
PROJECT NUMBER:		
THE RESPONSIBLE L	AND DISTURBER FOR THIS PROJECT IS	5:
Name:	Certification Number:_	Expires:
•	G	st & 15 th of the month beginning after erosion emailed to the Site Inspectors attention.
AFTER HOURS EMER	RGENCY CONTACT FOR THIS PROJECT	IS:
Name:	Phone	: <u> </u>
The developer agre hours emergency c		nent in writing if the RLD or the after
permits. These inclu	de:	n all applicable environmental Federal and State
• Strea	and permits (SPGP (Federal); VWPP (Stat Im Impact permits (SPGP, VWPP)	re))
	P (construction, discharge permits) rdous Materials/Waste permits	
	r applicable permits for type of use indu	ustry
disturbance, related and local laws and re The owner agrees to	to a final site and subdivision plan all egulations shall have been obtained and	ing a permit that allows any type of land wetland permits required by federal, state, devidence of such submitted to the County." of all Federal and State permits and approved
REDUCTION REQUE THIS ALSO SERVES A	HOURS UNTIL SITE FINAL, AND THAT	TRUCTION WILL NEGATE ALL BOND E CONDUCTED AT ANY TIME DURING AN APPROVED SET OF PLANS ARE REQUIRED
This is to certify tha	at I (we) have read and understand th	ne information in this packet.
		DATE





<u>Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program Enforcement Protocol</u>

Effective July 1, 2025

Purpose and Intent:

PWC Site Inspectors follow the protocols in this document for enforcement when the land disturbing activities do not comply with Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Laws and Regulations, and the County's Design and Construction Standards Manual. The County's Site Inspectors will determine the level of enforcement needed based on the severity to include potential risk factors to public safety and impacts to downstream properties or waterways.

- Verbal Notice is the first step in the Enforcement Process which applies to very minor non-compliance issues. Some examples would be minor tracking of mud into a travel way, a small area needing additional stabilization or minor silt fence repairs in non-critical areas. PWC Site Inspectors may use this as the first step or directly proceed with an "Inspection Notice" based on their determination.
- 2. <u>Inspection Notice</u> is the first *written* Notice in the Enforcement Process issued immediately, when there is no compliance with the Verbal Notice. This Notice will be emailed along with a report describing the non-compliance issues and the required remediation action. The corrective actions on the Notice must be completed within *7 business days, or as stated in the Notice* based on the discretion of the Site Inspector. In some situations, the Site Inspector may skip and directly proceed to the next step.
- 3. <u>Violation Notice</u> is the second *written* Notice in the Enforcement Process issued immediately, if there is no compliance with the corrective actions stipulated in the Inspection Notice. This Notice is emailed along with a report narrating the required corrective actions. The corrective action for all items in the Notice must be completed within *5 business days, or as stated, in the Notice*. The Site Inspector, at his discretion may go to the next step (Notice to Comply) directly.
- **4. Notice to Comply** is the third *written* Notice in the Enforcement Process that will be issued if the required corrective actions in the *Violation Notice* have not been fully addressed. A report will be sent by a *certified mail and* with an *email* that describe the non-compliance issues and the required remediation action. The corrective action for all items on the Notice must be completed within *7 business days* or as stated in the Notice. In severe situations, the Site Inspector may directly proceed with the *Stop Work Order*.

5. Stop Work Order is the final written Notice issued if the corrective actions set forth in the Notice to Comply have not been completed. A Stop Work Order may be issued if the County deems that the non-compliance presents an imminent danger to public safety, downstream properties, or the environment. This Notice will be sent by a certified mail and an email, and a Stop Work Order sign will be posted at the construction entrance. Corrective action shall commence within 24 hours or legal action may be taken by the County including revoking applicable permits and suspending all building or other permitted inspections. The Stop Work Order shall remain in place for 7 calendar days from the date of issuance. If the corrective action for all items on the Notice are not completed, the County may use the Siltation and Erosion Escrow to complete the work. Once all corrective actions have been completed, the responsible party shall be required to reapply for any associated permits and re-pay all permit application fees.





Bi-Weekly Responsible Land Disturber (RLD) Report:

DATE INSPECTED:			:		PLAN #:					
PRO,	ECT N	IAME: _			PHASE :		_ SECTION: _			_
					Rough Grading					
YES	NO	N/A								
			*MS-1	Are there any denuded	areas which require tempo	rary or perman	ent stabilizati	on?		
			MS-2						es?	
			MS-3	Does permanent vegeta	ation provide adequate stab	oilization?				
			MS-4	Have sediment trapping	g facilities been constructed	l as a first step?				
			MS-5	Are perimeter sediment	t trapping measures in plac	e and earthen s	tructures see	ded and	mulched	d?
			MS-6	Are sediment basins ins	stalled where needed?					
			MS-7	Are all cut fill slopes add	equately stabilized?					
			MS-8							
						_				
				•	•			-		
							_			otection?
								_	2?	
									10	
	Ш	Ц	MS-14	been met?	eral, state, and local regulati	ons pertaining	to working in	or crossi	ing live w	vatercourse
			MS-15							
				=	_		-			
				<u>-</u>						
	Ш			Increases in peak storm	nwater runoff?					
			* Ref	ers to the minimum stand	lards of the Virginia Erosion	and Sediment	Control Regu	lations (\	/R-625-0	2-00).
Requ	uired (Correcti	ions:							
Are a	all per	imeter	controls in	stalled and being mainta	ined per the approved plan	s?	YES		NO	
	STAGE OF CONSTRUCTION Pre-Construction Conference Clearing and Grubbing Rough Grading Building Construction Final Stabilization SS NO N/A MS-2 MS-3 MS-3 MS-4 MS-5 Are sediment trapping forwide adequate stabilization? MS-5 Are perimeter sediment trapping feacilities been constructed as a first step? MS-6 MS-6 Are sediment trapping from allowers in place and earthen structures seeded and mulched? MS-7 Are all cut fill slopes adequately stabilized? MS-8 MS-9 MS-9 MS-9 MS-9 MS-9 MS-10 Are all operational storm sewer inlets protected so that sediment will not enter the system? MS-10 MS-10 MS-10 MS-11 Are stormwater conveyance channels adequately stabilized with channel lining and/or outlet protection? MS-10 MS-11 MS-12 MS-13 Are temporary stream crossings of non-erodible material installed where applicable? MS-14 MS-15 MS-15 MS-16 MS-16 MS-16 MS-16 MS-17 MS-17 MS-17 MS-18 MS-18 Do any structural practices require repair or clean-out to maintain adequate function? MS-18 MS-18 Do any structural practices require repair or clean-out to maintain adequate function? MS-19 MS-10 MS-19 MS-10 MS-10									
	RE	SPONS	IBLE LAND	DISTURBER (PLEASE PRIN	NT)	_	RLD CEF	RTIFICATI	ON NUM	/IBER
			RLD	SIGNATURE		_		DAT	E	





Geotechnical Report Memorandum:

RE: DAILY FILL OBSERVATION REPORTS

These reports should be **e-mailed to** <u>EMDSubmission@pwcgov.org</u>. Please just e-mail these reports which are saved to a database for the Site Inspectors; <u>therefore we no longer need or accept hard copies of these reports</u>.

Please update all addresses before sending the reports. If the engineered fill is being placed for building pads with a building permit, then the daily fill observation report should also be submitted to the Building Division.

For questions or concerns, please contact Prince William County, Department of Public Works, Environmental Management Division at (703) 792-7070.





DAILY FILL OBSERVATION REPORT

PWC- Pr	oject Name:						Plan No:
Permit N	lo:	Develo	per:				Report No:
Contract	tor:		County	's Area Site Ins	spector	:	
Date:	Weather:			Temp:	°F /	Arrival:	Departure:
Approve	ed Plan on Site: No	prior to an	nd during		ty. In ad	ldition, the D	d Geotechnical recommendations shall be on Site Department of Public Works Area Site Inspector
Source o	of Fill Material*:		,				
②Onsite,	Location:					_ Proctor	r#(s) *:OMC*:
②Offsite,	Location:					_ Proctor	r #(s) *: OMC*:
Method	of Compaction:	Sheep	foot	Smooth D)rum _	Others	s (Vibratory Plate/Rammer/Jumping Jack, Etc.)
	Fill Material Meets Appro Specifications?Yes						Type of Stabilization: Lime* Cement* Mechanical Mixing*
Buildin		ocation:				Total	no. of lifts: ft.
Station/	Test reference points:						End Grade: ft.
	Unsuitable material inYesN			d water encour		•	(If yes, the Site Inspector <u>must be informed</u> prior to commencement of fill operations)
Notes:	fers to soil taken from anothe	r location in tl	he same	section/subdivis	sion. Of	fsite refers to	to soil imported from outside the section/subdivision.
A written required Soil Stabil Sketch sh proctors Two (2) c the Prince of Area Si to the Bu Certificat	approval shall be obtained fr for air drying of soil or adding lization refers to chemically o owing testing locations, Lab r repeated over several days, o opies of the Daily Fill Observa e William County Department ite Inspector. If the engineere ilding Division.	om Prince Wil water to dry s r mechanically eport with Pro nly reference s tion Report w of Public Wor d fill is placed	liam Cousoils. y altering octor, Op the procith requires – Env for the battative shades	the soils to stab otimum Moisture tor # and last repired attachments vironmental Man ouilding pads und	blendin bilize for e Conter cort refe s shall be agemen der a bu	g/mixing or s Plasticity, and It (OMC) and Perence under E submitted v It Division at Ilding permit	soil stabilization activities. A written approval is not nd/or Moisture Content Reduction. d Atterberg Limits shall be attached to this report. For
_	ure and Seal: neered (controlled/structu	ıral) fill has b	een pla	ced in accorda	nce wit	h the appro	oved plans and specifications.
Name of	f the Technician ⁰ :						
Certifica	tion From:						
Certifica	tion Number:						
Certifica	te Validation Period ⁰ :						(GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S SEAL & SIGNATUR



Site Development Policies and Procedures

Temporary Stockpiles

Plan and Escrow Requirements

Effective Date: August 1, 2007

Supersedes Policy Dated:

August 1994

Issued By:

Original signed
Planning Director

Original signed
Director of Public Works

Intent:

This policy is meant to provide guidelines for the location and removal of stockpiles so that they do not become public nuisances or cause silt to be discharged into streams and waterways. It amends the existing policy that has been in place since August 1994.

The county recognizes the need to temporarily store fill material in active construction areas for Use elsewhere on-site in order to minimize the need for and cost of hauling away or importing fill. The county also recognizes that these storage areas can become nuisances if not closely monitored or allowed to remain in close proximity to occupied residential dwellings or major public roads.

Applicability:

This policy pertains to stockpiles (inclusive of topsoil, sand, rock, clay, stone and natural excavated materials) planned to be in existence for longer than six months on all residential projects and 12 months on commercial development projects. Mixed use projects are considered commercial projects for the purposes of this policy. Stockpiles shall not include construction trash or debris (inclusive of but not limited to concrete, asphalt, building materials, stumps and woody debris). Temporarily stored materials and excavations that are being actively worked and in place less than six months on residential sites and 12 months on commercial or mixed use sites shall not be subject to this policy.

Requirements:

1. Required Stabilization – Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Law Standard and Specification 3.31 requires the establishment of a temporary vegetative cover on all disturbed areas that will not be brought to final grade for more than 30 days. In addition, until stabilized, appropriate erosion and sediment control measures, such as silt fences and perimeter controls, shall be installed and maintained.

- 2. <u>Required Plan Submission</u> A temporary stockpile area may be approved as part of a site or subdivision plan or as a revision to an approved site or subdivision plan.
- 3. <u>Location</u> The DCSM does not allow the clearing of areas in excess of that required to develop the site. Stockpiles will be allowed only in areas that are approved and deemed necessary to be disturbed for development. However, they will not be allowed in areas recorded as right-of-way, all utility easements, conservation easements, resource protection areas, flood plains, drainage divides, buffers, or where they interfere with vehicular sight distances.
- 4. <u>Proximity to Residential</u> Stockpiles shall not be placed closer than 200' from any existing occupied residential unit prior to land disturbance. New houses constructed within 200' of an existing stockpile will not be issued occupancy permits unless proof of the buyer agreeing in writing to the stockpile location, or the stockpile is removed.
- 5. <u>Slope and Height</u> Stockpiles may only consist of **on-site materials** taken from areas within the project limits as shown on approved and permitted plans. The maximum slope of stockpiles shall generally be 3:1 and with a height no greater than 35' above average base elevation. At the request of the site inspector, an as-built plan shall be submitted to the Department of Public Works to ensure that the stockpile complies with these requirements.
- 6. <u>Safety</u> Stockpiles not being actively worked within 14 days shall be surrounded by an Orange safety fence or silt fence or super silt fence as required by the site inspector.
- 7. Plan Validity A temporary stockpile plan will remain valid so long as the development plan for the area where the stockpile is located is valid. If the development plan expires or the stockpile area is not developed in accordance with the approval plan, then any escrow posted for the stockpile may be used to restore the site to the satisfaction of Prince William County before the performance bond for the project is released.
- 8. <u>Escrow for Erosion and Sediment Control</u> An escrow equal to the cost of removing 1/3 of the pile, re-grading and re-vegetation shall be included in the erosion control escrow. The escrow amount shall include current costs for transporting the stockpiles materials to the Prince William County landfill. The escrow posted shall be in the form of cash or letter of credit only. The escrow amount posted shall not be included in calculating the 50% minimum escrow retained as described in the DCSM.



<u>Application for Construction Within a Storm Drainage or Construction</u> Within a Stormwater Management Facility Easement (Pond): (Circle One)

I,(owner), request perm	nission from the Department of Public Works to install a
	the storm drainage easement OR within a stormwater
management facility easement located at:	
I certify that I am the owner of the property and I unde	erstand and agree to the following approval conditions:
1. All construction will be located entirely within the proper owners to allow encroachment onto their properties.	erty unless there is mutual agreement with adjacent property
2. Construction activity or the type of materials used for copond on adjacent properties or right-of-ways.	onstruction will not impede the flow of water or cause water to
 Construction will not destroy or disturb any utility lines 811 for MISS UTILITY) of the construction activity prior 	or pipes. It is my responsibility to inform utility companies (Dial to the commencement of construction.
4. All required permits and approvals shall be obtained pri	or to construction.
	for any structure that I build within the easement if County hile they perform repairs on or reconstruction of the storm
6. I grant permission to Department of Public Works staff	full access into and across any area of the property to get to ent facility if the construction activity hinders or prevents direct
 I will ensure that these approval conditions will convey a property. 	s a condition of any future ownership of this
8. I am responsible for verifying with the Zoning Office any	
Homeowner's Association for any covenant restrictions	
9. This approval pertains only to easement rights owned be Environment Management Division.	by or assigned to the County and administered by the
10. The property owner is responsible for any liability or da	mage associated with the project.
A copy of a survey plat or lot grading plan is attached sh	owing the location.
Applicant (Print Name):	GPIN:
Owner: Yes No	Telephone Number:
Signature of Applicant:	Date:
Offic	ce Use Only
Approved (Print Name):	Date:
Signature:	Telephone No.: (703) 792-7070
Rev. 7-1-22 FY23 Construction within a Stormwater Easemer	nt





FY26 As-Built Submission and Approval Process:

DCSM 110.00 As-Built Plans: As-built plans shall be required on all currently valid final site development plans. The acceptance of As-Built Plans shall be a prerequisite to final construction acceptance, bond release, and the issuance of a final certificate of use and occupancy.

As on-site inspection coordinated between the developer/builder, area site inspector, geotechnical engineer of record, and site civil engineer/surveyor is recommended to identify slopes which need to be surveyed and evaluated to identify potential issues in advance of As-Built plan submission.

Processing of the As-Built Plans

- 1. Confirm with Site Inspector that site work is acceptable for As-Built plan submission.
- 2. If site work is acceptable, arrange a meeting with the area site inspector for quality control review of the As-Built package. This meeting can take place either in the field or at the Development Services Building. Customer shall bring to the meeting:
 - Two (2) copies of the As-Built plan conforming to site conditions.
 - One (1) copy of the recorded plat, and
 - One (1) copy of the recorded stormwater management facility maintenance agreement (if applicable)
 - One (1) copy of the impervious area calculation form sealed by the civil engineer.
 - As-Built review fee

Refer to the As-Built Submission Checklist for all submission requirements. If acceptable for review process, the site inspector will provide as As-Built Plan Acceptance Transmittal which will be required to submit the As-Built plans.

- 3. Once As-Built plans are accepted for review by the Site Inspector, the developer or representative will deliver the completed As-Built package including checklist to Environmental Management Division located at 5 County Complex Court, Suite 170. The transmittal includes the primary point of contact information for the As-Built approval process. Please note this is the person we will contact once the As-Built is approved.
- 4. First submission As-Built fee is \$481.84; second submission fee is \$393.50 There is no subsequent fee after the second submission. Make checks payable to Prince William County. Please include As-Built Plan # (SDR_____ or SPR_____) with any communications including second submission. Failure to do so may result in delay of plan review.
- 5. The review time is 15 calendar days per submission. The customer is notified when the As-Built plan is approved via the customer point of contact indicated on the transmittal form. Comments are also accessible on the web via the following link:
 - https://egcss.pwcgov.org/SelfService#/search (enter the new As-Built Plan number)

- 6. Final submission when requested shall include **minimum** of 5 sets of plans **with new As-Built plan number included**, 5 sets of recorded plats and a compact disc (cd) copy of the plan file (.tiff) and electronic spreadsheet (see As-Built checklist) for stamped approval. Submissions shall be made to the Environmental Management Division located at 5 County Complex Court, Suite 170.
- 7. After approval, the As-Built plan will stay with Environmental Management's administrative staff for pick up by the point of contact. Administrative staff will notify the point of contact listed in the Acceptance Transmittal that the As-Built plans are approved and ready for pick up. A copy of the signed Approved As-Built Pick-Up Transmittal will serve as confirmation of receiving the approved As-Built plan.
- 8. After the final site walk, and prior to bond release, the Site Inspector will accept 4 original sets of approved As-Built plans and plats (and other documentation if any) from the Developer's representative. The Site Inspector will distribute the approved As-Built to the following agencies:
 - Environmental Management Division
 - Planning Records
 - Geographic Information Systems
 - Real Estate Assessments

FY26 Effective 07/01/2025





FY26 As-Built Plan Acceptance Confirmation and Transmittal:

follo	wing:	, I have conducted a quality control review on the
		As Built Plan (divided, one copy for civil engineering eotechnical engineer review)
	One copy of the recor	ded plat
	Completed As Built su	bmission checklist (including all referenced items)
	Impervious Area Calcu	ılation Sheet (if applicable)
	Copy of recorded Stor	mwater Management Facility Maintenance Agreement (if
	applicable)	
SITE INSPEC	CTOR:	DEVELOPER OR REPRESENTATIVE:
Print Name		Print Name
to: Prince W		Signature d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 rince William, VA 22192
Please subn	/illiam County Departme	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5
Please subn to: Prince W County Con	Villiam County Department of the Popular Court, Suite 170, P	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 rince William, VA 22192 Staff Use Only
Please subn to: Prince W County Con Project Nam	Villiam County Department of the November 170, Post of the November 17	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 rince William, VA 22192 Staff Use Only
Please subn to: Prince W County Con Project Nam Approved P	Villiam County Department of the Indian Court, Suite 170, Post of the Indian Court, Suite 170, Post of the Indian Court of the	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 rince William, VA 22192 Staff Use Only
Please subn to: Prince W County Con Project Nam Approved P Received by	Villiam County Department of the county Department of the court, Suite 170, Post of the county Department of the county D	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 erince William, VA 22192 Staff Use Only
Please subm to: Prince W County Con Project Nam Approved P Received by	Villiam County Department of the county Department of the court, Suite 170, Post of the county Department of the county D	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 erince William, VA 22192 Staff Use Only
Please submeto: Prince We County Construction Project Name Approved Peroject Name Approved by As-Built Poir	villiam County Department of Contact Information	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 rince William, VA 22192 Staff Use Only
Please submeto: Prince We County Construction Project Name Approved Peroject Name: As-Built Poir	villiam County Department of Contact Information	d transmittal and \$481.84 fee (payable to Prince William County) ent of Public Works, Environmental Management Division, 5 rince William, VA 22192 Staff Use Only





As-Built Submission Checklist:

The submitted as-built plan shall include all approved coversheets (Including revisions) with the name, address, and phone number of the preparing firm, approved site grading sheets, and approved stormwater management (SWM) and drainage computations.

Note: Construction Inspection: Inspections are needed during construction to ensure that the facilities are built in accordance with the approved plans and design specifications. The developer/owner shall provide for periodic inspections of the facility during construction. Detailed inspection checklists shall be used that include sign-offs by a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer registered in Virginia at critical stages of construction, to ensure that the contractor's interpretation of the plan is consistent with the designer's intent. The actual inspections may be performed by an individual under the direct supervision of the licensed professional [(DCSM Section 721.02 (B) (11)].

Legend: APM = Administrative Procedures Manual DCSM = Design and Construction Standards Manual

REF. Section	<u>Regulations</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	N/A
APM 4.12.2	Impervious Area Certification shall be submitted for commercial,			
	industrial and multi-family properties.			
APM 4.12.1.A.2	Horizontal location of storm sewers with one (1) tie for all storm			
	structures. All ties shall be affixed to permanent objects (i.e., building			
	corners, fire hydrant).			
APM 4.12.1B	Invert elevations (in and out) for all storm sewers, and invert of			
	structures.			
APM 4.12.1.C	Length, size, percent slope, and type of material used for all storm			
	sewer and stormwater management (703.02.B.1)			
APM 4.12.1.D	Top of structure elevation on all storm sewer structures			
APM 4.12.1.E	As-Built topography for Stormwater Management/Best Management			
	Practices, Low Impact Designs and verification of as-built storage			
	volume with the approved design.			
APM 4.12.1.F	Detailed as-built information for special design drainage and			
	stormwater management structures.			
APM 4.12.1.G	As-built elevations including centerline, cross sections and slopes of			
	channels, swales, channel outfalls, and outfall protections and			
	downstream of outfall pipes located within drainage easements. A			
	typical as-built ditch section shall be shown on the plan.			
APM 4.12.A.1.H	All dedicated easements shall be shown. The cover sheet of the plan			
	and plat shall show the deed book and page numbers in which the			
	easements are recorded.			
APM 4.12.1.I	A graphic scale and north arrow shall be shown on each as-built plan			
	sheet.			
APM 4.12.1.J	Any changes/revisions from the approved construction plan shall be			
	indicated by circling the changes in red with written explanation for			
	the changes by the engineer.			

REF. Section	Regulations	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>N/A</u>				
APM 4.12.1.K	Except for stormwater management, best management practices, and							
	the low impact designs, the as-built certification of physical survey							
	(statement is listed in APM) shall be dated within one year of							
	submission (the physical survey itself shall be within one year of							
	submission) to the County for review.							
DCSM 702.02 (A)	Provide as-built topographic survey of the overland relief for the one							
	hundred (100) year storm event.							
DCSM 702.02 (D)	Hydraulic grade line computations for as-built conditions for drainage							
	system not built according to the approved plan.							
DCSM	As-built certifications for storm sewer anchors/cut off walls added to							
702.10 (B) and (C)	the plan.							
DCSM 110.11	The as-built information (i.e., physical survey) pertaining to the							
	stormwater management facilities, best management practices and							
	low impact designs shall be current within 6 months of submission to							
	the County for review.							
DCSM 770.50 (B)	As-built location and elevations of retaining walls by the professional							
DC3IVI 770.30 (B)	engineer or land surveyor, and certification from the geotechnical							
	engineer of record.							
DCSM	SWM access road width and grade, embankment width, gate and							
721.10 (A) and (B)	fencing (721.11(A) and (B) for details).							
DCSM 722.04 (B)	An electronic spreadsheet shall be submitted with the following							
	information along with the as-built plan:							
	1. SWM/BMP Facility							
	a. SWM/BMP Facility Type							
	b. Location							
	c. Subdivision/Site Name							
	d. Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) of the receiving stream *(in							
	most cases, the HUC of the development) ("HUC"							
	means a watershed unit established in the most recent							
	version of Virginia's 6 th Order National Watershed							
	Boundary Datasheet)							
	e. Total acres treated (BMP Acres)							
	f. Year Built							
	g. Land Use (commercial, single family, industrial, etc.)							
	h. Latitude and longitude of the facility.							
	i. Maintenance (County/Private)							
	j. Copy of maintenance agreement (if applicable)							
	2. Each Outfall							
	a. Size of outfall (diameter or equivalent)							
	b. Subdivision/Site Name							
	c. Hydrologic Unit Code of the Receiving Stream							
	(development)							
	d. Drainage Area to the outfall							
	e. Year Built							
	f. Land Use							
	g. Latitude and Longitude							

Ref Section:	Regulations:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	N/A
DCSM 722.01 (C)	A completed "construction inspection and as-built survey checklist",			
	certified by a professional engineer or surveyor verifying the storm			
	water management facilities and associated conveyance systems have			
	been built in accordance with the approved plan and design			
	specifications. The completed checklist shall be incorporated in the			
	plan.			
DCSM 722.02 (J)	Copy of the recorded Stormwater Management Agreement/Best			
	Management Practices Maintenance Agreement.			
DCSM 722.02 (K)	Approved and as-built Storm Water Management fact sheets.			
	Rerouting of the pond is required if as-built conditions deviate			
	significantly from the approved plan.			
DCSM 732.01 (A)	Letter of Map Amendment or Revision from Federal Emergency			
	Management Agency.			
DCSM	The written certification shall include all geotechnical elements, but is			
770.50 (A) and (B)	not limited to, the type of material, compaction, depth and spacing of			
	piles/piers, location, length, spacing, strength and type of geogrid, and			
	ground cover to protect the slope as specified, and any other			
	stabilization measures as recommended in the approved geotechnical			
	report. The GER shall verify and certify that the final slope is in			
	accordance with the slope approved in the geotechnical report at the			
	time of as-built plan submission.			
DCSM 770.50 (C)	The Site Civil Engineer of Record (SER) or a Land Surveyor duly			
	licensed in the Commonwealth of Virginia shall provide a written			
	certification on the gradient of the constructed slope as directed by			
	County staff.			
DCSM 721.08	Setback from the 100 year WSE to the structure and the property line.			
DCSM 721.02 (B)	As-Built Certification:			
12	After the facility has been constructed, the developer shall have an as-			
	built certification conducted by a licensed land surveyor or			
	professional engineer registered in Virginia and submitted to the			
	County along with the as-built checklist and as-built plan. The as-built			
	certification verifies that the facility was installed as designed and			
	approved.			
Policy	Interior curb with spot elevations where inlets are provided			
Virginia Dam	Submit two DCR approved copies of all the documentation (i.e.			
Safety	Operation and Maintenance Plan, Inundation Zone Maps, Emergency			
Regulations	Action Plan, etc.) as well as one soft copy related to Virginia regulated			
725.00 (D)	impoundment structures to the County for its records as well as for			
. ,	facilitating emergency operations. Site finalization and final bond			
	release is subject to meeting this requirement.			





Storm Water Management (SWM) and Best Management Practices (BMP) Facility Installation:

<u>Before installation of any of these facilities commence, it is required that the Site Inspector be</u> <u>notified.</u> <u>The following criteria applies to the installation of ALL Proprietary and Non- Proprietary facilities.</u>

- Construction inspections must be made be a qualified installer under the direction of a Certified Land Surveyor in the state of VA or a Professional Engineer.
- A BMP checklist is required for each of these facilities. This checklist must be accurately
 filled out and documented in the SWPPP booklet on site. Each facility has its own specific
 applicable checklist.
- These BMP Checklists are required to be included in the As-built submission.
- Color Photo documentation is required at the various stages of construction as noted on the checklists.
- BMP Checklists are located at: https://www.pwcva.gov/department/environmentalservices/stormwater-management

Non-Proprietary Facilities Include:

- 1. Simple Disconnect.
- 2. Sheet Flow.
- 3. Grass Channel.
- 4. Soil Compost.
- 5. Vegetated Roof.
- 6. Rainwater Harvesting.
- 7. Permeable Pavement.
- 8. Infiltration.
- 9. Bio-Retention.
- 10. Dry Swale.
- 11. Wet Swale.
- 12. Filtering Practice.
- 13. Constructed Wetlands.
- 14. Wet Pond.
- 15. Extended Detention Pond. (Dry Pond).

Proprietary Facilities Include:

Filtering Manufactured De	evices				
EMC %TP Removal Efficiency*	MTD Name	N	lanufacturer [†]		
<u>20</u>	StormTank Module Debris Row	В	Brentwood Industries		
40	Aqua-Filter™ Stormwater Filtration System	A	AquaShield™, Inc.		
<u>40</u>	StormTech [®] Isolator Row™	A	StormTech - A Division of Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc.		
40	Up-Flo Filter [®] with CPZ media		Hydro International		
<u>45</u>	The Stormwater Management StormFilter® with ZPG media		Contech Engineered Solutions LLC		
<u>50</u>	BayFilter™ Stormwater Cartridge System	<u>B</u>	aysaver Technologies LLC		
<u>50</u>	Filterra Bioretention Systems	C	ontech Engineered Solutions LLC		
<u>50</u>		dular	onvergent Water Technologies, Inc.		
<u>50</u>	Jellyfish [®] Filter	C	ontech Engineered Solutions LLC		
<u>50</u>	Modular Wetland System Linear (MWS-Linear)	N	lodular Wetland Systems, Inc.		
50	Perk Filter	0	Idcastle Stormwater Solutions		
50	The Stormwater Management StormFilter® with Phosphosorb n	_	Contech Engineered Solutions LLC		
Hydrodynamic Manufactu EMC %TP Removal Efficiency*	MTD Name	Manuf	acturer [†]		
<u>20</u>	Aqua-Swirl® Stormwater Treatment System	AquaShield™, Inc.			
<u>20</u>	BaySeparator™	Baysav	Baysaver Technologies LLC		
<u>20</u>	Continuous Deflective Separator® (CDS)	Contec	ontech Engineered Solutions LLC		
<u>20</u>	Downstream Defender®	Hydro International			
<u>20</u>	Dual Vortex Separator (DVS)	Oldcastle Stormwater Solutions			
<u>20</u>	First Defense [®]	Hydro International			
<u>20</u>	Hydroguard	Hydroworks, LLC			
20	Stormceptor [®] MAX	Rinker Materials Stormceptor®			
<u>20</u>	Stormceptor® OSR	Rinker Materials Stormceptor®			
<u>20</u>	Stormceptor® STC	Rinker Materials Stormceptor®			
<u>20</u>	StormPro	Environment 21, LLC			
<u>20</u>	Stormwater Quality Unit	Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc. (ADS)			
<u>20</u>	Terre Kleen™	Terre Hill Concrete Products			
20	Hydrodynamic Separator				
<u>20</u>	V2B1	Environment 21, LLC			
<u>20</u>	The Vortechs® System	Contech Engineered Solutions LLC			
<u>25</u>	CrystalClean Separator – Single Vault	CrystalStream Technologies			



FY26 Prince William County Closed Circuit (CC) Inspection Process

- 1. A Closed Circuit (CC) inspection of the entire storm sewer system documenting no deficiencies shall occur prior to obtaining final bond release for all residential and commercial projects per County policy.
- 2. Prior to application for CC inspection, the project site must conform to conditions listed below; failure to have site ready for inspection will result in cancellation of the scheduled CC inspection. Minimum conditions include:
 - Base asphalt is laid down.
 - Storm drainage systems flushed, cleaned and free of debris.
 - All storm structures are set to their final grades-inverts, steps, tops, and grated installed.
 - All structures to be inspected must be marked in field (per approved plan) prior to inspection.
 - All stormwater management facilities are accessible via camera van vehicle and to County staff.
- 3. Once confirmation of the site's readiness for CC inspection has occurred, remit the items listed below to the Environmental Management Branch at the address below in item #4:
 - Unmarked, full-size (24"x36") copies of the approved site plan to include the most current unit price list (UPL), most current cover sheet and <u>all</u> revisions related to storm drainage systems.
 - Storm sewer profiles
 - Stormwater management plan (if applicable)
 - Application for CC inspection
 - Applicable fees

For the most current fees, please refer to the PWC Land Development Fee Schedule at the following URL: www.pwcva.gov/department/land-development-division/land-site-development-fees

- The current fee is \$3.04per linear foot in all areas to be inspected by County staff. Areas to be inspected are as follows:
 - 100% of all bonded storm sewer pipe system for Residential Subdivisions, or within County Easements or VDOT Right of Way.
 - 25% of all bonded ridged storm sewer pipe system for commercial/private projects. The 25% to be inspected is selected at the discretion of PWC EMD Site Inpections. For smaller projects with less than 250 linear feet, a minimum inspection of \$560.00 will apply.
 - 100% of all bonded flexible storm sewer pipe system for commercial/private projects.
 - 10% of UD4 underdrain pipe within the VDOT right of way.
- A separate CCTV inspection request form and fee is required for each Section and Phase of a project, especially for large subdivision developments.

- A minimum fee of \$365.50 will be assessed for inspection of storm easements totaling less than 250 linear feet on Residential properties.
- Camera Van Re-Inspection/Not Ready fee is \$365.50 per request will apply to any site
 requesting an inspection whose punch list items have not been corrected or the storm
 drainage system cannot be inspected/re-inspected due to inaccessibility, trash debris, or
 standing water in the system. The re-inspection/not ready fee must be paid in advance
 of any additional inspections.
- Subsequent inspections after the first re-inspection fee will require the minimum inspection fee of \$560.00 linear feet of pipe. Anything beyond 250 feet of pip will be charged per linear foot at the current rate of \$3.04.
- 4. Fees can be paid by cash, credit card, or check. Credit card payments can be made over the phone once we have received the application and applicable site plan sets. We do not accept American Express. Cash payments must be made in person; checks should be made payable to "Prince William County" and can be remitted by mail or in person along with the items listed in item #3 for submission to the address below:

PWC Department of Public Works Environmental Management Division 5 County Complex Court, Suite 170 Prince William, VA 22192

- 5. Upon payment of all fees and receipt of all applicable items listed in item #3, County staff will add the project to the active Camera Van job list. County staff will strive to schedule and conduct an inspection within a timely manner; punch lists will be generated based on the most current approved set of plans approved.
- 6. **Punch lists are valid for eighteen (18) months from the date of first inspection.** Within this timeframe, the developer will correct all deficiencies noted on the punch list and schedule a re-inspection of all punch list items to obtain final approval. All deficiencies should be corrected as soon as possible; waiting too long may add new items to the punch list upon re-inspection. *This initial re-inspection is included in the original fee.*
- 7. The developer shall obtain final bond release within **eighteen (18) months** from <u>initial</u> punch list date (not punch list <u>completion date)</u>. Failure to correct punch list deficiencies within the eighteen (18) month period will require the developer to begin the CCTV inspection process of the entire system **again**, including payment of all fees assessed.





FY26 Closed Circuit Storm Sewer Inspection Request Application (Effective July 1, 2025- June 30, 2026) RESIDENTIAL

LND Number:	Approved Site Plan Number:			
Approved Site Plan Name:		Section:	Phase	::
Site Address:	-			
Contact Name:	Phone N	Number:		
Email:	Fax #:			
THE FOLLOWING MUST BE PROVIDED TO SC	HEDULE A SITE INSPEC	CTION		
Most current cover sheet	One (1) set of full size (24"x36") Storm Plan/Grading Plan Shee			
All applicable revisions involving storm dra	orm drainage systems One (1) copy of most current Unit Price Li			
One (1) copy of Storm Profile Sheet	One (1) copy of the Storm Water Management Plan and Profile			lan and Profile
By signing below, I	, certify tha	at all information is accu	ırate. I have	read and
understand the CCTV process. I also certify t	that my site is ready fo	or inspection and all sto	rm drainage	pipe systems
are cleaned, flushed, and pipe inverts are in	stalled, structures for	inspection are marked	accordingly.	The CCTV
Inspection is to be scheduled within three w	reeks of application, a	nd I also certify that any	steps, tops	, or grates are
installed and ready for County staff CCTV ins	spection as of this date	e:	·	
(Printed Name)	(Signa	ture)		
	Staff Use O	nly		
ILP #	Date Scheduled:			
Calculated By:	RCPT:			
Received/Emailed Date: Site Inspection Area				
Payment amount listed in TOTAL AMOUNT I	DUE hax below:			
100% Bonded Storm Sewer Pipe (per lin			\$ 3.04]

Minimum Fee <250LF \$ 365.50 ROW - Underdrain UD4 - 10% per VDOT standard \$ 3.04 TOTAL LINEAR FOOTAGE TO BE INSPECTED TOTAL AMOUNT DUE





FY26 Closed Circuit Storm Sewer Inspection Request Application (Effective July 1, 2025- June 30, 2026) COMMERCIAL/NON-RESIDENTIAL

LND Number:	Approved Site Plan Number:				
Approved Site Plan Name:		Section:	Phase	e:	
Site Address:					
Contact Name:					
Email:	Fax #:				
THE FOLLOWING MUST BE PROVIDED TO SCH	EDULE A SITE INSPEC	TION			
Most current cover sheet	One (1) set of full size (24"x36") Storm Plan/Grading Plan Shee				
All applicable revisions involving storm drai	drainage systems One (1) copy of most current Unit Price Li				
One (1) copy of Storm Profile Sheet				lan and Profile	
By signing below, I	, certify tha	nt all information is accu	ırate. I have	read and	
understand the CCTV process. I also certify th					
are cleaned, flushed, and pipe inverts are ins		•	_		
nspection is to be scheduled within three we		•			
nstalled and ready for County staff CCTV insp				, 8	
instance and ready for estaticy stair est vinis			·		
Printed Name)		 ture)			
i ilitea Name)	(Jigila	turcj			
	Staff Use O	nly			
ILP #	Date Scheduled:				
Calculated By:					
Received/Emailed Date:		te Inspection Area			
Payment amount listed in TOTAL AMOUNT D	UE box below:				
25% bonded rigid pipe system >250LF			\$ 3.04		
Minimum Fag < 250LF			\$ 560.00]	

25% bonded rigid pipe system >250LF		\$	3.04
Minimum Fee <250LF		\$ 5	60.00
Flexible Storm Sewer Pipe - 100%		\$	3.04
ROW - Underdrain UD4 - 10% per VDOT standard		\$	3.04
TOTAL LINEAR FOOTAGE TO BE INSPECTED			
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE			





FY26 Closed Circuit Storm Sewer Inspection Request Application (Effective July 1, 2025- June 30, 2026) RE-INSPECTION

Camera Van Re-inspection / Not Ready fee of \$365.50 (per request) will apply to any site requesting an inspection whose punch list items have not been corrected or the storm drainage system cannot be inspected / re-inspected due to inaccessibility, trash, debris, or standing water in the system. The re-inspection / not ready fee must be paid in advance of any additional inspections.

Each subsequent visit after the first re-inspection will be charged the minimum of \$560.00.

NOTE: All punchlists expire within 18 months from initial inspection.

LND Number: _____ Approved Site Plan Number: _____ Approved Site Plan Name: ______Section: ____Phase: _____ Site Address: Contact Name: _____ Phone Number: _____ Email: ______ Fax #: _____ By signing below, I , certify that all information is accurate. I have read and understand the CCTV process. I also certify that my site is ready for inspection and all storm drainage pipe systems are cleaned, flushed, and pipe inverts are installed, structures for inspection are marked accordingly. The CCTV Inspection is to be scheduled within three weeks of application, and I also certify that any steps, tops, or grates are installed and ready for County staff CCTV inspection as of this date: . . (Printed Name) (Signature) Staff Use Only ILP# Date Scheduled: Calculated By: _____ RCPT: Received/Emailed Date: _____ Site Inspection Area Payment amount listed in TOTAL AMOUNT DUE box below: Date of initial inspection Reason for reinspection TOTAL AMOUNT DUE





FY26 Application for Erosion & Sediment Control Variance

As of	(date), I have conducted a quality control review on the following:		
Five (5) copies of the approve	ed site plan(s) applicable to the revision.		
Variance review fee \$464.16			
A completed variance reques	st application, signed below by the Area Site Inspector prior to Management.		
Section I – General Information			
	Applicant Name:		
E-mail Address:	Telephone #:		
Section II – Specifics of Varianc	e Request		
SITE INSPECTOR:	DEVELOPER/REPRESENTATIVE:		
Print Name (Site Inspector)	tor) Print Name (Developer/Representative)		
Signature (Site Inspector)	Signature (Developer/Representative)		
	Staff Use Only		
LND#:	Variance#:		
Project Name:	Due Date:		
Approved Plan #: Receipt #:			
Received By: Plan Reviewer:			
Recommendation: Approval Approval wit	h Condition(s)		
Condition(s):			
Signature:	Date:		





TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM FOR SEVERE WEATHER CONDITIONS

April 2021

TO:

Builders, Contractors, Developers and Engineers

FROM:

Thomas J. Smith

Director of Public Works

Purpose: "Construction Site Readiness" before Intense Summer Thunderstorms

Prince William County is providing guidelines for active construction sites to take actions ahead of intense summer thunderstorms, which may cause extensive flooding and severe erosion from construction projects. This policy applies to "construction site readiness" before an anticipated large storm event that has the potential to overwhelm onsite erosion controls, particularly when Special Weather Statements are issued from National Weather Service on severe weather conditions, and before any imminent large storm event. The hurricane season generally extends from June 1 through November 30. Please share this document with your construction superintendents to prepare their active construction sites in advance of imminent large storm events.

Recommendations:

- 1) Apply appropriate Erosion & Sediment (E&S) Control measures, such as, check dams, diversion ditches, pipe slope drains, sediment traps, etc., in areas of concentrated flow onsite.
- 2) Seed and mulch denuded areas, which are not at final grade or ready for permanent stabilization. This will reduce the effect of accelerated erosion.
- 3) Install check dams in drainage areas or ditches with steep slopes to protect drainage channels or swales from scouring. (recommendations do not apply to existing roadside ditches or live streams).
- 4) Place additional riprap in outfall areas as needed. Inspect the sediment basin and sediment trap outfall protection. Inspect permanent structure wingwalls and apply riprap as needed.
- 5) Install additional silt fence or super silt fence, as necessary. Strengthen perimeter controls.

Technical Memorandum for Severe Weather Conditions Page Two

- 6) Inspect Stormwater Management Pond structures and orifices to remove any debris which may prevent designed dewatering of the pond.
- 7) Perform maintenance on sediment basins and traps, to include desilting, stabilizing the embankment and dewatering to increase the basin storage capacity.
- 8) Remove any storm sewer inlet protection temporarily, which may cause flooding to a street or personal property. Reinstall after the storm event.

You should work and consult with your assigned County's E&S Inspector to ensure construction sites are in full compliance with E&S requirements and are ready for severe weather events.





Fall Stabilization Memorandum:

September 1, 2022

TO: Developers, Engineers, Contractors, Builders and RLD's

FROM: Robert Cook / Shawn Wray /Stefan Gitchev

Site Inspection Supervisors

RE: Stabilization of Denuded Areas during Fall and Winter

The purpose of this memorandum is to request your cooperation to stabilize all denuded areas during the fall and winter seasons.

In order to prevent soil erosion and reduce silt from entering our rivers and streams, you are required to stabilize all denuded areas as soon as final grades are reached or when these areas will be left denuded for 14 days or more.

The Design and Construction Standards Manual (DCSM) Section 751.01 (I) requires that "I. Permanent or temporary soil stabilization shall be applied to denuded areas within seven (7) days after final grading is reached on any portion of the site. Temporary soil stabilization shall be applied within seven (7) days to denuded areas that may not be at final grade but will remain dormant for longer than fourteen (14) days. Except for that portion of the site which work will be continuous beyond fourteen (14) days. Permanent soil stabilization shall be applied to areas that are to be left dormant for more than six (6) months. For winter stabilization, any area denuded for more than fourteen (14) days after November 1 and before March 1 shall be mulched and seeded appropriate to the season and site conditions. Preparation of areas for permanent stabilization shall be performed in accordance with standard specification No. 3.32 of the Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook and per the Erosion and Sediment Control Law, Title 62.1, Chapter 3.1, Article 2.4 of the Code of Virginia.

Following these regulations will save you time, money and protect our streams!

If you have any questions, contact Environmental Management Division at (703) 792-7070.

Prince William County Site Inspectors will strictly enforce these regulations!





Checklist for Final Inspection and Bond/Escrow Release:

- 1. Streets dedicated to public use (VDOT maintained streets) must be approved and accepted by VDOT prior to final inspection and release of Performance Bond by County. Contact the Transportation Site Inspector for documentation requirements and scheduling with VDOT.
- 2. Perform self-inspection to ensure all project items are in compliance before contacting the PWC-EMD & PWC-DOT Site Inspectors for final inspection. Notify Homeowners Association (if applicable) of impending bond release. Ensure all proffers have been met, this will be verified by County staff.
- 3. The Environmental Management Site Inspector will provide instructions for submission of as-builts, record plats and Impervious Area Calculations for review by County staff. For commercial projects, (a) Stormwater Management maintenance agreement(s) must be filed (where required).
- 4. Schedule a final inspection with the PWC-EMD & PWC-DOT Site Inspectors. Site inspection to include, but not limited to:
 - Inspection of all Storm Sewer and Stormwater Management systems. These systems need to be flushed and cleaned prior to inspection.
 - Inspection of all required landscaping, buffers, conservation area, etc. All plantings must be in place and alive prior to inspection.
 - Inspection of all common areas, slopes, etc. for adequate stabilization and vegetative cover significant enough to prevent erosion.
 - Inspection of concrete and asphalt by County with damaged areas marked for repair.
 - All streetlights, signs and striping must be properly installed and functional.
 - All retaining walls and/or structures requiring special inspection by Critical Structures of Prince William County Department of Development Services need to be inspected and approved. Proof required.

Deficient items will be noted on a punch list, which is valid for ninety (90) days, after which a reinspection of items will be scheduled.

- 5. All public water and sewer must be finaled by the appropriate agency (PW Water, Virginia American Water) prior to any final or bond release by Prince William County.
- 6. On receiving PWC final approval & recommendation of bond release, provide inspector with four (4) copies of the County approved, stamped as-built, and-four (4) copies of the record plat. A final sign-off will be given to the developer and a copy sent to the Bond Administrator to facilitate the release of Performance Bonds.

Bonds and Escrows will not be considered for release until all required sign-offs are received by the Bond Administrator.

Flowchart for Final Inspection and Bond/Escrow Release:

This flowchart will be updated shortly. Please contact your PWC-EMD or PWC-DOT Site Inspector for the current procedures.

